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Austria ..... 8 S.
Belgium ..... 14 B.Fr
Denmark ..... 2.25 D.Kr
Eire (Inc. tax) ..... 11 P.
Finland ..... 1.40 F.M
France ..... 1.50 Fr
Germany ..... 1 D.M.
Great Britain ..... 10 P
Greece ..... 12 Drs.
India ..... Rs 3.75
Iran ..... 75 Rials
Italy ..... 200 Lire
Israel ..... 1.5' 40'
Lebanon ..... 90 P
Luxembourg ..... 14 L.Fr.
Morocco ..... 1.50 Dr.
Netherlands ..... 1 Flor.
Nigeria 45
Norway ..... 2.25 N Kr.
Portugal ..... 8 Esc.
Spain ..... 18 P'ds.
Sweden ..... 1.75 S Kr.
Switzerland ..... 1.20 S.Fr.
Turkey T.25
U S Military (Eur.) 50.25
Yugoslavia ..... 6 D.

...T'S WEATHER FORECAST — PARIS: ... Temp. 14-8 (57-46). Tomorrow cloudy. ...y's temp. 9-3 (48-37). LONDON: Dry and ... Temp. 13-11 (55-52). Tomorrow sunny. ...y's temp. 10-3 (50-37). CHANNEL: Mod... SOMME: Fair. Temp. 10-10 (51-50). NICE: Cloudy. Temp. 19-7 (66-45). Yesterday's ...2 (49-36).
...DITIONAL WEATHER—PAGE 5



Associated Press.

5 YEARS—James W. McCord (right), former security chief for President Nixon's ction committee, and one of the first to agree to testify in the Watergate af- with his lawyer in Washington Friday after being sentenced by Judge Sirica.

Hunt Gets 2½ Years, 5 Others Less

...5 Watergate Burglars Sentenced

By Robert Sher

...HINGTON, Nov. 9 (IHT).—Judge John J. Sirica to- ...tenced E. Howard Hunt jr. ...dimum of 2 1/2 years in ... for his part in the Water- ...burglary and handed down ...terms to five other Water- ...efendants. The men could ...been given terms of up to ...rs.

...another Watergate-related ...ment, Federal Judge Ger- ...A. Gesell agreed to rule on ...ality of the firing of special- ...pate prosecutor Archibald ...ad gave government attor- ...until Monday night to sub- ...gal arguments.

...Cox was fired on Oct. 20 ...fusing to accept a com- ...e involving the release of ...1 accounts of nine sub- ...d Watergate tapes to the ...Watergate committee and ...lge Sirica in conjunction ...presidential order that he ...ll further efforts to obtain ...White House tapes and ...nts.

...suit was brought by Ralph ... and three Democratic ...rs of Congress, Rep. Bella ...ig, N. Y., Rep. Jerome R. ... Calif., and Sen. Frank E. ...Utah, on the grounds that ...a congressional agreement ...rmer Attorney General El- ...Richardson, Mr. Cox could ...e fired for "extraordinary ...rieties" while in office. Mr. ...dson and his aide, William ...ckelshaus, both left office ...than fire Mr. Cox.

...preliminary hearing, gov- ...ernment attorneys had conceded that the former prosecutor had not committed such improprieties and was fired solely because President Nixon ordered it.

The aim of the suit was to force the acting attorney general, Robert H. Bork, the man who actually fired Mr. Cox, to reinstate the prosecutor. Mr. Nader's attorney said after the preliminary hearings that, even if Mr. Cox did not return, a ruling that his firing was illegal would provide "job security" to his successor, Leon Jaworski.

At the hearing, Judge Gesell ruled that Mr. Nader did not have standing to sue but that the members of Congress did.

He carefully defined the case as one which did not deal with presidential authority but only with the authority of the acting attorney general.

Meanwhile, President Nixon met with Republican congressional leaders to discuss how Mr. Nixon could cope with the "breach of confidence" in the nation, one of the leaders reported.

The unannounced meeting was described by Rep. John B. Anderson, R., Ill., as a "very frank, free-wheeling discussion" that left him heartened that the President

(Continued on Page 3, Col. 1)

...nsfield Thinks ...on Will Serve ...il Term's End

...HINGTON, Nov. 9 (IHT).—Senate majority leader Mansfield, D., Mont., said ay he believed President would serve out the re- ...r of his term and that he ...t think Mr. Nixon should ...

...nkly, I don't see what can ...ned by the President re- ..., and I don't advocate it," ...lansfield said in an inter- ...rith the newspaper News- ...People would just be left ...e to their own conclusions ... the allegations concerning ...sident."

...urged instead that the ... press on with its investi- ... of the President, which ...d affords the best way of ...g at a definite and official ...sion about the propriety of ...xon's actions as President.

PAGE 3 FOR MORE

...ow Tumbles ...24.24 Points ...On NYSE

...W YORK, Nov. 9 (IHT).—...reasing fears of the ef- ... of the energy crisis on ...U. S. economy caused the ... Jones industrial average ...ump 24.24 points on the ... York Stock Exchange ...y.

...was the biggest single-day ...ne since the Cuban mis- ...crisis on May 28, 1962, ...n the Dow fell 34.95. ...ails on Page 9.)

Izvestia Publishes Note

Peking Tells Russia It Hopes For Peaceful Border Solution

MOSCOW, Nov. 9 (Reuters).—China has told the Soviet Union it hopes for re-establishment of good relations between the two countries through a peaceful solution of their border problems, it was revealed here tonight.

The Chinese statement was contained in a message from the standing committee of the Peking parliament and the State Council to the Presidium of the Supreme Soviet, the Soviet legislature, to mark the 56th anniversary of the 1917 Bolshevik Revolution. Russia celebrated the anniversary on Wednesday and yesterday.

"The Chinese people and the Soviet people have always lived and still live in friendship," said the message, published in the Soviet government newspaper, Izvestia.

"China stands unshakably in favor of the position that quarrels between China and the Soviet Union over problems of principle should not hinder the normalization of relations between the two countries on the basis of the ... principles of peaceful coexistence," the message declared.

Threats Excluded

"The border questions existing between China and the Soviet Union should be solved peacefully through talks in conditions which exclude any threats so that friendly and good-neighborly relations between the two countries can be re-established," it said.

"That is the deep desire of both the Chinese and the Soviet peoples. The Chinese government will continue to apply it's efforts to that end," the message said.

But despite the apparently neutral wording of the message, observers here said it indicated no change in the positions of either side in the long-standing quarrel over their frontiers.

Talks have been continuing intermittently for four years, but recently both sides have stepped up verbal attacks on each other. The Soviet Union said in September that it had offered China a nonaggression treaty but had received no reply to the proposal.

Chinese Premier Chou En-lai said last month the Russians had twice proposed a nonaggression pact, but said that a 1969 agreement he made with Soviet Premier Alexei N. Kosygin had included avoiding "armed clashes" in border regions. He said Moscow proposed the pact "to drag the matter on" without a settlement.

The text of this year's message, apart from the specific reference to the border dispute, closely followed that of last year's congratulatory telegram, although several lines praising the revolutionary struggle of the Soviet people were left out.

Kissinger Due in Peking

TOKYO, Nov. 9 (AP).—Secretary of State Henry A. Kissinger will arrive in China tomorrow at a time of "severe Chinese criticism of Russian-American cooperation in solving the Mideast problem," the Kyodo news agency of Japan said today in a dispatch from Peking.

"It is generally anticipated that relations between the United States and China will further be strengthened" by the visit, the Peking dispatch said.

Brandt Gives Warning to Arabs on Oil

BONN, Nov. 9 (AP).—Facing an Arab oil squeeze with sweeping new powers to conserve fuel, Chancellor Willy Brandt today emphasized West German friendship for Israel and warned Arab leaders against "threats and extortion."

Clearly aiming to dispel any impression that Bonn's participation in a joint Common Market resolution on the Middle East has changed the emphasis of its neutral stance in the face of the Arab oil threat, Mr. Brandt recalled the moral debt of Nazi persecution of the Jews.

He declared: "My undertaking that our relations with Israel have a special character remains unaffected. Nobody can expect us to deceive ourselves over our own history."

The statement was made in a key Middle East policy speech delivered to parliament's upper house shortly before legislators approved a law giving him blanket authority to take whatever steps are necessary to conserve fuel for Western Europe's biggest oil-using country.

Under the law the government could: save up to 15 percent on oil by banning driving on weekends and public holidays; impose speed limits of 80 kilometers an hour on state roads and 100 kilometers an hour on superhighways; ban certain nonessential classes of car and truck traffic; ration gasoline, heating oil and other fuel; order substitution of coke fuel for oil in industry wherever possible to save about 11.5 million tons of oil a year and impose a ceiling on oil prices.

The government has warned that the Arab cutback could reduce West German oil imports by 15 percent by the month's end. The government says it has three months of oil reserves.

The government has indicated it might reduce electricity from oil-powered generators to all users except hospitals, schools and other vital services.

"Threats and extortion can make an impression for a limited period, but one cannot make friends that way," Mr. Brandt warned leaders of Arab countries, which supply 70 percent of West German oil imports.

Mr. Brandt spoke four days after European Economic Community ministers in Brussels adopted a British and French-inspired resolution—widely seen as a bid to conciliate Arab oil producers—calling for a Mideast settlement along somewhat more pro-Arab lines than Bonn's neutral line.

West Germany refuses to "hide behind Europe," Mr. Brandt declared.

He noted that some Common Market members unavoidably "had to surrender this or that accent which they themselves

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 5)

Israel Delays on Full Accord, Asks Peace Plan Clarification

Mideast Crisis Undercuts Atlantic Talks

Europe Cools to U.S. Proposals

By Paul Kemezis

BRUSSELS, Nov. 9 (NYT).—The Middle East crisis has reinforced Western European opposition to American efforts to insert the words "interdependence" and "partnership" into a proposed joint declaration on relations between the United States and the European Economic Community, according to diplomatic sources here.

Those ideas were stressed in an American draft, which modifies a European proposal by calling for the development of new "consultative and cooperative arrangements" between the United States and the Common Market. The modified draft, a copy of which has been obtained by The New York Times, was handed to the Europeans Sept. 29.

The Europeans, who have sought all along to play down the importance of special relations with the United States, had presented their proposal for the joint declaration on Sept. 20. Calling for recognition of the Common Market's intention to act as a "distinct entity" in world affairs, it had urged cooperation "on the basis of equality."

While the Common Market countries had been unenthusiastic about the American suggestions even before hostilities erupted in the Middle East on Oct. 6, they have reportedly displayed a decidedly cool attitude toward them since.

At the same time, the Middle East crisis was said to have had a stronger effect on the preparation of a companion document, a declaration of principles for the North Atlantic Treaty Organization.

Diplomats here said that alliance members, in informal contacts, decided at the suggestion of the French to suspend joint work on this declaration on Oct 26. That was the day after President Nixon put American forces on a worldwide alert, without consulting his allies, to meet what he described as a Soviet threat in the Middle East.

The decision to suspend work, it was noted, was made on the day that President Nixon and

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 3)

Egypt Agrees To 6-Point Proposal

From Wire Dispatches

TEL AVIV, Nov. 9.—Israel announced today its agreement in principle to the U.S.-negotiated compromise peace solution for the Middle East, but said it was seeking more clarifications from Washington.

After a 3 1/2-hour special cabinet session, Premier Golda Meir's government issued a communiqué saying:

"Israel's positive decision in principle toward the signature of a cease-fire agreement with Egypt remains in force. There will be further contacts with the U.S. government on this matter."

The communiqué thereby apparently ruled out any immediate total acceptance of the plan of Secretary of State Henry A. Kissinger or any signing ceremony later in the day on the Cairo-Suez highway.

● The text of Kissinger's letter to UN chief on Mideast peace compromise is on Page 2.

Diplomatic sources said that throughout the evening, Mrs. Meir was communicating with Washington and Mr. Kissinger through the U.S. Embassy in a last-ditch effort to clear the roadblocks. But it became clear that more clarifications were necessary and the cabinet decided to adjourn to take up the matter in the morning.

Mr. Kissinger and the White House had announced Israel's acceptance of the plan. But indications that the Jewish state had reservations about it emerged when no simultaneous communiqué was issued in Tel Aviv along with Washington's and Cairo's version.

Government sources said Mrs. Meir's government apparently was concerned first and foremost that the agreement contained no announcement that the Egyptian blockade of the Bab el Mandeb Straits would be lifted.

There were said to be two other lesser but also important Israeli objections:

● That the text of the Kissinger statement contained a reference to Israel withdrawing to the Oct. 22 cease-fire line. Mrs. Meir has contended that no one can say where that line is.

● That Israel would give up all of its checkpoints along the Cairo-Suez highway to United Nations forces and would be allowed to have officers only at the last one at the Suez Canal to check the nonmilitary status of supplies reaching the Egyptian Third Army.

Government sources said that Israel had understood that the agreement would include a lifting of the blockade of the straits, Israel's outlet to Asia, and would not commit the Jewish state to withdraw to the Oct. 22 lines.

After the cabinet broke up in the early hours of the morning, a statement was issued which said:

"At a cabinet meeting tonight the prime minister reported on her conversation with the U.S. ambassador [Kenneth B. Keating] concerning the agreement

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 1)



Associated Press.

FINANCE MINISTERS—France's Valéry Giscard d'Estaing (center) talking with Britain's Anthony Barber (left) and Belgium's Willy Declercq at the Brussels EEC headquarters.

Proposed by Giscard d'Estaing

EEC Accepts Anti-Inflation Plan

By David Haworth

BRUSSELS, Nov. 9 (IHT).—A five-point emergency program to counteract inflation was presented by French Finance Minister Valéry Giscard d'Estaing at a meeting of Common Market finance ministers here today and accepted in principle by other member countries.

"We are at a turning point in the community's fight against inflation," Mr. Giscard d'Estaing declared. "The EEC's earlier efforts to combat inflation have not succeeded."

He recommended higher taxation to absorb excessive liquidity in the nine-member organization and a reduction of public expenditure by community governments.

In addition, he said, there should be government measures to increase private savings, freer imports to increase competition and guidelines to establish a prices and incomes policy the overall objectives of which could be endorsed by each member government.

These suggestions were put forward in the context of the third annual review by EEC ministers of the community's economic situation.

Last year, the community set 4 percent as its target of "acceptable" inflation, but this rate has been more than doubled in any assessment of the average inflation rate in the Common Market.

No serious dissent met the French minister's view that direct action should be taken. Mr. Giscard d'Estaing also said that the U.S. balance of payments had improved, farm prices had steadied and a measure of price stabilization had been noted throughout the Common Market.

Sharp Price Rise

However, he added, the price of fuel is going to rise significantly in the coming months as a result of the Middle East war and there is still excessive liquidity.

The nine ministers agreed to wage a more closely coordinated fight against inflation. The European Commission was told to prepare a full report incorporating as far as possible the French proposals, which will be discussed by the next meeting of EEC finance ministers early in December. The ministers want to reach agreement on the plan at that meeting so that it may be endorsed at the EEC summit meeting in Copenhagen Dec. 14. They hope that the first effects of the plan could be felt by next spring.

However, the ministers agreed that the EEC goal must be to coordinate national measures against inflation rather than adopt identical ones.

The ministers' final communiqué said: "As the fight against inflation goes on, more attention must be given to the question of achieving a fair division of sacrifices in the common interest, particularly to protect the economically weakest sections of the population."

The ministers also discussed the EEC's timetable for economic and monetary union and whether the community should go ahead with the second stage of the union—even though the first stage has been unsuccessful.

It was agreed that this failure should be overlooked and that the starting date for Phase-2, Jan. 1, 1974, mandated by last year's EEC summit meeting in Paris, should be observed.



United Press International.

RARE PUBLIC APPEARANCE—President Nixon being kissed by his wife, Pat, during a dinner given by the Nevada State Society in honor of the First Lady and two other women in Washington on Thursday. The President's surprise visit startled the 800 guests who had just been seated. He spoke briefly, telling how his aging mother had once told him, during an earlier crisis in his career, "Richard, don't give up."

Soviet Press Fails to Mention U.S.-Shaped Mideast Accord

By Robert G. Kaiser

MOSCOW, Nov. 9 (WP).—The Soviet news media tonight failed to note the apparent agreement on a formal Mideast cease-fire, one of several signs that Moscow is uneasy about American peacemaking efforts in the Middle East.

As of midnight, Moscow time, the Soviet news agency Tass had not carried any news of Egypt's acceptance of the cease-fire formula proposed by Secretary of State Henry A. Kissinger.

The first edition of Pravda, the Soviet government newspaper, carried no news of the agreement.

Soviet sources have indicated displeasure with Mr. Kissinger's unilateral peace mission to the Middle East, saying that any meaningful negotiations must include the Soviet Union.

Mr. Kissinger's trip through the Middle East, diplomatic sources here noted, emphasized America's ability to deal with both sides in the Arab-Israeli conflict, an ability Moscow does not share. The Russians have no relations with Israel and have taken such a strong anti-Israeli position in recent years that they could not realistically hope to play any mediating role in the current situation.

Diplomats Disagree

Diplomats here disagreed about how the Russians may regard Mr. Kissinger's trip. Some thought they would be pleased that the Americans seem to be pressuring Israel to make compromises with the Arabs.

Other diplomats said that, although the Russians would welcome the results of U.S. efforts, they would be unhappy that Mr. Kissinger's initiative was so successful without their direct participation.

Mr. Kissinger's apparent success on his whirlwind Mideast tour underlines the ambiguous relationship between Moscow and Washington after the latest Mideast war. Although both superpowers cooperated on a preliminary cease-fire to end the fighting, they do not share identical interest in working out a peace settlement.

Egypt Agrees to 6-Point Proposal

Israel Delays on Full Accord, Asks Peace Plan Clarification

(Continued from Page 1)

between Israel, Egypt and the United States regarding the cease-fire arrangements on the Egyptian front.

"Major General Aharon Yariv reported on his talks with representatives of Egypt. The articles of the agreement were discussed.

"Israel's positive decision in principle toward a signature of a cease-fire agreement with Egypt remains in force. There will be further contact with representatives of the U.S. government on this matter."

In Cairo, Egypt said today Israel would be "wasting its time" if it attempted to make additions to the six-point agreement for stabilizing the cease-fire.

Officials charged Israel was placing obstacles in the way of agreement and attempting to disown the text to which it had given its blessing earlier.

Egypt announced late tonight that it had accepted the agreement intended to pave the way for negotiations to reach a permanent settlement in the Middle East. This came three hours after the original time set for announcing the plan had passed, and after Washington had announced the agreement.

Concern about the future of the agreement developed here earlier today when a military spokesman reported that an Israeli aircraft had been shot down by an Egyptian missile while on a reconnaissance flight over the Suez front. Cairo, however, reported its forces had shot down two Israeli aircraft.

Although this was the first report of an Israeli plane being shot down since the Middle East cease-fire came into effect 2 1/2 weeks ago, official circles here seemed inclined not to play up the incident.

The Washington announcement of the agreement did not mention the Bab el Mandeb blockade, but informed sources said this was no surprise.

They said Egypt had never admitted that the blockade existed and that Israel's understanding was that, if everything else worked out, it would fade away without any public statement by either side.

In Washington, President Nixon today welcomed the six-point plan and pledged that the United States would not impose a big-power settlement on the Middle East.

The text of the agreement submitted by Mr. Kissinger to United Nations Secretary-General Kurt Waldheim said that Egypt and Israel had reached agreement on these points:

- Egypt and Israel agree to observe scrupulously the cease-fire called for by the UN Security Council.
- Both sides agree that discussion between them will begin immediately to settle the question of the return to the Oct. 22 positions in the framework of agreement on the disengagement and separation of forces under the auspices of the UN.
- The town of Suez will receive daily supplies of food, water and medicine. All wounded civilians in the town of Suez will be evacuated.
- There shall be no impediment to the movement of nonmilitary supplies to the east bank.
- The Israeli checkpoints on the Cairo-Suez road will be replaced by UN checkpoints. At the Suez end of the road, Israeli officers can participate with the UN to supervise the nonmilitary nature of the cargo at the bank of the canal.
- As soon as the UN checkpoints are established on the Cairo-Suez road, there will be an exchange of all prisoners of war, including wounded.

The influential Egyptian newspaper Al Ahram said in an editorial today that the next stage was for Mr. Waldheim to convene a peace conference. The newspaper said this would probably be held in Geneva under the auspices of the Security Council and guaranteed by the United States and the Soviet Union.

Peacekeeping Force

At the UN in New York, Mr. Waldheim was reported today to have been given a go-ahead by the Security Council to add 36 Soviet officers and 28 more Americans to the truce supervision organization in the Middle East.

Informed sources said that expected Chinese opposition to the move had failed to gather strength. Ambassador Huang Hua was said to have refrained from asking for a full meeting of the council to debate the proposal.

The Security Council agreed a week ago that Canadians and Poles should provide the support troops for the UN force. The Soviet Union had sought this all along but the United States resisted until the last the inclusion of Warsaw Pact troops in the force.

A total of 1,483 officers and men are on duty with the UN force today, a spokesman said. He said that an announcement would be made within a few days on the contingents available from Nepal, Indonesia, Ghana, Panama and Peru, which the council authorized to send troops.

In a statement today, Mr. Waldheim said he welcomed the Egyptian and Israeli acceptance of the agreement, and added: "I wish to express my warm appreciation to the Secretary of State of the United States, Dr. Kissinger, and to the governments concerned who have made possible this very important step forward toward peace in the Middle East."

Cairo Claims 2 Planes

Reporting on today's air action, Egypt said its forces had shot down two Israeli Phantom jets over the west bank of the Suez Canal only hours before official announcements were made on acceptance of a new peace formula.

The Egyptian military spokesman said Egyptian air defense missiles shot down the jets as they tried to attack Egyptian positions on the west bank. He said the two pilots were captured and that one of them was seriously wounded.

An Israeli military spokesman said tonight that apart from the shooting down of an Israeli plane there had been sporadic, mainly small-arms fire along the Suez Canal and on the Syrian front during the day.

The shooting in Sinai occurred when Egyptian troop movements were observed about six miles east of the canal in the Gidi sector.

The spokesman said the Egyptians advanced during the night. When this was discovered in the morning, Israeli troops fired warning shots and they withdrew.

There was intermittent small-arms fire on the Syrian front beginning early this morning, with the Syrians opening fire on an Israeli patrol moving inside the Israeli-controlled perimeter, the spokesman said.

Israel initially refrained from returning the fire, but replied with small-arms fire when the Syrians used mortars.

Schlesinger: Rift in NATO Seems Healed

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9 (UPI).—Defense Secretary James R. Schlesinger said yesterday that the rift between America and its European allies over Middle East policies has apparently healed. He said the United States no longer feels it might have to remove its tanks from West Germany.

Talking with newsmen after his return from a North Atlantic Treaty Organization meeting, he said both the United States and the Europeans had given ground to head off a potentially serious split in the alliance.

Negotiations conducted during the meeting "underscored the need for closer consultations" among the allies, Mr. Schlesinger said. European NATO members had said they were not adequately consulted during the latest Middle East crisis.

In return, Mr. Schlesinger said, there now appears to be "an understanding among the allies of U.S. objectives in the Middle East" and of the reason why other NATO members were not notified about the worldwide U.S. military alert ordered when it was feared the Soviet Union might be sending troops to Egypt.

Before Mr. Schlesinger left for the meeting in the Netherlands, a senior defense official said West German protests over the shipment of U.S. tanks from that country to Israel might force the United States to store the tanks elsewhere.

Asked about this after his return, Mr. Schlesinger said, "We are not thinking about that at this time."

Brandt Warning

BONN, Nov. 9 (UPI).—Chancellor Willy Brandt said today he is convinced that only mistrust can endanger the German-American alliance, although he added that certain misunderstandings did raise tempers during the recent Middle Eastern war.

"In truth, I can see only one danger to the Atlantic Alliance and to German-American cooperation, and that is mistrust, which no one on either this side or the other side of the ocean must carelessly stir up," Mr. Brandt told parliament. "I appeal to the sense of responsibility of all participants."

WEATHER

	C	F	
ALGARVE	18	64	Cloudy
AMSTERDAM	8	46	Overcast
ANKARA	13	55	Fair
ATHENS	20	68	Cloudy
BEIRUT	22	72	Fair
BELGRADE	6	43	Cloudy
BERLIN	3	37	Overcast
BRUSSELS	3	37	Overcast
BUDAPEST	8	46	Cloudy
CAIRO	14	57	Fair
CASABLANCA	19	66	Cloudy
COPENHAGEN	10	50	Rain
COSTA DEL SOL	22	72	Cloudy
DUBLIN	13	55	Rain
EDINBURGH	10	50	Cloudy
FLORENCE	15	59	Overcast
FRANKFURT	7	45	Rain
GENEVA	6	43	Cloudy
ISTANBUL	15	59	Cloudy
LAS PALMAS	22	72	Sunny
LISBON	14	57	Fair
LONDON	12	54	Cloudy
MADRID	4	39	Fair
MILAN	11	52	Cloudy
MONTREAL	—1	30	Cloudy
MOSCOW	—1	30	Cloudy
MUNICH	7	45	Rain
NEW YORK	5	41	Sunny
NICE	17	63	Fair
OSLO	4	39	Cloudy
PARIS	13	55	Cloudy
PRAGUE	10	50	Cloudy
ROME	9	48	Sunny
SOFIA	1	34	Snow
STOCKHOLM	9	48	Sunny
TEHRAN	12	54	Fair
TEL AVIV	18	64	Fair
TUNIS	15	59	Cloudy
VENICE	12	54	Cloudy
VIENNA	7	45	Rain
WARSAW	7	45	Rain
WASHINGTON	8	47	Cloudy
ZURICH	8	47	Clouds

(Yesterday's readings: U.S., Canada at 1700 GMT, others at 1200 GMT.)



United Press International.

PEACE LIFT—Giant Soviet transport plane taking on a load of Finnish trucks in Helsinki that are destined for the UN troops stationed in the Suez Canal area.

Text of Kissinger's Letter To UN on Peace Compromise

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9 (AP).—The text of Secretary of State Henry A. Kissinger's letter to UN Secretary-General Kurt Waldheim disclosing the Israeli-Egyptian agreement on the Middle East:

Dear Mr. Secretary-General:

I have the honor to inform you that the governments of Egypt and Israel are prepared to accept the following agreement which implements Article 1 of the United Nations Security Council Resolution 338 and Article 1 of the United Nations Security Council Resolution 339.

The text of this agreement is as follows:

1. Egypt and Israel agree to observe scrupulously the cease-fire called for by the UN Security Council.

2. Both sides agree that discussions between them will begin immediately to settle the question of the return to the Oct. 22 positions in the framework of agreement on the disengagement and separation of forces under the auspices of the UN.

3. The town of Suez will receive daily supplies of food, water and medicine. All wounded civilians in the town of Suez will be evacuated.

4. There shall be no impediment to the movement of nonmilitary supplies to the east bank.

5. The Israeli checkpoints on the Cairo-Suez road will be replaced by UN checkpoints. At the Suez end of the road, Israeli officers can participate with the UN to supervise the nonmilitary nature of the cargo at the bank of the canal.

6. As soon as the UN checkpoints are established on the Cairo-Suez road, there will be an exchange of all POWs, including wounded.

It has been agreed by the two parties that they will hold a meeting under the auspices of the United Nations commander at the usual place [kilometer 109 on the Suez-Cairo road] to sign this agreement and to provide for its implementation. I would be most grateful if you would take appropriate steps to insure that a meeting is held on Saturday, Nov. 10, 1973, or at such other time as may be mutually convenient for representatives of the parties to take the appropriate steps.

We intend to announce publicly the agreement at noon New York time, on Friday, Nov. 9, 1973.

Best regards,
Henry A. Kissinger.

Opposition Growing in Europe To U.S. Ideas on Atlantic Ties

(Continued from Page 1)

the Defense and State Departments were chastising the Europeans for withholding support that the United States wanted in its actions on behalf of Israel.

While the preparation of the NATO document remained suspended for the time being, Foreign Ministry officials of the nine Common Market countries were scheduled to meet in Copenhagen next week to continue their examination of the American revisions in their draft.

Since eight of the Common Market members also belong to NATO, they were involved in both declarations. The ninth, Ireland, which is not a member of the alliance, was dealing only with the market document.

Interest Waning

While the eventual European attitude on continuing work on the documents has not yet emerged, diplomats here have made it clear that the climate has changed and that interest in the declarations was dropping among Common Market members.

The Europeans originally presented a draft to the United States Sept. 19 calling for recognition of the Common Market's intention to act as a "distinct entity" in world affairs and proposing cooperation "on the basis of equality."

The American draft was handed to the Europeans during a meeting in Copenhagen on Sept. 29 by Walter J. Stoessel jr., assistant secretary of state for European affairs.

While based on the Common Market draft, the American version goes much further in stressing the view that the United States and Western Europe are interdependent and that there was a need to create new channels of Atlantic cooperation.

In a note accompanying the American version, Mr. Stoessel said the Common Market draft was "very thin," adding that it should "reflect better the realities of our common concerns and our intention to deal meaningfully with them on a common basis."

The revision proposed by the United States included numerous references to such concepts as "partnership," "faithfulness to alliance arrangements" and "consultative and cooperative arrangements"—language that had been studiously avoided by the Europeans because of its implication of a special Atlantic relationship.

Mr. Stoessel complained that the Common Market draft dealt largely with Atlantic relations with the rest of the world and that there was "little operative language" in it on the principles that were to guide the relations of the Market and the United States.

While the United States draft made no direct mention of American desires for Europe to bear an increased share of the economic cost of the allied defense effort, it said NATO defenses supported the growth of European unity.

Sir Alec Drops Italy Trip

LONDON, Nov. 9 (AP).—Foreign Secretary Sir Alec Douglas-Home, 70, today canceled an official visit to Italy after being stricken with a heavy cough and cold. Physicians confined the former prime minister to his bed at his residence on the outskirts of London. He was to have gone to Rome Sunday.

Tanker Rerouted; Tried to Unload Gas at Rotterdam

ROTTERDAM, Nov. 9 (Reuters).—An Italian tanker was tonight heading for Antwerp, Belgium, after Algerian officials here had enforced their government's anti-Dutch oil embargo by ordering it to reload gasoline pumped ashore here.

Two Algerian oil officials boarded the 18,020-ton Conegliano last night soon after it had started unloading its 16,000-ton cargo. Dutch shipping sources said.

They said the men, representatives of the Algerian national oil products association Sonatrach, demanded that the Italian captain have the gasoline pumped back into his ship's holds.

But 2,000 tons had already been pumped into two boats which set off for West Germany and were beyond recall.

A ship company spokesman, announcing the tanker's new destination, said today that the gasoline was meant for West German buyers at Hamburg, but lack of storage space there forced the ship captain to change his destination to Rotterdam.

Open Way for Brandt Trip, Normal Ties

Bonn, Prague Settle Their Dispute Over Berlin

By John M. Goshko

BONN, Nov. 9 (WP).—West Germany and Czechoslovakia revealed today that they have resolved their dispute over Berlin, thereby opening the way for Chancellor Willy Brandt to visit Prague and sign the long-awaited treaty establishing normal relations between the two countries.

At a press conference here, West German Foreign Ministry spokesman Ruediger von Pachelbel confirmed that the impasse had been broken. Similar confirmation was made later by government sources in Prague.

The Prague sources also said that Mr. Brandt will go there for the treaty signing Nov. 28. Here, in Bonn, however, government spokesmen insisted that a date had not yet been fixed. They said only that the chancellor hoped to make the trip late this month or early next month.

Milestone Seen

The treaty is an important milestone in Mr. Brandt's pursuit of reconciliation with West Germany's old enemies in Communist Eastern Europe. Its chief symbolic significance is to formally annul the 1938 Munich agreement, which was used by Hitler to destroy the prewar Czechoslovak republic.

Mr. Brandt's visit, which will be the first by a German chancellor since the war, originally had been scheduled for September. But he abruptly postponed it after the treaty became ensnarled in a dispute over the ties between Bonn and West Berlin.

The impasse also forced a halt in Bonn's negotiations for the opening of normal relations with Hungary and Bulgaria. And, for a time last month, it threatened a serious rift between those in the Brandt government unwilling to compromise and others who feared that inflexibility over the Berlin issue could wreck the chancellor's laboriously constructed Ostpolitik.

At issue was Bonn's insistence that the package agreement establishing relations with Prague include recognition of West Germany's right to represent West Berlin in all consular matters, including legal affairs. Czechoslovakia, and the other Eastern countries, apparently under pressure from the Soviet Union, had refused to go beyond the specific wording of the 1971 four-power Berlin agreement, which gives Bonn consular rights for West Berlin "residents."

Mr. Pachelbel confirmed today that the dispute had been settled in accordance with a compromise worked out earlier this week in Moscow by West German Foreign Minister Walter Scheel and Soviet Foreign Minister Andrei A. Gromyko.

Although the precise details have not yet been made public, the compromise formula is aimed at sidestepping the question of who has consular jurisdiction in legal matters. It will enable legal authorities in West Berlin and West Germany to take up legal questions directly with the appropriate authorities in the East European countries, without first going through normal embassy or consular channels.

The expectation is that the formula will now serve as a model for overcoming the consular problem in the negotiations with Hungary and Bulgaria.



United Press International.

INNER MONGOLIAN FORCES—Members of Paotow militia taking target practice near Outer Mongolia. Officer in background is member of Chinese People's Army.

Liberals, Scottish Party Gain

Britain's Two Major Parties Are Rebuffed in By-Elections

By Bernard D. Nossiter

LONDON, Nov. 9 (WP).—British voters have once again demonstrated their disdain for the two major parties, turning a solid Conservative seat over to the reviving Liberals and a supposedly safe Labor constituency to the Scottish Nationalists.

The outcome of by-elections yesterday to fill four vacant seats in Parliament fits an electoral pattern that has emerged during the last year. The voters are saying with increasing strength that they do not like Prime Minister Edward Heath and his Tory party and that Harold Wilson's Labor is an unpalatable alternative.

The biggest beneficiary of this voter discontent has been the Liberal party, long given up for dead but possessing the singular advantage of not being identified with either big business or big unions.

A Liberal, Alan Beith, 30-year-old lecturer in politics at Newcastle University, captured Berwick-on-Tweed, a rural constituency dominated by rich farmers. At the general election in 1970, Lord Lambton had taken this seat with a comfortable majority of 7,000. Mr. Heath forced him out of it when Lord Lambton was publicly exposed as a client of a prostitute.

Mr. Beith won by a whisker, only 57 votes and that after a recount. But the central point is that he took a seat that the Tories have held with little trouble for 28 years.

His was the fifth seat the Liberals have taken in by-elections since 1970, raising their tiny party from six to 11 at Westminster. The Liberals have captured four from the Conservatives and one from Labor.

If a general election were held today—and Mr. Heath must call one before June, 1975—it is likely that neither Labor nor the Conservatives would win an outright majority and that the Liberals would hold the balance of power.

The Tories did hang on to two seats in Edinburgh and the south coast town of Hove. But the results, particularly in Hove, will give Mr. Heath little to cheer about.

Hove, a community of Georgian houses and retired pensioners, has been one of the most solid Conservative constituencies and gave the Tories a victory margin of nearly 19,000 three years ago. This time, the Liberals knocked Labor from its second place and cut the Conservative margin to less than 5,000.

Only Edinburgh, in a constituency embracing well-to-do stockbrokers and professional men, gave the Conservatives a margin near their general election level. But even here, the anti-establishment turnout was strong.

The voters' restlessness was most evident in the Govan section of Glasgow, a rundown quarter of a deeply troubled city.

There, Margo MacDonald, a 29-year-old housewife, upset the Labor party machine and took the seat for the Scottish Nationalists.

This regional party reflects much the same forces helping the Liberals. It demands greater local control of Scotland's affairs and wants the revenues from North Sea oil to flow directly back to the Scottish shores from which it is extracted.

A view persists that the rebukes administered to Tories and Labor are typical of by-elections. When a general election is held and a national government is at stake, the argument runs, the voters will again divide on historic, two-party lines.

But more and more, political observers are beginning to see a common tide in the politics of Britain and Scandinavia. It marks a break with conventional left-right politics, a swing away from parties backed by business and labor who, in office, follow more or less identical programs.

Brandt Warns Arabs on Oil, Notes Amity With Israelis

(Continued from Page 1)

would have preferred to stress." The resulting dissatisfaction was the price they paid for "the desired unity of Western Europe," he said.

Mr. Brandt, who will meet Israeli Premier Golda Meir in London Sunday during a conference of European Socialist leaders, said his neutral line should not be confused with "neutrality of the heart and mind."

Japan Has Energy Plan

TOKYO, Nov. 9 (UPI).—The government today proposed a slash in oil supplies to big industry beginning Dec. 1 and asked citizens to halt pleasure driving and put out pilot lights on water heaters and stoves.

The first comprehensive program to deal with Japan's energy crisis was drawn up by the Ministry of International Trade and Industry. Minister Yasuhiro Nakasone called on Premier Kakuei Tanaka to urge adoption of the program at a cabinet meeting next Friday.

Greece Takes Measures

ATHENS, Nov. 9 (AP).—The government today announced restrictive measures on fuel and electricity consumption, including a partial ban on Sunday driving.

The decree ruled that private cars, divided into odd and even number plates, would circulate on alternate Sundays. It said this restriction is to be imposed between Nov. 18 and Dec. 31. It said gasoline rationing would be imposed as of Jan. 1 but did not elaborate.

The price of electricity for household consumption was increased by 24 percent, effective immediately. Earlier in the week, the government raised fuel prices between 15 and 36 percent.

Iraq to Supply Yugoslavia

BELGRADE, Nov. 9 (Reuters).—Iraq has joined Libya and Algeria in guaranteeing Yugoslav oil supplies by approving the export of one million tons of crude oil in 1974, the Yugoslav news agency Tanjug reported. The previous five-year agreement between Iraq and Yugoslavia provided for half a million tons a year.

Algeria Confirms Cutback

ALGIERS, Nov. 9 (Reuters).—Algeria confirmed its 25 percent cut in oil production—and in shipments—but said France would not suffer.

In an article on the oil war and the attitude of French companies operating here, the official daily, El Moudjahid said, "Facts demonstrated Algeria reduced its production by 25 percent following decisions made in Kuwait."

Sonatrach, the Algerian oil and gas concern, said it would insure that deliveries to French companies would not in future go beyond French borders.

Israel Limits Traffic

TEL AVIV, Nov. 9 (AP).—Israel today banned all private cars from the roads one day a week.

Car owners will choose which day of the week their cars will sit idle and will place a sticker on their windshields to show which day they have chosen. The rule includes cars belonging to government ministers and senior officials.

German Tanker Fills Up

TUNIS, Nov. 9 (UPI).—The West German tanker Majestic has been authorized to leave Tripoli, Libya, with its cargo of oil, the Libyan News Agency said today.

The authorization was delivered after Libyan authorities ascertained that the cargo was not for delivery to the Netherlands. Arab oil producers have banned oil deliveries to the Dutch.

Swiss Raise Aid To Palestinians

BEIRUT, Nov. 9 (Reuters).—Switzerland has told the United Nations Relief and Works Agency that it will make an extra contribution of $65,500 for aid to Palestinian refugees in 1973.

A UNRWA release said that the decision was made in reply to an appeal for urgent voluntary contributions to help the agency overcome its estimated deficits for 1973 and 1974.

The Swiss government's cash contribution to UNRWA for 1973 now amounts to $431,150. In addition, it pledged 4,000 tons of flour and donated 100 tons of milk to UNRWA this year.

35 Soviet Ships Sent South Since Conflict

ISTANBUL, Nov. 9 (Reuters).—A total of 35 Soviet naval vessels have passed through the Bosporus on their way to the Mediterranean since the outbreak of the Middle East war, the Istanbul Port Authority said today.

They included three cruisers, nine destroyers, five assault ships, one patrol boat and 17 supply ships. The majority of the ships were armed with guided missiles.

Supreme Soviet to Meet

MOSCOW, Nov. 9 (Reuters).—A meeting of the Supreme Soviet, the country's highest legislative body, is scheduled to open here on Monday, the Tass news agency reported today.

Heath Likely To See Brandt And Mrs. Meir

LONDON, Nov. 9 (Reuters).—British Prime Minister Edward Heath will probably meet Israeli Premier Golda Meir here on Monday afternoon, British officials said.

Mrs. Meir is coming to London to attend a one-day special meeting of the Socialist International on Sunday to discuss the Middle East.

Mr. Heath is also expected to hold separate private meetings with West German Chancellor Willy Brandt and Maltese Prime Minister Dom Mintoff. The West German and Maltese leaders are also coming for the Socialist international conference.

Danish Premier Anker Joergensen has changed his mind about coming to the conference, a spokesman for Socialist International said. He will be represented by the vice-chairman of his Social Democratic party, Kjeld Olesen. Mr. Joergensen called yesterday for elections on Dec. 4 in a statement to the Folketing (parliament) after his Social Democratic government suffered a tie vote on a major tax bill.

The heads of government at the London conference will now be those of Israel, West Germany, Austria, the Netherlands, Sweden, Norway, Mauritius, Belgium and Malta.

Eban Asks Europe To Resist Arabs' Blackmail on Oil

PARIS, Nov. 9 (Reuters).—Israeli Foreign Minister Abba Eban urged Western Europe today to make sacrifices on oil and resist the "blackmail" of the Arab oil-producing countries.

"Those who give way to the blackmail of Arab oil-producing countries diminish their sovereignty," he told an airport press conference before a bomb alert delayed his departure for New York.

Mr. Eban, who had arrived earlier from Tel Aviv, spent almost three hours alone in an Israeli airliner parked on the runway at Orly Airport while police searched the plane. They found nothing. The minister refused to leave the aircraft when his 111 fellow passengers were ordered off.

An anonymous call touched off the alert as the El Al Boeing-707 was warming up its engines for takeoff. It left three hours later for New York.

French Shops, Restaurants Set Shutdown

PARIS, Nov. 9 (Reuters).—France today was headed for a possible shutdown of all food shops, bakeries, butcher shops, cafes and restaurants Thursday as protests continued here against the government's price-control measures announced last week.

A call for the unprecedented general shutdown was made by the Retail Food General Confederation and could affect more than one million establishments throughout the country. Only supermarkets will remain open.

Small retail fruit and vegetable dealers were continuing their boycott of wholesalers today and said that they would carry on their protest at least until Tuesday, when their leaders would hold a meeting to decide on further action.

هكذا من الأصل

nt Gets 2½ Years, Others Less

Watergate Burglars Receive ntences From Judge Sirica

(Continued from Page 1)

take steps to restore the ility of his administration. ier today, the White House ised that Mr. Nixon soon take "very constructive and ve steps" to provide Judge with the substance of two atergate conversations that hite House said went unre- d.

ge Sirica sentenced Hunt, helped plan details of the rgate break-in, to 2 1/2 to years and a $10,000 fine. ntenced Bernard L. Barker, ban-American recruited by to 1 1/2 to 6 years, Frank urgis, Virgilio R. Gonzalez Eugenio R. Martinez, three men who were, in turn, ited by Barker, to 1 to 4 and James W. McCord jr., r chief of security for the re-election committee, to o five years.

six had been given provi- sentences with their final contingent on their coop- n with the Senate Water- committee and the special gate prosecution staff.

rgis, Martinez and Gonzalez already been in prison for nths and could be out be- Christmas. Barker and Hunt also served nearly a year, ing that Barker could be ed in about 6 months while

chardson oubts Nixon andal Role

SHINGTON, Nov. 9 (UPI). t L. Richardson said today despite his resignation as ey general over differences President Nixon on Water- he believes that Mr. Nixon been truthful in denying icity in the affair.

Mr. Richardson and Wil- D. Ruckelshaus, who left as deputy attorney general ct. 20, the same day Mr. rdson quit, after both d to fire Archibald Cox as l Watergate prosecutor, hat Mr. Nixon should make disclosure of any material g on the scandal.

Richardson was asked in levision interview if he ht that the President has the "whole truth" in his ed denials of having any edge before last spring that ranking aides had been in- l in the Watergate cover-up.

Personally Convincing'

erything I know supports nclusion that he has," Mr. rdson said. "I've found personally convincing on

He went on:

my very first meeting with n the subject of my nomi- as attorney general, he at pains himself to assure that he had not had any knowledge of these things y part in them . . . And he very emphatic in saying, in that I not believe that or uldn't take the job."

Richardson said, however, Mr. Nixon has demonstrated a "crisis of confidence"

He added: "The most tant thing he can do is strate through cooperation the office of the special utor . . . that he really intend to make sure that cts bearing on the things, f the issues or allegations, been made available."

Richardson said that the pecial prosecutor on Water- Leon Jaworski, must be ed with any presidential ials relevant to the case hat any leads to criminal ct can be followed up."

Ruckelshaus—who says he ed, but who according to White House, was fired— in another television inter- that the public interest now ighs any questions about omising the presidential ne of executive privilege respect to White House ents.

te on Rep. Ford House Is Seen ek of Dec. 3

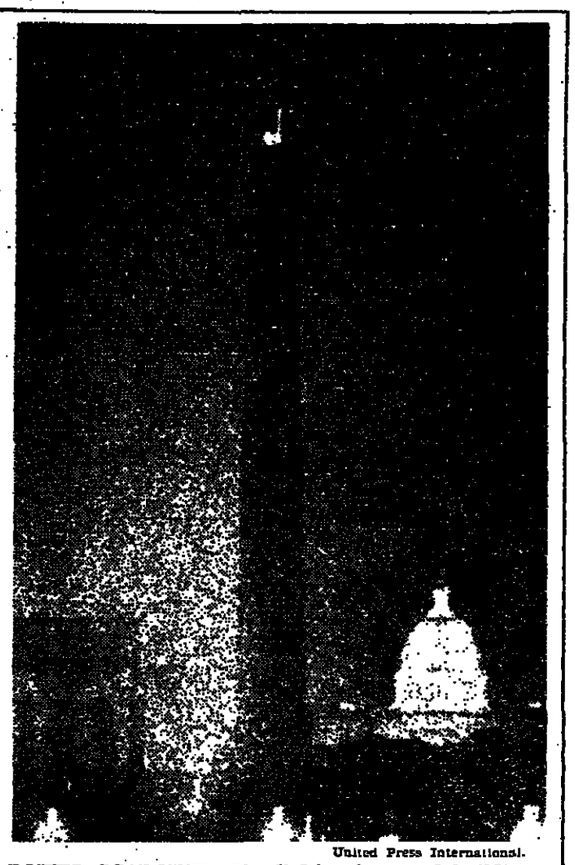
SHINGTON, Nov. 9 (UPI). e House of Representatives ote on confirmation of the e Republican leader, Rep. d R. Ford, as Vice-President eek of Dec. 3, a spokesman nced yesterday.

e House Democratic leader, Thomas P. O'Neill jr. of achusetts, said the House l vote on Rep. Ford's nomi- n before it adjourns as uled on Dec. 6. The Senate Committee, which began ngs on Rep. Ford last week, expected to clear the nomi- n in time for a floor vote e Thanksgiving, Nov. 22, essional observers said.

wo-thirds majority of each ber is required under the Amendment to the Con- ion for Rep. Ford to be ap- d as the successor to Spiro new, who resigned on Oct. d pleaded no contest to a e of income tax evasion.

Food Agency Talks

ME, Nov. 9 (AP).—The UN and Agriculture Organiza- which opens its biennial con- ce here tomorrow, is seeking ment on a world food- e program.



United Press International.

POWER SCARCITY—The lights of several buildings and monuments in Washington have been ordered turned off or at least dimmed during the present energy crisis. Above, the Lincoln Memorial (left) and the Washington Monument (center) are completely darkened in comparison with the still lit Capitol Dome.

23 States Move to Save Oil But Hesitate on Speed Limits

NEW YORK, Nov. 9 (NYT).—At least 23 states have reported that they have cut speeds of state-owned vehicles or reduced temperatures in state-owned buildings to save fuel. Some said they had acted earlier, and others responded to President Nixon's appeal Wednesday night for them to set good examples.

But when it came to slowing speeds for all drivers, there appeared to be considerable reluctance. At least 21 states indicated that such action would require legislation, and California refused "at this point" to get down to the 50-mile-an-hour limit proposed by the President.

Lt. Gov. Ed Reinecke, chairman of the Energy Planning Council in California, said he had ordered a cut earlier this week in the speed limit for 1,450 miles of freeways from 70 miles an hour to 65, to save 10 million gallons of gasoline a year.

Tieups Predicted

But a 50-mile limit for the state's 14 million vehicles—the most for any nation—could cause traffic tieups and use up more gasoline, Mr. Reinecke asserted. If state-owned cars had to travel at 50 miles an hour on freeways, he said, they might be hit—"and I don't want to see state employees get hurt."

The White House Energy Policy Office said yesterday that a nationwide slowdown to 50 miles an hour by drivers could save 200,000 barrels of gasoline a day.

The National Safety Council said in Chicago that a 50-mile limit would "produce a substantial reduction in traffic fatalities." Vincent L. Tofany, its president, said that "after 50 miles an hour, chances of being killed—if you are involved in an accident—double with each 10 miles per hour speed increase."

States reporting reduction of speed limits for their own vehicles to 50 miles an hour included Alaska, Arizona, Connecticut, Georgia, Iowa, Kansas, Maryland, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island and Utah.

Limits of 55 miles for state vehicles were ordered by Illinois and Oregon. Colorado ordered 55-mile limits on 60-mile-an-hour roads, and 60-mile limits on 70-mile-an-hour highways. Sixty-mile limits were reported by Minnesota and Missouri.

Rationing in U.S. Seen

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9 (AP).—Americans probably will face gasoline rationing by next spring for the first time since World War II, John A. Love, the President's top energy adviser, said.

Mr. Love said no decision has yet been made, but it was his personal opinion that gasoline rationing will be necessary by spring.

He expressed the view in an interview yesterday: he said he thought rationing would be needed regardless of developments in the Middle East.

Senate Probers, White House Discuss Request to Quiz Nixon

By David E. Rosenbaum

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9 (NYT).—Lawyers for the White House and the Senate Watergate committee met last night to discuss the committee's request for a meeting with President Nixon.

Neither side would discuss anything that may have been resolved at the meeting.

Some committee officials said that the lack of response might be an indication that the committee's path was not completely blocked, but others said that there was no reason to be encouraged.

In the past, the White House has rejected overtures from the committee, contending that the doctrine of executive privilege protected the President from being questioned by the senators.

45-Minute Session

Samuel Dash, the committee's chief counsel, and the Republican counsel, Fred D. Thompson, met for about 45 minutes with the President's top lawyers, Leonard Garment, the White House counsel, and J. Fred Buzhardt jr., the special counsel, in Mr. Buzhardt's office at the White House.

A spokesman for Mr. Garment would say only that the meeting was "cordial." Mr. Dash said: "My mission as counsel is to report back to the committee and that's what I am going to do."

Mr. Dash noted that the committee and White House staff members had previously cautioned against drawing any conclusions from the fact that Mr. Garment and Mr. Buzhardt had consented to another meeting.

Earlier yesterday, White House aides to the President continued to say they doubted that Mr. Nixon would agree to be questioned by the senators.

When Ronald L. Ziegler, Mr. Nixon's press secretary, was asked yesterday about the prospects for a meeting, he responded: "We'll see if there's something to disclose. Mr. Dash is obviously pretty good at that."

The 'Leaks' Issue

Mr. Ziegler was apparently alluding to allegations that the committee has had difficulty keeping secrets.

The committee decided Monday to ask its staff to explore with the White House whether Mr. Nixon would be willing to meet with the committee's members and, if so, under what conditions.

The decision was prompted by a proposal by Sen. Lowell P. Weicker jr., R., Conn., that the senators question Mr. Nixon at the White House. Sen. Weicker suggested that the President not be placed under oath but that a transcript of the interrogation be made public.

N.Y. Hospital Workers' Union Defies Back-to-Work Order

NEW YORK, Nov. 9 (IHT).—A nonmedical hospital employees' union defied a federal court's back-to-work order today and opened itself to a $500,000 fine by continuing a strike against 48 hospitals and nursing homes.

Under the order, issued yesterday, the fine was to be suspended if all the strikers were back to work by 8 a.m. today, but picketing continued past that deadline.

The union said it would prolong the walkout at least until tomorrow. A spokesman announced that the membership will vote Sunday on a settlement.

The Board of Health, meanwhile, proclaimed a health emergency, saying the four-day-old strike of the 30,000 hospital workers has caused serious shortages of blood, fuel, food, medicines and milk at the struck institutions.

The declaration, made after consultation with Mayor John V. Lindsay, vests broad powers in the Department of Health to deal with the mounting problems caused by the strike.

Specific measures being discussed tonight were understood to involve ferrying supplies to hospitals by helicopter, transferring patients to unstruck city hospitals and augmenting the 700-man police detail currently assigned to strike duty.

In federal court yesterday, Judge Robert L. Carter levied the fine against Local 1199 of the Drug and Hospital Union for being in contempt of a temporary restraining order he issued last week barring any strike.

Judge Carter also directed the federal Cost of Living Council to meet no later than tomorrow to decide the issue of a pending wage increase for the union.

Further Delay Is Expected on Skylab Launch

CAPE CANAVERAL, Fla., Nov. 9 (Reuters).—A further launching delay for the Skylab-3 astronauts seemed likely today as crews replacing eight cracked fins on the Saturn launch rocket ran into additional problems.

The three astronauts originally had been scheduled to lift off tomorrow to board the orbiting space laboratory, but discovery of cracks in the stabilization fins set the launch date back to next Thursday.

Sources at the Kennedy Space Center here said they felt it would be extremely difficult, if not impossible, to replace the fins and carry out all checks to meet Thursday's launch date. Engineers were working hard but had already fallen a day behind schedule in replacing the fins.

The sources indicated that a final decision on the launch date would be made Sunday. If the work could not be completed in time, a further five-day delay until Nov. 20 would probably be needed.

Space agency officials said that pitting and roughness were discovered on the rocket itself when the first fin was removed yesterday.

They also said that the surfaces of the eight replacement fins—which have been in storage since 1968—showed roughness and uneven paint.

Calif. Man Gets Life in 8 Killings

SANTA CRUZ, Calif., Nov. 9 (AP).—Edmund Emil Kemper 3d, 25, was sentenced today to eight concurrent terms of life imprisonment for the slaying of his mother, her best friend and six girl hitchhikers.

The 6-foot 9-inch 280-pound defendant had pleaded not guilty by reason of insanity. The jury yesterday found him sane and guilty of first-degree murder.

Santa Cruz Superior Court Judge Harry Brauer said today that Kemper, who 10 years ago was convicted of killing his grandparents, should never be set free. District Attorney Peter Chang said that Kemper would be eligible for parole in seven years, but "he'll never get out."

Bus Mishap Kills 12

SAN SALVADOR, El Salvador, Nov. 9 (Reuters).—Twelve secondary school students died when their bus went over a precipice 90 miles from here during a trip to the seaside, police said.

Instead of $850 He Averaged in 1970, 1971

Treasury Reform Would Tax Nixon-Type Income $80,000

By Eileen Shanahan

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9 (NYT).—A high Treasury Department official said yesterday, without mentioning President Nixon by name, that the tax-reform plan advocated by the Treasury would have forced the Nixons to pay about $80,000 in federal income taxes in 1970 and 1971, instead of the total of about $1,700 they reportedly paid for the two years.

The White House has never denied published reports that the Nixons paid less than $800 in federal income taxes in 1970 and less than $900 in 1971, or about what would have been paid by a family with an income of $8,000.

The official making the statement was Assistant Secretary Frederick G. Hickman, who was answering a question by Rep. James C. Corman, D., Calif., at a meeting of the House Ways and Means Committee.

Rep. Corman presented a hypothetical case of an individual with a salary of $200,000, deductions of $100,000 for interest payments on large loans and a "very large" gift to a charity—all facts that reflect what is known about the Nixons' tax returns for 1970 and 1971.

Protest, Concession

Mr. Hickman, while at first protesting that tax returns of this type "can get very complicated," ultimately conceded that a person in the situation described by Rep. Corman would, under the Treasury proposal, pay taxes on about $95,000 of his income each year. That would be a tax of about $42,000.

The exchange between Mr. Hickman and Rep. Corman occurred as the Ways and Means Committee began considering the possibility of enacting some kind of abbreviated tax-reform bill this year.

While committee members have said that they are mainly interested in tax-law changes that would impose higher taxes on high-income individuals who now pay relatively low taxes, most of the discussion focused on changes that would affect middle incomes.

Capital-Gains Tax

The one proposal that would hit only upper-income persons was elimination of the present maximum tax rate of 25 percent on the first $50,000 of capital gains that an individual has in any year.

Only persons with a taxable income in excess of $52,000—after exemptions and deductions—would be affected by this, because only persons with incomes that high pay more than a 25 percent tax on capital gains now.

This proposal, plus other suggested changes that would affect all income groups, would add an average $4,010 to the annual tax bills paid by persons with incomes in excess of $100,000 and an average of $327 to those with incomes between $50,000 and $100,000.

These proposed changes were all put before the committee by the staff of the Joint Committee on Internal Revenue Taxation to increase the Treasury's tax collections by about $1.5 billion annually.

Mr. Hickman, while not objecting to any of these ideas, made a pitch for the reform proposal that the Treasury presented to Congress April 30, on which no action has been taken.

Reform of '69 Law

This proposal involves a complete rewriting of what is called the minimum tax, which was enacted in 1969 and aimed at preventing high-income persons from avoiding most or all federal income tax. It has not achieved that result.

The Treasury's proposal is aimed at curing what the Treasury sees as the two main defects in the 1969 plan.

The first of these is the continuing ability of individuals to combine large personal deductions in such a way as to owe little tax. This was the reason that the Nixons reportedly paid so little.

The second was the failure of the 1969 "minimum tax" to touch, effectively, persons who use what are known as tax shelters. These are investments by persons whose main income is from other sources in businesses, such as oil or real estate, that get favorable treatment under the tax laws. At present, they can often get such large deductions from these investments as to offset their taxable income from other sources.

U.S. Agency Study Urges Action

Rebozo Bank Aide Faces Suspension Move

By Michael C. Jensen

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9 (NYT).—The staff of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corp. has decided to recommend the suspension of Franklin S. DeBoer, a vice-president of the Key Biscayne Bank and Trust Co. headed by C.G. (Bebe) Rebozo, according to sources close to an investigation of the bank.

Mr. DeBoer, who heads the bank's trust department, was barred by the Securities and Exchange Commission in 1972 from employment by any securities broker or dealer.

The FDIC staff recommendation against Mr. DeBoer will be made at the next meeting of the corporation's board, the sources said. The FDIC declined to comment on the report.

The Key Biscayne bank has come under the scrutiny of a number of investigative bodies, including the Senate Watergate committee.

Close Friend

It was disclosed recently that Mr. Rebozo, one of President Nixon's close friends, had accepted two $50,000 campaign contributions from billionaire Howard Hughes in 1969 or 1970, through an intermediary. He subsequently said that he kept the money in a safe-deposit box in the bank until 1973, before returning it.

Mr. Rebozo was acting at the same time as a partner in an investment company that held title to Mr. Nixon's Florida properties.

The FDIC investigation of Mr. DeBoer has centered on the question of whether the SEC action against him provided grounds for suspension from the Florida bank.

The SEC had charged Mr. DeBoer with fraud in connection with transactions in unregistered stock between 1965 and 1970. He consented to the commission's findings without admitting the allegations.

In 1970, the New York Stock Exchange had expelled Mr. DeBoer, charging him with making false statements and refusing to give testimony.

The FDIC is a bank regulatory agency and insures deposits. It is empowered to suspend or remove bank officers if they have violated a "law, rule, regulation, or final cease-and-desist order" that could result in financial loss or other damage to the interests of depositors.

Frank Wille, the chairman of the FDIC, said six days ago in a letter to Sen. William Proxmire, D., Wis., that Mr. DeBoer was being investigated to see if he was "unfit to hold his present position with the bank." Sen. Proxmire had asked for the investigation.

U.S. Robber Shot, 4 Hostages Safe

ATLANTA, Nov. 9 (Reuters).—Police and FBI agents today gunned down a man who had held four women hostages inside a bank.

The man, Linton Whitfield, 31, had demanded a getaway car and $200,000 in return for the safety of the women, all employees of the bank Whitfield had tried to rob.

As he approached the car, a police sniper fired a shot from the bank and hit him in the chest. As he sank to his knees, Whitfield dragged one of the women down with him, saying "I'll take her with me."

But the sniper hit Whitfield again and, as he staggered, police and FBI agents also opened fire. The hostages were unharmed.

Psychotherapist Denies He Ever Treated Ford

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9 (UPI).—A New York psychotherapist has testified at a closed meeting of the Senate Rules Committee that allegations that he has treated Vice-President-designate Gerald R. Ford are "lies, fantasies."

Dr. Arnold Hutschnecker preceded on the witness stand Robert N. Winter-Berger, a former lobbyist who had made the allegation in a book, "The Washington Payoff." The panel hearing was part of its consideration of Rep. Ford's nomination.

"This is a vengeful book, an angry book, out to hurt people," Dr. Hutschnecker told newsmen later. He said that he had described it as such to the committee and had testified: "When Winter-Berger gets information like that and writes it, we call it lies, fantasies."

Later, after hearing Mr. Winter-Berger, the committee agreed to consider asking the Justice Department to bring perjury charges against him in connection with his claim, in an affidavit he had filed with the panel, that he had once lent $15,000 to Rep. Ford to pay for hospitalization of Mrs. Ford. Rep. Ford has denied ever receiving money from Mr. Winter-Berger.

The ex-lobbyist told newsmen that in testimony yesterday he had stood by all the statements made in his affidavit and his book. However, committee members said that there were "obvious contradictions" between the affidavit and his testimony.

Harvard Return for Cox

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Nov. 9 (AP).—Archibald Cox, the former Watergate special prosecutor who was fired by President Nixon, will return to Harvard University in January. Harvard president Derek Bok said yesterday that Mr. Cox will return as Williston professor of law, the post he held before he became prosecutor in May.

U.S. Airline Seeks Funds From Cuba

ATLANTA, Nov. 9 (AP).—Southern Airways says it still has not been able to retrieve from the Cuban government a $2-million ransom payment made during a hijacking one year ago this week.

The money is crucial, airline officials said yesterday. If they recover it, net profits for 1973 will be $1.6 million—after million-dollar losses for the previous two years.

Southern said the Castro government has agreed to return the money but so far has not.

Southern paid the $2 million to three men who commandeered a DC-9 jetliner on Nov. 10, 1972.

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INTERNATIONAL
Herald Tribune
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Page 4—Saturday-Sunday, November 10-11, 1973 *

Threshold of Peace?

Israel's Defense Minister Moshe Dayan, a man not given to premature euphoria, is saying that Egypt and Israel are at the "threshold of a true peace settlement." In Cairo an official government spokesman said on Thursday, "We may soon go to a peace conference, perhaps after a few days."

Mindful of all the hopes and despairs through which the Arab and Israeli peoples have been lured over these many years, it is best to be cautious in optimism. Nevertheless, the signals emanating from the Middle East in the wake of Secretary Kissinger's swift passage all point to the imminence of an important compromise, of decisions now made in Cairo and Jerusalem to turn away from military confrontation that threatened the peace of the world and to enter a political dialogue to achieve the settlement that has eluded warring Arabs and Israelis for so long.

There is a good measure of agreement in the reports from the two capitals. The Israeli cabinet reportedly accepted the terms of a substantive formula worked out by President Sadat and Mr. Kissinger to return prisoners of war, relieve the encircled Egyptian Third Army and pin down the various ambiguities of last month's cease-fire. Promptly thereafter, according to the Kissinger formula, Egypt and Israel would enter negotiations on a military level to solidify their nervous truce and, on a political level, to design a more comprehensive settlement between states.

The United States and the Soviet Union had already agreed to propose negotiations among the parties to the Middle Eastern war, and the full Security Council joined in that call. But, as would-be peacemakers have long since discovered to their frustration, it is one thing to forge an agreement among outside parties and quite another to entice the Middle East belligerents themselves to go along. Yet that is precisely what now appears to be in process.

Secretary Kissinger's compromise has yet to be accepted at the UN and among other Arab governments that would eventually have to participate before a settlement could be effective. But the two governments most directly concerned have apparently found a measure of common ground that could not have been anticipated a few weeks ago. The Middle East balance could be on the verge of tipping away the prospect of war and onto the path toward peace.

THE NEW YORK TIMES.

Oil and U.S. Independence

Sixty-eight degrees is a bit chilly but, in a good cause, it is tolerable. The cause in this case is, in fact, the economic and political independence of the United States. President Nixon was entirely right on that point in his speech on Wednesday night. Our Arab friends now want to trade their oil for influence over U.S. foreign policy. There is only one possible answer to that offer, and it is the answer that the President gave them. If Americans have to turn down the thermostat, or raise prices or ration gasoline to keep their Arab friends from bending U.S. national interests, the President is surely correct in concluding that most Americans will choose to do just that.

The Arabs' demands on the United States are confined, at the moment, to their war with Israel. But it would be excessively simpleminded to think that, if America gave in on its Middle East policies today, there would not be other and broader demands tomorrow. It is hardly useful to berate the Arabs or to issue counterthreats. U.S. troubles with foreign oil supplies are not, after all, limited to the Middle East. The largest foreign supplier of oil to the United States is Canada, which has chosen this moment to limit deliveries and, on a small scale, actually to cut back. The oil trade got dangerously out of balance at the point, perhaps a year ago, when it dawned on the sellers that they did not need to sell nearly so badly as their customers wanted to buy. It is now up to the United States to see that, in the future, it does not depend on its foreign friends' oil any more than they depend on U.S. grain, or computers, or investments.

* * *

President Nixon is relying, for the present, chiefly on an appeal to voluntary public cooperation rather than resorting immediately to mandatory rationing. The administration is proceeding on the basis of an unexpectedly good public response last summer. The combination, of exhortation, rising prices and the threat of shortages turned out to be a good deal more effective than anyone had hoped in holding down demand for gasoline. The real question now is the public reaction to the sharper shortages that are developing.

The conservation measures that Mr. Nixon proposes are sensible, and none of them suggests any profound change in the way that Americans live. But taken together, they will have a substantial effect on U.S. fuel requirements. Congress has indicated that it is prepared to move rapidly with the legislation that is now needed, including the standby authority for rationing. The chief defect in Mr. Nixon's speech was his unfortunate attempt to blame Congress for delays. The principal reason for the delays in energy legislation has been the deep confusion within the administration itself in recent months. Many members of Congress have been well ahead of the White House in devising remedies, and Sen. Henry Jackson, D., Wash., in particular has been pressing forward with strong and useful legislation including some of the measures for which the President is now calling. Congress has clearly extended an invitation for cooperation with the White House on this subject, partitioning it off from the Watergate issues. The President obviously would be wise to accept that invitation on those terms.

A lot of Americans will continue to ask, with justification, how the government and the oil industry all got so badly surprised by these sudden shortages. One reason is that very cheap fuel made Americans careless, as a nation, and in recent years the United States has been squaddering it at an accelerating rate. Particularly in the last several years, Americans have turned to making large buildings out of glass and producing cars that run seven miles to a gallon. But the basic reason for the present emergency is that both government and industry had assumed, until this year, that foreign producers would never try to use their oil for political purposes. For 40 years, they had carefully avoided it. Now, in a reversal that began last spring and culminated with the pressures of the Middle East war, they have broken that tradition. The industrial nations' access to the cheapest and most available sources of oil are jeopardized. It is up to the United States to use its wits, its technology, and its own considerable resources to find alternatives.

* * *

In speaking to the American people, President Nixon went softly on the subject of national purpose. Quite sensibly, he does not want to turn the energy issue into an anti-Arab campaign. But the Arab strategy rests on a judgment—at bottom, a moral judgment—about their customers. They have concluded that the people of the rich industrial nations, and particularly of the United States, have become too complaisant to put themselves to the inconvenience of conserving fuel. They assume that Americans are too wedded to their cars and their comforts to resist oil embargoes. Now we shall see whether they are right. The authoritative answer will not come from President Nixon, but from the other 210 million Americans, and it will be found in the rate at which Americans burn oil and gasoline over the coming months.

THE WASHINGTON POST.

International Opinion

New U.S. President Needed

Resignation denials do not create confidence, particularly in a year in which there have been so many turnabouts. Following four successive days of denials by his aides, Mr. Nixon has chipped in with one from the President's own mouth. The team protests too much. ... With only a year to go before the midterm election, the Republican leaders are already doing their best to maintain as wide a distance as possible between the party and the discredited presidency. ... A new president is needed as much by the West as by the American people. The loss of confidence in the White House has coincided with the collapse of the Year of Europe, disarray in NATO and the possible fatal postponement of the trade bill. None of these crucial issues can be resolved until the moral authority of the White House has been restored. ... It is going to be difficult on all sides to reinspire the spirit of the Atlantic alliance. As a first step, there will have to be a new American leader. It is to be hoped that he can be appointed quickly.

—*From the Guardian (London).*

In the International Edition

Seventy-Five Years Ago

November 10, 1898

NEW YORK—It is now official, as a result of the balloting on Tuesday last, the Republican party has gained a decided victory. President McKinley's conduct of the war and the annexation policy of his administration have been approved by the voters in the country as a whole. And in the Empire State of New York, the wildest battleground of the campaign, Col. Theodore Roosevelt carried with him the entire Republican state ticket.

Fifty Years Ago

November 10, 1923

MUNICH—Bavaria's "putsch" died a dramatic death late yesterday afternoon with the arrest of Gen. Ludendorff and the escape of Adolf Hitler, the Bavarian Mussolini, who led the uprising. It is reported that the Fascist leader Hitler was wounded while defending the War Office with his die-hard troops after they were forced from the beer hall where they had been besieged for hours by the Reichswehr troops.



'The Way Things Are Going in Washington, Kissinger Might Ask for Asylum.'

A Steady Diet of Children

By C.L. Sulzberger

PEKING—Like Saturn—and like all 20th-century revolutions—the Chinese revolution has devoured a great many of its own children. Among the numerous top leaders and close associates of Mao Tse-tung who have either died or disappeared since the People's Republic was declared in 1949 are the following (and this is but a short list):

Lin Piao, previously Chairman Mao's designated successor; Liu Shao-chi, once official chief of state; Peng Te-huai, former defense minister; Kao Kang, a head of the state planning commission; Lo Jui-ching, boss of the internal security forces; Po Yi-po, minister of finance; Lu Ting-yi, Central Committee chief of propaganda; Peng Chen, Politburo member; Ho Lung, an army marshal; Yang Shang-kun, Central Committee member.

The most dramatic purge appears to have been that which followed Lin Piao's well-authenticated attempt to assassinate Mao and seize power on Sept. 12, 1971. Among those who disappeared from sight together with Lin (who seemingly was killed in an air crash) were five other Politburo members.

Senior Officers

These include Huang Yung-sheng, armed forces chief of staff; Li Tso-Peng, air force commander, and several other key party figures directly involved with military affairs. There was also an extensive combing-out of senior officers.

The notable thing about the list is that almost all its members were connected with the defense establishment and most of them are either known to have been (or to have been accused of) conspiring in one or another way with Moscow and against the ruling Peking establishment.

Liu wanted to reactivate the Sino-Soviet alliance in the late 1960s. Peng was charged with communicating his dissident views to the Kremlin. Way back in Stalin's day the Russians had been playing with Kao. Yang is said to have bugged his colleagues on Soviet behalf. Lo is widely assumed to have been involved with the Soviet Union.

Even Lin, once considered the most authoritative exponent of Maoism, was driven by some force to mount a conspiracy (called by the code number 571) against the chairman. It is officially claimed that the military was riddled with his sympathizers, that Moscow had pledged some kind of support.

The large army (perhaps 44 or more divisions and 700,000 men) sent by the Kremlin to China's border areas and implicitly backed up by nuclear strength, is possibly designed to encourage pro-Soviet elements to rebel. Certainly Lin was killed in the crash of a plane fleeing toward the Soviet Union and already over its satellite, Outer Mongolia.

It is perfectly obvious that Mao was convinced a plot was being mounted against him inside his own armed forces and their spokesmen at the highest party levels and, furthermore, from the tone of subsequent propaganda, that Russia was in some way involved, either as the inspirer or the sower of seeds in fallow ground. Mao therefore struck sharply, following his own precept that "the party commands the gun and the gun must never be allowed to command the party."

The command structure of the People's Republic does not yet appear to have recovered from the fearful shaking-up that followed the Lin coup attempt. At this writing no new defense minister, chief of the general staff, or air force commander has been formally named to replace those purged.

Mao himself is commander-in-chief, as chairman of the party's Military Affairs Committee, and Yeh Chien-ying, once a marshal before all ranks and insignia were abolished in 1965, seems to be acting defense minister.

But the armed forces, which probably number about 2.8 million and may include some 155 mobilized divisions of all types, are still concentrating as intently on weeding out actual or potential anti-Maoists as they are on improving their equipment and training.

Geng Yü-chi, a deputy commander, told me: "By struggling against deviationists we can guarantee that our army won't change colors and become like the Soviet Army which served the revisionist party of Khrushchev."

What all this adds up to, of course, is that the Maoist leadership remains resolute in its determination to pursue the chairman's road even though the Russian government and party, since Stalin's death, have been trying their best to change Peking's mind and, failing that, to bring the regime down.

This gigantic clash, which takes place amid noisy propaganda blasts, under masks of secrecy and behind immense military concentrations, explains why the Chinese revolution is still, perforce, eating some of its most promising children.

Letters

'Tribalism'

I do not understand the opposition ("Tribalism and Reconciliation," IHT, Oct. 31) to a peaceful, legalist separatism in Quebec. There are really very few concrete (i.e., other than political) problems in giving independence to a localized minority. The Québecois would almost certainly retain a near-union with Canada economically. The Flemings and Walloons would still be members of the Common Market. Bangladesh and Biafra could have been spared great carnage. Why should an artificial entity such as Iraq have priority over a long-enduring Kurdish nation? Why shouldn't the Basques decide their own destiny? Exactly why do you consider "tribalism" derogatory?

BOB NELSON.
Sarrebourg, France.

'Regicide'

As America prepares for the possible impeachment of President Nixon, is a "symbolic regicide" (Page Smith, IHT, Oct. 29) occurring in our collective unconscious? Well, what does it feel like when somebody really kills a king? In 1791, Saint-Just demanded before the Convention a ritual sacrifice of Louis XVI: "One day, perhaps, men as far removed from our prejudices as we are from those of the Vandals will be astonished by the barbarism of a century in which judging a tyrant was a religious matter... One day they will be astonished that the 18th century was less advanced than the time of Caesar, when the tyrant was sacrificed in the Senate itself, with no formalities other than 25 dagger stabs and no law other than Rome's freedom."

Such speeches, which are the stuff of revolution, have nothing in common with anything recently said in the House of Representatives. Mr. Nixon's removal may partly discredit that cult of personality which is one root cause of our political immaturity. When he goes, private greed and public irresponsibility may come to seem a little less attractive. But he will be almost as forgettable as Mr. Agnew.

No one expects of congressmen the horrible heroism of Brutus or of Saint-Just. By trashing America, Mr. Nixon has destroyed himself—and so spared the political establishment a trauma. All Congress has to do is take a remedy prescribed by the Constitution.

DAVID DORRANCE.
Paris.

From Congress, Allies

Messages to Nixon

By James Reston

WASHINGTON.—This city is always looking for clues to the future—particularly clues to the future of the President—and in the last few days it has seen two events of considerable importance.

First, the Congress of the United States, by a two-thirds vote overriding his veto, has insisted on limiting the President's power to make war without its consent. This, the White House said, "seriously undermines this nation's ability to act decisively... in times of international crisis."

Second, the European allies and Japan have refused to follow the President's lead in the Middle East, and while approving Secretary of State Kissinger's compromise to save the cease-fire, have insisted on defining and publishing a pro-Arab peace settlement even before the Israeli-Arab peace talks have begun.

Limit Authority

Speeches against the President and polls showing a steep decline in public confidence do him no good, but these are serious actions—almost personal rebukes—which limit his authority and challenge his leadership, both at home and abroad.

Eight times before on substantial issues of policy, the Congress failed to override the President's vetoes. Earlier, the Senate did refuse to confirm his nominations of Clement F. Haynsworth jr. and G. Harrold Carswell to the Supreme Court. Also, the Congress had refused to approve his policy of building a supersonic transport plane, and it had forced him to stop bombing Cambodia last Aug. 15.

But the vote against his authority to make war in accordance with his interpretation of his powers as commander in chief was a direct challenge to the President's interpretation of his constitutional rights, and the challenge came, not only from the Democrats, but from members of his own party, and his normal supporters among conservative Southern Democrats.

Eighty-six Republicans in the House of Representatives and 25 in the Senate voted against him. Though Sen. Barry Goldwater of Arizona called the vote "the most dangerous thing that has happened to this country since before the Constitution was written... totally illegal, totally wrong," the Congress insisted.

Senators Change

In the Senate, faithful defenders of the military and the powers of the commander in chief such as Sens. Eastland and Stennis of Mississippi, and Jackson of Washington, voted against the President.

In the House, Mississippi voted 5-0 to override his veto, Georgia voted 8-2, Alabama 5-2, North Carolina 9-2, Texas 11-3, Missouri 8-2, West Virginia 4-0.

The President held the house delegations of Virginia, 8-2, South Dakota 2-0, Oklahoma and Kansas 3-3, South Carolina 4-2, Nebraska 2-1, and Tennessee 4-3. But the big urban states went solidly against him:

California 25-14, New York 27-11, Pennsylvania 17-7, Ohio 13-9, New Jersey 13-2, Connecticut 6-0, Michigan 10-8, Massachusetts 12-

Nobody can be sure wh prompted this vote. The arg ments for compelling the Pre dent to come back to the Congr for approval of military interve tion abroad make sense after t reckless personal adventures Presidents Johnson and Nixon Vietnam, but they are ambiguo at best, and, maybe even unc stitutional.

Still, the Congress is troubl resentful over Watergate and the President's maneuverings a deceptions, and it wanted to se him a message. It doesn't ha the heart to impeach him, or fo his resignation, but it wants warn and rebuke him, and it did.

Japan and the allies in West Europe, with less reason, are a giving the President a hard ti They don't want to take r responsibility for trying to se the Arab-Israeli struggle in Middle East. They don't e want to cooperate with the Un States in trying to get arms Israel to hold the balance power against Moscow's arms the Arab nations. They just w oil to keep their factories ga and it doesn't come from Isr

Accordingly, the European Co mon Market countries, un threat of an Arab oil boyc are calling on the Israelis to m concessions to restore peace. Th want Israel's withdrawal from territory in the Sinai Penins and in Jordan and Syria t Israel occupied in the 1967 w

Japan, facing a loss of 40 p cent of its oil imports, is n calling publicly for Israel to wi draw to the territory it held b fore the 1967 Arab-Israeli w Without normal supplies of from the Arab countries, Jap says it will have to reorgan its industry from "the roots u As the Tokyo daily Mainic Shimbun observed, Japan is sh ing from "a position of neutral to one of a pro-Arab postur

President Opposed

A year or so ago, even a months ago, it would have be inconceivable that the Japan or the European allies would o opposed President Nixon or Am ican policy so directly and publicly in the middle of a delicate negotiations by Secret of State Kissinger.

Or that the Congress of United States, in the middle a crisis, would have overr the President's veto, limiting freedom to make or threaten But spectacular events, Watergate and the other scan of the last few months h weakened his authority both the Congress and in the ot capitals, and this is now problem.

It is no longer a question his critics in the press or political adversaries in the C gress. His own Republican Southern Democratic allies in Congress voted against him overrode his veto, and his allies in Japan and Western rope didn't support his efforts peace in the Middle East many ways, they were unfa him; but this is the way it He has lost their trust, and t are following their own inter and doing as they please.

The Crisis of Zionism

By Joseph Kraft

JERUSALEM.—"For years Golda Meir told us we should not worry about what other people thought. She said we should just do what we had to do.

"So what happens when the Egyptians and Syrians are on the point of attack? She refuses to hit first. And why? Because she's afraid of what the Americans might think. I don't understand it."

That comment was made by an Israeli of no special importance—a middle-level local executive of a European airline. But it expresses a feeling that touches the central nerve of this country. It expresses the crisis of Zionism.

Ghetto Collapse

From the beginning, in the last century Zionism was conceived as a way of normalizing the life of European Jews. It grew up as ghetto existence was collapsing under the impact of modern technology and the social ideas of the Enlightenment. It competed with two other movements which flourished among Jews at the same time.

One of these was assimilation—the adoption by Jews of the national characteristics of the host countries in which they lived. The theory was that in time Jews would become Germans, Frenchmen, Englishmen or Americans who just happened to have a different religion.

The second competing idea was Marxian socialism. The idea here was that changes in the patterns of ownership would achieve complete equality, including equality for Jews.

The Zionists subjected both these notions to merciless attack. Against assimilation they argued it was a half-open door which had to move one way or another. Either Jews would lose their identity entirely, or they would be subjected to subtle and not so subtle discrimination. That critique seemed to be vindicated by what happened in Germany under the Nazis.

Against socialism the Zionists argued that it expressed a shallow materialistic view of human life. They said that the troubles of the Jews flowed from dark caverns in the human psyche, not merely ownership of the means of production. That view seemed to be vindicated by what happened in the Soviet Union.

In sharp contrast with these competing escape routes, Zionism held out to Jews the territorial imperative. The Zionists claimed that the one thing Jews lacked which everybody else had was a homeland of their own. Once a Jewish state were in existence, the Jews would be like everybody else—normal.

But now events have called into question the central Zionist claim. In the hour of crisis Mrs. Meir and Moshe Dayan and all the other leaders of this country behaved in the fashion of the assimilationist Jews they had so bitterly attacked.

Moreover, the mere fact of the attack and the continuing Russian supply suggests that Arab hostility is implacable. Th may be no normal settling do but only an endless series wars.

World Reaction

Finally there was the react of the rest of the world. Brit France, Germany and the states of Africa which Israel been cultivating all turned a shoulder. As a prominent Isr writer, the novelist Amos put it:

"They were against us back 1967 when we attacked. They're against us now when enemy attacked first. The against us whether we're guys or bad guys. That m we're not normal. We're where we started."

Undoubtedly that assessme exaggerated. But the exas tion is widespread. Israel suffered a hard blow to its tral philosophic concept. It experienced a psychological cano. For once the much ab Time magazine word "tran applies.

The crisis of Zionism prob had to come anyway. Israel well be able to surmount it new leaders and fresh ideas security of the state is no doubt. The deep question whether in its present condi this country can generate leaders.

The International Herald Tribune welcomes letters from readers. Short letters have a better chance of being published. All letters are subject to condensation for space reasons. Anonymous letters will not be considered for publication. Writers may request that their letters be signed only with initials, but preference will be given to those fully signed and bearing the writer's complete address.

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Using Electrocardiogram

Progress Is Reported in U.S. In Predicting Heart Attacks

ATLANTIC CITY, N.J., Nov. 9 (AP). — The electrocardiogram may now help predict the chances of a man having a fatal heart attack within five years.

This is the finding emerging from the examination of thousands of men in six countries by an international team of investigators under the direction of the University of Minnesota. The electrocardiogram has long been used to help diagnose heart problems already present.

The team examined 8,319 rural workers in five European countries and 2,451 active railroad workers in the United States. The men were followed up for five and 10 years. Examinations took place in such locations as the Russian border guard station in Finland, schoolhouses in Yugoslavia and civic auditoriums in Italy.

Major Risk Factors

The men were surveyed for the major risk factors in heart disease and were given electrocardiograms (ECGs) in a resting position and after exercise.

The study was described yesterday to the 1973 scientific sessions of the American Heart Association by Dr. Henry Blackburn, of the University of Minnesota, spokesman for the International Cooperative Study of Cardiovascular Disease Epidemiology.

The heart association said, "The ECG now shows promise of being able to weigh the chances of men having a heart attack and dying from it in the next five years."

The study has assigned risk factors to various abnormalities in the squiggly lines of the ECG that record the electrical signals from the heart.

Premature or "skipped" heartbeats do not appear highly important in prediction, the report said, despite other studies that have suggested they may be.

Dr. Blackburn said the findings suggest that the ECG is not appropriate alone as a mass screening device but rather provides additional risk information on top of such known risk factors as high blood pressure, high cholesterol and cigarette smoking.

"The ECG was not so dramatically predictive, however, among men who were already at the very highest levels of risk because of these elevated primary risk factors," Dr. Blackburn said.

It is not yet known, Dr. Blackburn said, just how effective preventive measures—such as diet, blood pressure reduction and cessation of smoking—will be in reducing future heart attack risk.

Clinical Studies

To answer that question, he said, there will have to be clinical studies of heart patients, healthy persons and those with the newly identified nonspecific ECG trouble signals.

The heart association also heard a report of a swift new urine test that can tell almost immediately whether a person has had a heart attack.

Such a test would be of significant value because patients often do not exhibit the classic symptoms of a heart attack and doctors may not immediately know how to treat the patient.

Present blood tests do not detect a heart attack for at least 12 hours after the onset, and traces of the attack wash out of the blood in two or three days.

The new test can detect signs of a heart attack in a few hours and the signs remain in the urine as long as four days after the attack, doctors said. This would be significant for a person who suffers a mild, or quiet, attack and does not seek immediate medical help.

The new test now can only be done readily in a clinical laboratory, but its developers are working to simplify it so doctors can perform it in their offices or at the bedside.



AFP.

CURIOSITIES OF NATURE—An interesting aspect of the vegetable world: one mushroom is seen growing on top of another one. Picture was taken in a pine forest near Limoges, in the south-central part of France.

British Take Preliminary Steps Toward Building Channel Tunnel

LONDON, Nov. 9 (Reuters).—The House of Commons last night took its first legislative steps toward the building of a Channel tunnel linking France and England, which has been talked about for at least 170 years.

The parliamentarians approved in principle, by a 176-135 vote, a bill giving government credits of up to £30 million for trial diggings from each coast and other preliminary work.

Opposition Labor members objected to the financial arrangements and other details for the tunnel, designed for trains carrying passengers and vehicles.

The bill is the forerunner of more extensive legislation and a British-French treaty concerning the proposed 32-mile-long project, of which 22 miles would be under the sea.

Prague Convicts Six As W. German Spies

PRAGUE, Nov. 9 (AP). — A West German and five Czechoslovaks have been sentenced to prison terms for spying for West Germany, a Czechoslovak newspaper announced.

Heinrich Tögel of West Germany received eight years, and the five Czechoslovaks, including three women, were given one to two years, Nova Svoboda said.

Sister of Jailed IRA Leader Is Injured by Blast at Home

BELFAST, Nov. 9 (Reuters).—The sister of former Irish Republican Army leader Joe Cahill was hospitalized today for injuries sustained when a bomb was tossed into her home in North Belfast.

The police said that Mrs. Theresa O'Hanlon, who has six children, was taken to the hospital just before midnight suffering from cuts on her legs and complaining of abdominal pains. Her condition was not thought to be serious.

Mrs. O'Hanlon's brother, Mr Cahill, is a former chief of the IRA's Provisional wing in Belfast. He is currently serving a three-year prison sentence in the Irish Republic for gun-running.

Today, bombers struck in the heart of Belfast, blowing up a Roman Catholic bar but causing no injuries. No warning was given but passersby called attention to a car parked outside Madden's Bar, which was surrounded with barbed wire and cement-filled oil drums to prevent such attacks.

The police and British troops cleared the area before the bomb went off, wrecking the bar and damaging buildings in Smithfield Market across the street. The police said the car contained up to 200 pounds of explosives packed into a beer keg, a hallmark of Protestant extremists.

In another explosion last night, three persons were injured when their car ran over a landmine placed on a road in County Tyrone near the border with the republic. A man and a woman were seriously hurt.

U.S. Approves Pan Am Plea On Schedules

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9 (Reuters).—The Civil Aeronautics Board said it has authorized international carriers to begin negotiations to cut back on services because of a fuel shortage.

The action was taken on a petition by Pan American World Airways earlier this week to conduct emergency talks with its international competitors to reduce flights and carrying capacity because of the threatened fuel shortages.

The agency said Pan Am is free to hold discussions with all other CAB licensed carriers—which includes most of the world's major airlines—on schedule adjustments, capacity reductions and consolidation of flights.

The only major condition set by the board was a request that the airlines attempt to continue service to markets served by only one flight a day.

Pan Am informed the board earlier in the week that two major international oil companies that provide it with more than 50 percent of its requirements predicted "massive shortfalls" of jet fuel.

Other international airlines have also reported difficulties in buying up scarce supplies of jet fuel around the world in the wake of the Arab nations' cutoff of shipments to Western nations.

The board today waived the usual requirement that formal negotiations take place in the presence of government officials and said it would allow Pan Am to contact other airlines by telephone, telegraph or any other means necessary.

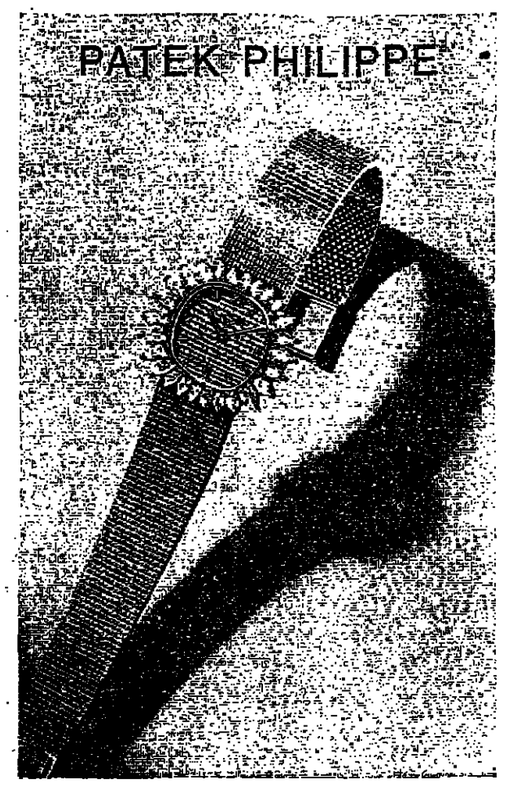
Charges Dropped In U.S.-Irish Case

FORT WORTH, Texas, Nov. 9 (UPI).—The contempt-of-court charges against five New York Irish-Americans who refused to testify about an alleged gun-running plot have been quietly dropped.

U.S. District Judge Leo Brewster, who first ordered the five to jail in June, 1972, declined to speculate whether he would reopen the investigation at a later date. He dropped the charges Tuesday, the same day the grand jury's term expired.

The five—Daniel Crawford, Paschal Morahan, Kenneth Tierney, Thomas Laffey and Mathias Reilly—had spent almost a year in jail. They were freed Aug. 10 on bond after Supreme Court Justice William O. Douglas interceded on their behalf.

The grand jury had attempted to question the men about a plot to buy guns or explosives in Texas, allegedly for use by the Irish Republican Army in Northern Ireland. The five were given immunity from prosecution but they said the immunity applied only in the U.S., not in Britain should they be extradited.



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French Senators Issue Report on Nation's Wiretaps

PARIS, Nov. 9 (AP).—A French Senate committee investigating official wiretaps in this country included today that between 3,000 and 5,000 telephones are bugged every day on a permanent spot basis.

Sen. Pierre Marcilhacy, president of the special committee, and Sen. René Monory, who drew up the report, said at a news conference that 99 percent of the wiretaps were illegal because they were not covered by a judicial order.

The committee's inquiry was opposed by the government, which controls the wiretap operations. The government has admitted that wiretap operations are conducted on a continuous basis but said that they are necessary for national security.

The committee was refused permission to visit the offices where the tapped conversations are taped. Several ministers refused to testify before the committee, citing the "secrecy of national defense."

Sen. Marcilhacy said that he was drawing up a parliamentary bill which would legalize wiretaps when necessary for public order but would require their approval by judicial authorities. Newsmen and opposition political leaders have complained that their phones were bugged.

Saigon Says Troops Attacked By Red Force Near Cambodia

SAIGON, Nov. 9 (Reuters).—A two-pronged government task force attempting to recapture a vital stretch of road along the Cambodian border was attacked early today, military sources said.

No details of the attack were known here. In skirmishes which began at dusk yesterday, 12 Communist troops were killed, five government troops were killed and 5 were wounded, according to a military spokesman.

Military sources said a government unit had fought its way back to Route-14, about 120 miles northeast of Saigon, but had lost its armored personnel carriers.

A regiment of the North Vietnamese 9th Division crossed the border from Cambodia last month, Saigon said, and, on Sunday and Tuesday, overran Bu Bong. Bu Krang and Dak Song camps to control a 30-mile stretch of the road.

Supply Route Cut

The North Vietnamese advance cut the only overland supply route to the capitals of Quang Duc and Binh Long Provinces, Gia Nghia and Song Be, and the government threw an armored task force into the area to try to drive the Communist forces back into Cambodia.

Military sources said the government high command, worried about the threats to Gia Nghia and Song Be, was also concerned about the Communists possibly making their newly built road through the Viet Cong border zones with Highway 21, a road leading to the town of Da Lat, 80 miles northeast of Saigon.

The four-party International Commission on Control and Supervision met today to consider the deteriorating military situation for the first time since Iran replaced Canada. The other members are Poland, Hungary and Indonesia.

The ICCS today agreed to investigate complaints about South Vietnamese bombing raids on Viet Cong towns north of Saigon and a Viet Cong rocket attack on Bien Hoa air base, ICCS sources said.

Investigators are expected to visit the sites within a few days, provided the Viet Cong and South Vietnamese cooperate.

College Is Retaken

PHNOM PENH, Nov. 9 (Reuters).—Cambodian troops have reoccupied a college building after clashing with insurgent forces about 40 miles northeast of here, the military high command reported today.

A command spokesman said government forces retook Chuon Nath College yesterday after they had driven out Communist-led insurgents from nearby Phnom Puros and Phnom Srey three days ago.

The spokesman said 30 insurgents were killed during the clashes at the towns, which are about 13 miles west of Kompong Cham, Cambodia's third largest city.

Pompidou to Visit Russia

MOSCOW, Nov. 9 (UPI).—French President Georges Pompidou will return to the Soviet Union early in January for another round of talks with Soviet party leader Leonid I. Brezhnev, Soviet sources said today.

Group Sex, Wife-Swapping, Smut Are Legalized in West Germany

BONN, Nov. 9 (Reuters).—The West German Bundesrat (upper house) today gave its final approval to laws legalizing group sex, wife-swapping and the sale of pornography.

The legislation allows the free sale of pornography—excluding material involving animals and children—to persons over 18 years of age.

Homosexual acts among men over 18 cease to be punishable and married couples are no longer legally barred from fornication.

Most of the law will come into effect within the next few days, but the sections dealing with pornography—a blooming trade in West Germany—will only become law at the beginning of 1975.

The measure lowers the age of sexual responsibility from 21 to 18, and in some cases to 16 and 14. It also permits sexual intercourse between relatives by marriage but retains the ban on incest.

Justice Minister Gerhard Jahn said the new law represented an effort to escape from 19th-century attitudes.

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Portrait of a Prince: Rainier of Monaco to Mark 25th Anniversary

By Mary Blume

PRINCE Rainier III succeeded his grandfather as Serene Prince of Monaco in May, 1949; his family, the Grimaldis, is the oldest ruling house in Europe. The principality is a constitutional monarchy with a parliament and a prime minister appointed from a list of three names submitted by France, with which Monaco has close ties defined by a 1918 treaty.

With about 150 hectares (370 acres), Monaco is not half the *size of Central Park; its territory* will, however, soon have increased by 20 percent thanks to extensive landfills and a railway tunnel. In 1971 Monaco had 23,395 residents, 4,529 of them Monegasque. There is no army or income tax. Monaco belongs to such international organizations as UNESCO, Interpol, the World Health Organization, the Atomic Energy Commission and the General Council of Mediterranean Fisheries (Prince Rainier gave up a plan to apply for a UN seat when it was made clear that, under the 1918 treaty, Monaco would be expected always to vote with France).

Two major crises in Prince Rainier's reign have been a 1963 attack by Gen. Charles de Gaulle at his most obstreperous who accused Monaco of being a haven for French tax evaders, especially *pieds noirs* returning from Africa, and who put up customs barriers and threatened to cut off Monaco's gas and electricity, and a battle with Aristotle Onassis over plans for the Société des Bains de Mer (SBM), which owns the casino and top hotels. Onassis being majority shareholder, Prince Rainier high-handedly and efficiently issued enough new stock to reduce Onassis's holdings to about 30 percent.



Prince Rainier

During the prince's reign gambling has dropped in importance (in 1880 it supplied 77 percent of Monaco's revenues), and year-round tourism and light industry have increased. The 1962 constitution gave women the vote.

Prince Rainier, 50, is attractive and easy to talk with. He married Grace Patricia Kelly in 1956 and they have three children: the heir to the throne, Prince Albert, 15, and two princesses, Caroline, 16, and Stephanie, 8. During the Vietnam war the entire family wore bracelets, each engraved with an American prisoner's name, and Princess Caroline wrote to prisoners' families. This interview took place among photographs of portraits of Monaco's princes, including Raynier I in chain mail, at Monaco's legation in Paris.

* * *

Q. This spring marks the 25th anniversary of your accession to the throne. How would you like to celebrate it?

A. Very calmly. I think the main thing is to give the public something they like and will remember. I'm trying to get away from all this stuffy protocol, I don't want it to be too rigorous.

Q. In 25 years what have been the most important changes?

A. Personally, getting married. The constitution was important. The decision to do away with railway track and put in a tunnel was important. The other important thing deals with the fact that our hotel situation was very low. In a couple of years we'll have 9,000 decent rooms from the four-star category to two-star luxe.

Q. You went to school in England and Switzerland and to university in Montpellier and Paris, where you studied economics and government. When you came to the throne did you feel well or ill equipped for the job?

A. Ill equipped. It's like running a business, but with political ties. I was away at school and I hadn't many friends in Monaco of my age. I think that's what's good about Albert's education, he's going to the lycée in Monaco, he's made friends whom he'll see later in life.

It's a small place. People live on top of each other and watch what each one does. It's like an aquarium, it's hard to make decisions without everyone knowing.

Q. You can't make a mistake in private?

A. You can't make a mistake period.

Q. Has the per capita income gone up during your reign? What social advantages do Monegasques enjoy?

A. Yes, per capita income has risen. I don't know the figures exactly, but there are over 13,000 cars on Monaco plates, which means a car for every two people, *the highest rate* in the world. There's no unemployment at all. We have social security benefits. For illness they get completely free care in the hospital, up to 80 percent reimbursement of medicines, and there are national pensions. We started *médecine du travail* before France. That's the interesting thing about being small: you can carry out experiments and if you make a mistake you can modify them.

Q. Has your budget ever been in deficit?

A. Never.

Q. Have you any problems with youth and drugs?

A. No. Maybe because we don't have a university, we have no drug problem. And we have a very good police force. I think it's better to have a preventive police force than a repressive one.

If you want to condense the situation of the Monegasque, he has a lot of rights and no duties. He doesn't contribute because there is no direct taxation, no military service, no civil service.

Q. It's really a trouble-free country?

A. For the moment.

Q. Are you anticipating trouble?

A. The important thing is not to put all your eggs in one basket and depend on tourism. We have had very few Americans this summer, and few Italians, too. We have to suffer from French crises, European crises, world crises without being involved in them at all.

Q. You seem to strike a very good balance, being serious about Monaco, but not heavy.

A. You come across a lot of mockery and bad imagery, such as that it's full of gamblers or the French phrase, *pays d'opérette*. It's a small country, it's a serious country. The more I go out the more I think small countries are useful. They have no eagerness to possess what their neighbors have. They should be given more latitude. I remember Mr. Pinay, whom I admire a lot, during the crisis with Gen. de Gaulle criticizing the French government strongly and saying I don't understand because this country could be the open window on trade coming into France.

Monaco is very different in atmosphere from other places along the coast. We had a symposium on the disposal of radioactive waste, with scientists from Russia, America, many countries. *They all said, for the first time* we were really able to talk because there were no political implications, no diplomats around, we were scientists together.

Q. For a small country, you did extremely well in your battle against two of the most formidable figures of the '60s, Gen. de Gaulle and Aristotle Onassis.

A. The claim that Gen. de Gaulle had against us was not founded. I think there was a lot of trouble with the Algerian affair and Morocco, and his failures there were taken out on us.

The accusation that we were a center of fiscal fraud and tax evasion—I had a survey made at the time that showed there were only about 23 French promoters in Monaco from Algeria and Africa, with about 16 billion francs in the bank. But when that crisis developed, the money went to Switzerland, not France.

I regret that during the crisis I sent three personal letters to De Gaulle, but the French foreign minister [Couve de Murville] was against us and I think it was because of him that I was never allowed to see Gen. de Gaulle.

Finally, they took it out on French residents of Monaco. Those who became residents after 1963 are now subject to French taxes. And companies that do over a certain percent of their business outside Monaco are taxed, but the tax is lower than in France.

Q. I read that De Gaulle became angry because you had ideas of grandeur.

A. I certainly wasn't up to his ankle in grandeur. The conception of grandeur was much more his than mine. I was just trying to put the principality back on the map and end the picture that all our income comes from gambling. In fact only 4.5 percent now comes from the casino.

Q. And Onassis?

A. The conflict with Onassis was completely different. I accepted that he become a majority shareholder in the SBM, he had wonderful ideas that were right up my alley because he wanted *gambling to be just* part of our income, he wanted to attract young people. The intentions as the years went by were not fulfilled at all. I'm still on very good terms with him.

Q. What did Onassis really want?

A. *I don't think he knew.* Being majority shareholder gave him press coverage and social standing. It gave him a visiting card to get his business going, and it was a good place to get started socially, too. I think it's very true, what Somerset Maugham said in "The Razor's Edge": Monte Carlo is a sunny spot for shady people. It's not a label, but there are some odd types there.

Q. The Côte d'Azur has been spoiled by new building. You have a power that mayors and town councils don't have to control *the building in the principality* at least. Are you often criticized for allowing Monaco to be ruined?

A. I don't like it either. What can you do? You can't make regulations that cover everything, you can't say I won't allow it if the builders are in conformity with the rules. There's one good thing and that's that there's not much room left for building.

Q. Wouldn't this be a good case for a little benevolent despotism?

A. Yes, I do stop a lot of things, but we have a Supreme Court and I can't go over their rulings.

Q. Are there constraints in your position?

A. Yes. You can't do what you want, but then where can you?

Q. Has there been talk of making Monaco a republic?

A. Yes, even in the time of my grandfather I heard it talked about. But the treaty with France makes it clear that if no member of the family were to rule Monaco, it would become a part of the Alpes-Maritimes, at best a *sous-préfecture* like Grasse.

Q. And the Monegasques would lose their tax-free status and other privileges?

A. Yes.

Q. Had you not been 33d Prince of Monaco, what would you have been?

A. Interesting question. I think I would have liked to have some activity attached to the sea. Anyway, I would have liked to live in the country and not in a big city. The sea or farming: an activity close to nature. Not necessarily in Europe—there are pioneers who have gone out to Africa and desolate countries and have developed things. Or even to America.

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LONDON THEATER

The Tragedy of Comedy

By John Walker

LONDON, Nov. 9 (IHT).—That dish phrase "the nuclear ... always suggests to me ... much a hapless father ... and child in isolation ... the rest of the world as an ... tion of enormous destruc... power. The family is nu... as in bomb, a Hiroshima of ... ul, or so this week's writers ... have us believe.

... nothing new. Coriolanus ... all, is a conquering hero ... ed by a word from his ... But modern authors ... t authentic tragedies while ... venturing outside the kit...

...ardo de Filippo's "Saturday ... Monday," adapted by ... Waterhouse and Willis Hall ... National Theatre, is a ... of family life although, ... slight change of emphasis, ... me material could as easily ... yed as tragedy. It is an... of the National's minor ...bus, a warm and amusing ...trongly cast and surely di... by Franco Zeffirelli.

...de Filippo's family is, nat... a Neapolitan one, extend... beyond parents and chil... to take in aunts and uncles ... as friends, all squabbling ... a weekend, that moment ...xation and togetherness all ... been anticipating joyfully ... the working week, only ... iscover that it is an un... break in their lives.

... many tensions are center... und the coldness that ex... tween Peppino (Frank Fin... nd his wife Rosa (Joan ...ght), a woman inordinate... ud of her cooking, who ... s love and food. (She might ...ily be a Jewish mother). ... still angry because, four ... s before, Peppino praised ...aughter-in-law's cooking ... seeking some rational ex...ion for her attitude—nat... neither asks the other ... the matter is—decides that ... having an affair with the ... charming accountant (Denis Quilley) who lives in ...xt apartment. During the ... of Sunday lunch, before ...ering of the entire family, ...uses her of infidelity.

... emotional scene is played ...reat effect by Mr. Finlay, ...oning his heavy-lidded ..., and Miss Plowright, al... her anger remains some... what earthbound. Finally, the misunderstanding is resolved and all ends happily, although plenty of tensions remain, between father and son over three generations, as well as between mother and her sons' wives and between the young lovers preparing for a lifetime of mutual discord.

All this is enjoyable—in the way that eavesdropping on neighbors' lives can be, or the equivalent of watching soap opera. But the play lacks the resonance of its English equivalent, David Storey's Œdipaean "The Farm," now at the Mayfair. (There, too, a family's destructive powers are temporarily abated by the harmony of a shared meal).

It may be that the play has lost something in translation or performance. It certainly lacks the significance accorded it by Italian critics on its premiere in Rome in 1959. I could wish, too, that Mr. Zeffirelli had used some other method of indicating the Italian setting than having the cast spika-da-broken-English, an affectation usually confined to British B-feature war films. He has also designed a hideous set.

But the acting in this superior soap opera is a joy. Laurence Olivier communicates great fun in the small role of the grandfather, a retired hatter who obsessively carries off and stretches any stray hat he can lay his hands on; and Anna Carteret is brilliant as a sluttish maid.

* * *

Mother-haunted children fill D.H. Lawrence's "The Merry-Go-Round," adapted and directed by Peter Gill at the Royal Court. In the last eight years, Mr. Gill has, in a series of brilliant productions, rescued from oblivion other Lawrence plays, but this early work, written in 1910, were better forgot.

Mr. Gill's emphasis on naturalism, on the rituals of everyday life—washing, bed-making, cooking—here slows down the action, something inflated and ponderous. Only occasionally do the long silences crackle with tension. The play itself is a curious work, ranging from comedy to lacerating scenes in which a family tears itself apart.

Lawrence's family, like Mr. de Filippo's, is matriarchal. At one point, the father threatens to chastise his grown-up daughter now that her mother is dead and cannot do so. The relationships between the men and the women are characterized by violence and an immature tenderness.

William Dudley's sets are as strongly rooted in a sense of precise location as Mr. Gill's direction. The acting, too, is of a high standard, although it might help if Derrick O'Connor were occasionally audible.

Lawrence handles clumsily his two themes: the effect on a family and, particularly, the son, of the protracted dying of the dominant mother, and the courtship of a middle-class nurse who attends her. The briskly comic ending suggests a desperation on the part of the author, an inability to work out these situations with any emotional truth.

A similar ambivalence, though on a much lower level, ruins the musical "Pippin" at Her Majesty's Theatre. From "Company" to "Applause" to "Pippin," the progression of Broadway musicals at this theater has been downhill, and now sharply declining with a show that has only Tony Walton's sets and a couple of brief moments by individual performers to recommend it.

Bob Fosse's slick direction only emphasizes its cynicism, as does his reduction of all dance routines to enthusiastic bumps and grinds. It has the same glibness that made Anthony Newley's "The Good Old, Bad Old Days" such a distressing experience.

A long vaudeville number on war, amid mutilated corpses, is repellent not so much for its bad taste, the mixture of chorus-girl sex and violence, as its condemnation of atrocities from show biz standards.

Episodic in construction, and anachronistic in treatment—"Camelot" crossed with "Cabaret"—the show follows the adventures of Charlemagne's son, who rejects power, glory and sex to settle down with an unattractive widow and child. Paul Jones's whey-faced passivity as Pippin provides an appropriately empty central performance for a hollow show.



Laurence Olivier and Clive Merrison in "Saturday Sunday Monday."

ON THE ARTS AGENDA

The first stage production of Rodgers and Hammerstein's "Sound of Music" in Germany had its premiere Nov. 9, by the American Theater Workshop, at the Amerika Haus Theater in Frankfurt, staged by David Carr. Later performances will be Nov. 10, 23, 24, 25 and Dec. 7, 8, 9, 21, 22 and 23.

* * *

Tchaikovsky's "Eugene Onegin" will return to the stage of the Vienna State Opera on Nov. 10, for the first time since 1961, in a new production staged by Werner Kelch and designed by Jürgen Rose. Gerd Albrecht will conduct, and the cast includes Ileana Cotrubas (later Teresa Zylis-Gara) as Tatiana, Bernd Weikl as Onegin, Peter Schreier as Lensky, and Peter Meven as Gremin. The work will be performed seven times through Dec. 1 before going to the Deutsche Oper in Berlin under a co-production arrangement. It will return to Vienna in May for performances during the 1974 Vienna Festival.

* * *

Negotiations are under way that are expected to take two units of the Darmstadt Staatstheater on tours to the Western Hemisphere in collaboration with the Goethe Institute. One would take the play company on a three-to-four-week tour in the fall of 1974, playing North American university stages with Franz Xaver Kroetz's "Mineisache," a production that has successfully been toured in Germany. In addition, the Darmstadt Dance Theater under Gerhard Bohner is slated for a four-to-six-week tour of major cities in South America in the spring of 1975.

* * *

Stephanie Rich will give a recital at the American Cultural Center, 3 Rue du Dragon, Paris, on Nov. 14 at 8:30 p.m. She won first prize for the same dramatic recital at the fringe festival in Edinburgh.

* * *

Claudio Arrau will give five recitals at the Théâtre de la Ville in Paris from Nov. 20 to 24, in the one-hour program at 6:30 p.m., with a program that includes Liszt's B-minor Sonata and Beethoven's "Waldstein" Sonata. The Chilean pianist has dedicated the recitals to the memory of his compatriot and friend Pablo Neruda.

* * *

A new production of Puccini's "La Bohème" will enter the repertory of the Paris Opéra Nov. 23 in a staging by Gian-Carlo Menotti, and with sets by Luigi Samaritani and costumes by Chloe Obensky. Aldo Ceccato will conduct, and the principals in the cast are Jeannette Pilou as Mimi, Joanna Bruno as Musetta, Carlo Cossutta as Rodolfo, Robert Kerns as Marcello and Jose Van Dam as Colline.

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34	11½	Addisco .60	33	68	14	13⅛	13⅞	-⅜
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82	57½	AetnaLfeC 2	10	167	72¼	71	71⅛	-1⅛
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6⅛	3	Alld Supmkt	10	55	5⅛	5	5	-⅛
13¾	8	AllsChl .22e	10	101	11¾	11⅛	11¼	-⅛
15½	7⅞	AlrlAut .50	5	17	8½	8⅛	8⅛	-⅜
17⅞	11⅛	AlphaPl .60	6	x3	15	14⅞	15	
80½	47⅛	Alcoa 1.94	14	283	73⅞	71	71⅞	-1½
26⅞	12¼	AmalSg 1.60	7	2	23⅞	23¾	23⅞	
14⅝	8⅝	AMBAC .50	6	10	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	-⅛
6½	4	Amcord .15e	6	18	5	4⅞	4⅞	-⅛
26¼	16⅛	Amerce 1120	6	5	20	20	20	
46	35	Amrc pf26.0		2	37	37	37	
50½	29¼	A Hess .30b	13	175	37⅞	36	36½	-1½
112½	67¼	A Hes pf3.53		33	87	83¾	84	-2½
40	15½	AAirFlt 4.2	17	33	20½	19⅛	19⅛	-¾
25⅝	9¼	Am Airlin		213	12⅛	11⅞	12⅛	-⅛
45⅛	33⅛	ABrnds 2.38	7	90	36¾	35½	36⅛	+¾
34¼	21⅞	AmBdcst 6.4	8	1058	24⅞	24	24	-1⅛
47½	9⅝	AmBldM 2.8	7	13	10	9⅝	9⅞	+⅛
34¾	27¼	Am Can 22.0	8	107	28⅝	28	28¼	-⅛
26	22½	A Can pf1.75		1	24½	24½	24½	
26⅛	14¼	ACnIM 2.29e	9	23	15⅛	14⅝	14⅞	-⅝
28¼	9½	A Chain 1.20	6	15	24	23½	23½	-⅛
32⅛	20	A Cyan 1.42	9	180	23⅞	22½	22¼	
27½	17¼	Am Distill 1	14	6	18¼	18	18	-½
61⅞	35¼	AmDisTl .48	21	23	41¾	41	41	-1
11⅛	3⅞	AmDualVt		14	6	5⅞	5⅝	-⅛
13⅛	11⅛	ADul pf.84a		2	11¾	11¾	11¾	
30¾	24½	A ElPw 1.90	8	309	24⅞	24⅛	24¼	-⅜
25⅝	5	AmFin 1.10	11	77	16⅝	16½	16½	-⅛
28⅞	24⅛	AGeBd 1.98e		51	25⅞	25⅛	25⅛	-⅛
22⅞	17	AGnCv 1.42e		50	18½	17⅞	18	+⅛
21⅞	13¼	A Gnins .60	6	49	15½	14⅞	14⅞	-⅝
31¼	24¾	A Gin pf1.80		24	26¾	26⅛	26⅛	+⅛
17⅝	10⅛	AmHoist .60	7	x38	13⅞	13¼	13¼	-⅜
48¼	40	A Home .65	35	299	42⅞	42⅛	42½	-½
216	180	A Home pf 2		3	190¼	190¼	190¼	-½
52¼	16½	AmHosp .28	37	200	40⅞	40½	40⅞	+⅜
12½	7½	AmInves .50	11	4	7¾	7¾	7¾	-⅛
37⅛	6⅞	A Medicl .12	6	123	7⅞	7⅝	7⅝	-½
12⅛	4	A Medicorp	3	48	5	4⅞	4⅞	
48¼	29	A MtlCl 1.50	13	423	48⅞	47¼	48⅛	+¾
117	86	A Clx pf5.25		43	118¾	115½	117½	-½
9¼	6¾	Am Motors	5	624	9	8½	8⅝	-⅛
47	30¼	ANatGs 2.40	7	75	33⅝	32⅝	32⅞	+⅛
18⅝	7¾	AmSeal .36p		37	7⅞	7¾	7⅞	-⅛
28⅞	14¾	AmShip .68	7	19	17¼	17⅛	17⅛	-⅛
26⅛	7¼	ASmltR 1.20	6	294	24⅛	23⅝	23⅞	+⅛
76¼	10½	AmStand .70	7	328	15⅛	14⅞	15	
63	54¼	A Std pf4.75		5	60⅛	59¾	59¾	-1
75½	10	AmSteril .28	15	40	12⅜	12	12	-⅜
9⅝	4¾	AT&T wt		263	5⅛	5	5⅛	
55	46⅝	AmT&T 2.80	9	651	48⅝	48⅜	48⅛	-½
47⅞	54⅞	AmT&T pf 4		105	57	56⅝	56⅝	-⅝
53½	48⅞	ATT pfA3.64		80	50⅝	50⅛	50⅛	-⅛
13½	9⅞	AWatWk .64	6	10	10	10	10	
16⅞	14½	AW prf 1.25		y100	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	
7		AW4.pf .4		y700	8½	8⅛	8⅛	-
21½	17	AW4.1pf 1.43		y700	18¼	18⅛	18⅛	-½
12	4¾	AmesD .10h	4	19	5	4½	4⅞	-⅛
18⅞	11¾	Ametek .70	8	24	15¾	15⅛	15⅛	-⅝
57⅛	21⅜	AMF In 1.24	8	294	27¾	25⅞	25⅞	-2¼
31¾	13⅜	Amfac 6.4	6	192	16	15⅝	15⅞	
52⅞	38	AMP .07h	40	197	48½	47½	47⅝	-¾
9	6⅞	AmpPgh .36	5	4	8	8	8	-⅛
6⅞	3¼	Ampex Corp	11	53	4¾	4⅝	4¾	
14½	5½	Amrep Corp	6	8	5⅞	5½	5⅞	-⅛
30	22⅛	Amstar 1.70	6	18	25½	25½	25½	
9½	8¼	Amstr pf.68		4	8½	8½	8½	
46⅝	35¾	Amsted 2.60	7	15	41⅞	41⅜	41⅝	
7¾	4½	Amtel .20	7	68	7⅛	7	7	-⅜
29½	17⅛	Anacon .50	9	313	25¾	23¾	23¾	-2¾
29⅞	16⅝	AnchrH 1.08	6	66	18	17¼	17½	+⅜
24⅛	14⅝	And Clay .80	6	26	21⅞	21⅛	21⅛	-¾
19⅝	7½	Angelica .10	13	5	10	10	10	
19¾	11⅛	AnsulCo .50t	8	9	15¼	14¾	14¾	-½
19	12	Apache .35b	8	56	17¼	16⅛	16⅛	-⅞
28½	12⅛	ApcoO .89t		3	16¾	16½	16½	-⅜
7⅛	3	Apeco .12p	22	87	3⅜	3¼	3⅛	-⅛
21½	7½	APL Corp	3	x849	8⅛	7⅝	7¾	-1
20	12¼	APL pfC1.06		1	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝	-⅝
9⅛	4	Applid Mag	13	29	6⅛	5⅞	6⅛	+⅛
155¼	113	ARA Sv 1.32	26	54	134	132	132¼	-1½
14⅛	5⅞	ArcatN .14	26	81	8⅝	7⅞	7⅝	-1
33	22	ArclaN pf 2		1	24	24	24	+½
50½	21¼	ArchDan .50	16	47	44½	42¾	42¾	-1⅞
19⅛	3½	Arctic Entr		45	6	5⅝	5⅝	-⅜
13⅞	10	Aristal .72	6	94	11¾	11⅛	11⅛	-⅜
24⅞	18¼	ArizPSv 1.36	8	64	21¼	20⅝	20⅝	-⅝
22	9	ArBest .40	9	28	9	8¾	8¾	-⅛
13¾	4	Arlen RltyD	12	51	4½	4⅛	4⅛	-⅜
10¼	4⅞	Armada Cp	29	83	9¾	9	9⅞	+⅛
25¼	18½	Armco 1.20a	7	201	23½	22¾	22¾	-¾
31½	27½	Arm pf 2.10		7	29¼	29¼	29¼	
65	54	Armr pf4.75		z110	59	58⅝	58⅝	-1⅛
34¼	21¾	ArmstCk .84	13	40	28⅝	28¼	28⅜	+½
33	23	Arm Ru 1.60	4	26	24	23⅞	23⅞	-⅝
21⅛	13¾	Aro Cp .90	6	9	15¼	14⅝	14⅝	-⅝
27⅜	13⅞	ArvinInd .52	9	73	13⅞	13⅛	13⅛	-⅝
55¾	34½	ASA Ltd .50		167	49½	47¾	49½	+2⅜
		ASA Lt fn.50		15	44⅝	43	44⅝	
33⅞	23¼	AshdOil 1.30	8	128	28½	27⅜	28⅛	+⅞
54½	30	AsdDrG 1.40	9	73	34	33¾	33½	-⅝
33⅜	22	AsdSpg 1.20	7	1	25	25	25	-⅝
9⅝	5½	Asd Transp		78	9⅞	9⅝	9⅝	+⅛
15⅝	9½	Athlone .52b	3	11	13⅝	13	13	-⅝
23	14¾	AtlcMt 2.06e	7	34	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝	
21½	19½	AtlCyEl 1.47	8	27	19⅝	19½	19½	-⅛
113¾	66½	All Richfl 2	25	477	107½	105	106½	-1¾
55⅛	49½	AtlRc pf3.75		z50	51½	51½	51½	
190¼	113¾	AtlRch pf 3		1	180	180	180	-3
73¼	50¾	AtlRc pf2.80		243	70½	69	69⅞	-1⅛
2⅞	1½	Atlas Corp	47	324	2⅜	2¼	2⅜	+⅛
10½	6	ATO Inc .16	5	40	7½	7⅛	7⅛	-⅛
94¾	37½	Autom Data	39	22	55½	58	58	-2⅛
8	3½	Autom Ind	3	51	3⅝	3½	3½	
16	8	Avco Corp	5	107	9⅞	9½	9⅝	-⅛
4	1⅜	Avco Cp wt		63	2⅛	2	2	
46⅞	34½	Avco pf3.20		19	36⅞	36	36½	-⅝
51½	36½	AveryPd .25	34	32	45½	45⅛	45⅛	
52¼	17½	Avisinc .40	9	164	20¾	20⅛	20⅛	-⅝
12⅞	6⅞	AvnetInc .30	5	109	9⅞	9⅝	9⅝	-⅛
140	84¼	AvonPd 1.40	39	x556	91⅛	88⅞	89	-2¼
29	10½	AztecO 1.32t	57	98	23⅞	22⅞	22⅞	-⅝

B

1973 High	Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
91	21⅝	BabckW .80	19	470	32½	31	31¼	+1⅝
10⅝	4⅝	Bache .15e		40	6¾	6½	6½	
39	17	Baker In .16	19	74	21¾	21½	21½	-¼
41¾	22⅝	BakerOil .37	39	130	43	41	42⅛	+1⅝
17¾	11	BaldDH .40	7	15	15⅝	15½	15½	-⅝
31¼	24⅝	BalGE 1.96	8	117	25⅝	24⅞	25	
26⅝	22⅛	BanCal 1.34	9	7	23½	23½	23½	
43	23⅛	Bandag Inc	45	298	37¾	37	37	-½
18⅝	5¾	Bangr Punt	3	35	7⅝	7⅛	7¼	-¼
30	21½	BangP pf 2		2	21¾	21¾	21¾	-⅝
22⅛	14	Bang pf1.25		1	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	-⅝
42	31⅝	Bnk of NY 2	7	22	34½	33⅝	33⅝	-1⅛
37	24⅝	Bk of Va .88	11	3	27¼	27¼	27¼	+½
68	49½	BankTr 3	8	16	52	51½	51¾	+½
43⅝	26⅝	BarbOil .20e		14	32⅞	32¼	32⅛	-⅝
39½	20¼	BardC .18a	29	24	24¾	24¼	24½	-⅛
30½	22¾	BarnM 2.66a	6	28	25	24¼	24⅝	-⅝
9	6	BasicInc .40	6	7	7⅝	7½	7½	-¼
17⅞	9½	BatesMf .20	14	57	17¼	16⅝	16⅞	-⅝
22	15	Bate Mf pf 1		19	21½	20½	20½	-1
36⅞	18	BathInd .30	6	29	20¼	19⅝	19⅝	-⅞
60¼	17⅛	BauschL .42	25	812	45⅞	42⅛	42⅜	-3⅛
61⅝	41¼	BaxtLa .15	56	143	54⅜	52⅝	52⅞	-1⅞
13¾	9¼	BaykCig .50	8	9	12	11¾	12	+¼
61	32½	Bearings .64	12	24	47	46⅛	46⅛	-⅞
20¼	19¾	BeatFd .62	15	279	23	22¼	22½	-½
47¾	21¾	Beckmn .50	21	13	37¾	36¾	37	
44¾	32⅝	BectDic .35	28	71	41	39½	39½	-1⅛
25⅝	12⅛	BeechA .75b	6	51	13⅞	13½	13½	-¼
5½	2½	vjBeech Crk		z100	3¼	3¼	3¼	
17¾	9	BelcoPt .25r	9	40	16¾	16⅛	16⅝	-⅝
30¾	17¾	Belden 1.20	7	5	19	18⅞	19	+⅜
15¾	7¾	BeldHe .30b	13	114	10½	10	10⅛	+⅜
56⅞	22¼	Bell How .84	9	51	31	30¾	30⅛	-⅝
28	16⅛	BemisCo .80	6	16	18⅝	17¾	17¾	-⅝
51⅞	31⅛	Bendix 1.60	7	85	34¼	32	32	-1⅞
76¼	49½	Bendix pf 3		5	55½	55	55¼	+⅝
53	22½	BenfiCp 1.25	7	168	28⅞	28⅝	28⅝	
112½	62	Benef pf4.30		3	69½	68½	69½	+½
35½	30½	Bnfl 5pf 2.50		z20	31	31	31	
5⅞	2½	Benguet	7	161	4	3⅝	3⅝	-⅜
		Benguet In		5	4	4	4	
22⅛	9	Berkey .05e	7	44	12⅞	12¼	12¼	-½
35½	24⅝	BethStl 1.60	6	399	33¼	32⅜	32⅝	-⅝
60⅛	33½	BigThre .60	21	76	54	52⅝	52⅝	-1
127	95⅜	BlackD 1.08	46	193	122⅝	121⅛	121¾	-¾
13	6⅜	BlairJhn .48	5	18	7	6⅝	6⅝	-⅛
21¾	14¾	BlissLau 1b	5	10	15	14¾	14¾	-¼
17	5⅞	BlockHR .32	11	x38	11⅝	11½	11⅝	+½
38	13⅛	BlueBel .65a	6	x36	16¼	15½	15½	-⅝
9⅝	3¼	Bobbie Brks	6	50	3⅝	3⅛	3⅝	+⅛
26⅞	15⅞	Boeing .40	8	203	18⅞	18⅛	18½	-¼
18⅝	8¼	Boise Cas	6	462	16⅝	15¾	15¾	-½
7⅝	3⅞	Bond Ind		5	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	
29	17⅝	BkMnth 1.08	6	10	17⅞	17¼	17¼	-⅛
31¾	19⅞	Borden 1.20	8	168	21½	20¾	20¾	-⅝
36⅝	20½	BrgWar 1.35	6	226	23⅝	21¾	21¾	-2⅛
6	3	Bormans		16	3⅝	3½	3⅝	+⅛
39⅛	29⅝	BosEd 2.44	9	42	30	29¾	29¾	-⅛
118	108	Bos E pf8.88		z50	112½	112½	112½	+½
21	10¼	Bourns Inc	9	15	18⅛	17¾	17⅞	-⅝
16¼	8¼	Branlf Alrw	9	319	11⅛	10⅝	10⅝	-¾
63⅝	50⅛	BriggsS 1.40	14	45	55¾	55	55	-½
71¾	53⅝	BrisMy 1.32	19	203	58⅝	58	58	-⅝
46⅝	38⅛	BristM pf 2		14	39⅞	39⅝	39⅞	+⅛
16⅛	12½	BritPet .37e	15	1558	15⅛	14⅞	15	-⅛
		BritPl fn.37e		100	13⅝	13⅜	13⅝	
43⅛	26¾	BdwyHal .80	14	x64	28⅞	28¼	28¼	-¾
27⅝	12¼	BrkwyGl .75	3	36	12½	12⅛	12¼	
25⅞	19⅞	BkyUG 1.72	9	56	20⅞	20⅝	20⅞	+⅜
16⅛	7	Brown Co	6	15	14⅛	13⅝	13⅝	-½
34⅝	22	BrnGrp 1.60	7	70	25½	25⅛	25½	+⅜
15	8½	BwnShrp .20	9	51	11¼	10¾	10¾	-1
30	11	BrwnFer .12	14	75	12½	12¼	12¼	
37⅝	23⅛	Brunswk .24	9	131	21⅞	20¾	20⅞	-1⅛
37	21¼	BrushW .40	8	8	26½	26¼	26½	+⅛
34⅛	23	BT Mt 2.78e	10	23	28⅛	27⅝	27⅝	-⅛
45½	13⅝	BucyEr 1.30	18	141	44⅝	44	44	-½
16¾	11⅛	BuddCb .80	3	97	13⅝	12½	12⅝	-⅞
7⅛	6½	BudCa pf.60		2	6⅞	6⅝	6⅝	
30¼	19⅛	ButtFor 1.30	9	3	22¼	22	22	-¼
31¼	25½	Bkdlnv 3.97e	8	28	30¾	30⅜	30⅜	-⅛
20⅞	10½	BulovaW .70	8	71	15⅝	15⅛	15⅛	-⅛
37⅝	8½	BunkrRa .40	61	30	9⅞	9⅝	9⅝	
34	16¾	Bunk pf1.50		2	17⅜	17⅜	17⅜	+¼
38¾	25¼	Burl Ind1.40	10	108	31⅞	30½	30⅞	-½
47¾	36¾	BurlNor 1.53	12	537	45	43⅞	43⅞	-⅞
8⅛	7	BurlNr pf.55		10	7⅜	7⅛	7⅛	-⅛
35⅛	17⅞	Burndy .74	15	25	30¼	30⅛	30¼	-½
252¾	209⅞	Burrghs .80	44	169	246¾	241¼	241⅞	-1⅝

C

1973 High	Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
29¾	22⅝	CabCF 2.35a	11	7	28⅝	28¼	28¼	-⅛
42¼	23¼	Cabot Cp .92	8	5	31⅛	31⅛	31⅛	+⅛
8⅝	3⅛	Cadence Ind	3	11	3⅞	3¼	3⅞	+⅛
3½	3	Caesars Wrl	5	52	3½	3⅛	3⅛	+⅛
7½	3½	Cal Financl	4	36	4	3¾	3¾	-⅛
20⅝	18	KalPUt 1.32	6	1	18⅛	18¼	18⅛	-⅛
13	8½	CallahM .34f	18	32	10⅛	10½	10⅞	+⅛
32	18½	CamB 2.53e	6	46	18¾	17¼	17¾	-1⅛
71⅝	35⅛	CampR .50a	31	32	59½	57¾	59½	+2
		CmR fn.50a		2	55	55	55	
35	27¼	CampS 1.18	13	31	32	31⅝	31⅞	
19⅝	16⅝	CdnPac .74e	11	468	18⅝	17¾	18	-⅝
		CdnP fn.74e		23	16½	16½	16½	
62⅞	35	CapCit Ccm	16	37	41¾	41	41¼	
32¼	23⅝	CapHold .26	20	x75	29⅞	29⅛	29⅛	-¾
27⅛	22	CapMt 2.57e	8	8	24½	24	24	
73¼	41	Carbrn 1.60	9	5	50½	50	50	-½
6⅝	4	Cdn Brew		16	4⅝	4½	4½	+⅛
25	15½	Carlisle .68	6	x6	17¾	17¼	17¼	+⅛
14⅝	7¾	CaroFrg .40	6	10	7¾	7⅝	7⅝	-⅛
30⅝	21¼	CaroPw 1.60	7	179	21⅞	21¼	21¼	
32½	20	CarTec 1.30	7	42	28¾	27¾	27¾	-1½
30¼	18¼	CarrCp .57	13	x374	20¾	20	20	-¼
18⅝	12¾	CarGnl 1.27e		1	14¼	14¼	14¼	+⅛
27¼	8½	CartWr .40a	15	38	9½	9⅛	9⅛	
13	10½	LascNGs .72	7	27	10⅞	10⅝	10⅞	+⅛
18½	12¼	CastleC .60b	9	127	17⅝	14⅝	17¼	+⅛
77⅞	53⅝	CaterTr 1.60	16	225	69⅛	67⅝	68⅛	-⅞
6⅝	2½	Cavngh Cm	3	31	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	
4¼	2¾	CCI Corp		8	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞	
26½	14⅛	Cecu Co	6	19	15	14½	15	+½
42¼	28¼	Celanese 2	6	144	34⅝	32¾	32⅞	-1⅝
23⅝	9¾	Cencolnc .20	10	191	15⅝	15⅛	15⅛	-¼
28½	10	Centex .12e	13	7	16	15⅝	15⅝	-¼
24⅝	20¾	CenHud 1.72	7	9	22½	22⅛	22⅛	+⅛
25⅝	19⅝	CenIlILt 1.60	9	22	20⅝	20½	20½	-⅛
65½	56	CnILt pf4.50		z22	58	58	58	-¼
19⅛	14⅝	CenIlPS 1.20	10	91	15	14⅞	14⅞	-⅛
25	20⅝	CenLaE 1.16	11	20	21	20⅞	20⅞	-⅛
18⅝	15¼	CeMPw 1.26	9	13	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	+⅛
23¾	18¼	CenSoW 1.28	10	616	18⅝	17¼	17¼	-1¼
43⅝	24⅛	Cn Soya 1.20	01	44	37¾	37	37	-⅞
25	23⅝	CenTU 1.34a	12	42	23⅝	23	23	-½
17½	12⅝	CerroCp .80	3	30	16⅛	16	16⅛	+⅛
22⅝	12½	Cert-teed .50	5	27	13¾	13⅛	13⅛	+⅛
43½	25	Crt-teo pf.90		2	25¼	25¼	25¼	+¼
34½	16½	Cessna .80	7	112	22½	21	21	-1¼
2¾	1½	Chadbrn Inc		23	1½	1½	1½	
23	14⅞	Chmplnt .72	7	347	18⅞	18⅜	18⅛	-⅝
74	65½	Chml pf5.50		z100	68¼	68¼	68¼	-¼
24	19	Chml pf1.20		29	20⅝	20	20	-⅞
20¼	12¾	ChemSp .52	15	432	20	19⅛	19⅞	+⅞
30	13⅞	ChartrCo .40		5	22¾	22¼	22¼	-¾
35⅝	27⅞	Chartr NY	7	27	29½	28⅝	28⅝	-⅜
12	9⅛	ChaseFd .72		41	9	9⅞	9⅞	
63⅝	41½	ChasManh 2	10	273	52⅞	53⅛	53⅞	
70	43⅝	ChasT 4.66e	11	38	53½	52⅛	52⅛	-⅝
23	15	Checker Mt	8	2	17	17	17	-¼
13⅝	6¾	Chelsea .30	4	22	7⅛	6⅞	6⅞	-¼
22	13¾	Chemetrn 1	7	43	17¾	17¼	17¼	-¼
54½	40	ChmNY 2.98	7	35	46⅝	46	46	-⅞
42¼	29⅞	ChesVa 1.60	9	1	38⅞	38⅞	38⅞	-⅝
92	68¼	Chsbgh 1.12	30	31	73	72	72½	-1
54⅛	40	Chessie 3.60	6	210	51⅝	50¾	51⅜	+⅝
13¾	9½	ChEasIll .26	9	6	13⅞	13⅛	13⅛	-⅛
11½	5½	ChiMilw Cp	4	135	10⅛	9¾	9¾	-⅛
18	12	Chi Milw pf		4	15⅜	15⅛	15⅛	+⅛
46⅞	32	ChiPneuT 2	10	20	33⅝	32⅛	32⅛	-⅞
26¾	10¾	ChRI ct UP		5	13	13	13	
7	4⅛	ChkFull .22e	8	9	5	4⅞	4⅞	
6⅝	3⅝	Chris Craft	14	80	4⅛	4	4⅛	
11⅞	8⅛	ChrsCft pf 1		2	9	9	9	-¼
20⅞	11⅛	Chromal .70	5	43	12⅝	12¼	12½	-⅝
85	63	Chroma pf 5		1	67½	67½	67½	-½
44⅞	20⅞	Chryslr 1.40	4	1650	20⅞	20	20¼	-⅞
18½	6⅝	Chrysler wt		200	7	6⅞	6⅞	-⅛
25	14⅞	Cl Mfg 2.04e	7	x33	16½	16⅛	16⅛	-⅛
22⅞	18⅛	CinBell 1.30	8	9	19½	19¼	19½	+⅛
25½	20⅞	CinnGE 1.64	8	77	22½	21½	21⅞	-⅝
63½	60¼	CinG pf4.75		z100	63½	63½	63½	
44⅛	25⅛	CinMila 1.40	15	16	33⅝	32½	32⅞	-1
49¼	35	CIT Fin 2.20	10	110	43⅞	42½	42⅞	-½
55⅝	41¾	CitiesSv 2.20	11	274	54⅞	53¾	54	-⅝
39¾	29⅝	CitzSo 3.02e	11	42	37½	37	37⅛	
16	10⅛	CityInvst .60	4	100	12⅝	11⅞	11⅞	-⅝
4⅝	1¾	City Inv wt		12	1¾	1⅝	1¾	-⅛
30½	23	CityIn pf B2		40	24⅝	24	24	-½
33½	21½	CityIn pf1.31		3	26¾	26¾	26¾	
7⅞	4⅛	City Strs	6	10	4⅜	4¼	4¼	-⅛
57	46	ClarkE 1.52	13	35	49⅞	49⅝	49⅞	+¼
28⅝	16¼	ClarkO .40a	5	101	21½	20	20⅜	-1
11	5	CLC Am	4	35	5¼	5⅛	5⅛	-⅛
83⅝	56½	ClvClf 2.10a	11	2	75⅝	75⅝	75⅝	-1
37⅞	25¾	CivElIll 2.32	9	193	30⅝	30	30¼	-⅛
15⅛	8¼	vjClev Pitt		z30	11⅛	11	11⅛	+1
10	6⅛	vjClevPlt Sp		z200	9	7⅛	9	+1⅝
51	15⅝	CloroxCo .52	12	391	15	14½	14⅝	-⅝
19⅝	7½	CluetPea .50	8	67	7¾	7⅝	7⅝	
15⅝	11⅛	CluetP pf 1		2	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	-⅛
9⅞	18¾	CMIInv Cp	7	463	19½	15¼	15⅝	-2½
20⅝	10¾	CNA Fin .58	4	392	18⅜	10⅜	10⅜	-⅛
26¼	14⅝	CNA pfA1.10		83	15¾	14⅞	15	+⅛
		CNA In .27e		18	13⅞	13	13⅜	
35½	7	CoastSt Gas	5	1482	10⅞	10⅛	10⅛	+½
42	18	CstSG pf1.83		75	22	21⅛	21⅝	+1
40¾	14⅞	CstSG pf1.19		36	17	16½	16⅛	-⅛
150	131	CocaCol 1.90	42	76	144⅛	143¼	143¼	-¼
27	17	CocaBtlg .38	27	131	24⅞	24⅛	24⅛	-⅛
26¾	12	ColdwBK .36	8	20	17⅝	16½	16½	-1⅛
27½	7⅝	Colecoln .06	11	49	8½	8	8⅛	+⅛
35⅞	23⅝	Colg Pal .54	24	249	32¼	31	31	-1⅛
57	50	ColgP pf3.50		z100	51	51	51	-½
18⅞	10	CollinAlk .56	7	39	10⅝	10⅛	10⅛	-⅝
20⅞	8	Collins Fd	9	215	9⅝	9½	9⅝	
25⅞	15¼	Collins Rad	17	5	24⅝	24⅛	24⅛	
70	39¾	ColPenn .20	34	149	57¾	56	56½	-1
22¼	14¼	ColonSt 1.04	7	33	17⅝	17¼	17¼	+⅛
22½	13½	Colt Ind .70	6	46	17⅝	17⅛	17⅛	
54½	47¾	Colt I pf4.25		4	49¼	48¾	48¾	-½
52	28⅝	CBS 1.46	9	67	32⅞	31¾	31¾	-⅝
33⅝	25⅛	ColGas 1.90	8	204	27⅝	26⅞	27⅛	+1⅜
9⅝	4	Colum Pict		35	4⅝	4¼	4⅜	-⅛
29	23⅝	ColSOh 1.92	8	88	24⅜	23⅞	24⅛	-⅛
30¾	24¾	ColwM 3.07e	8	27	28½	27⅞	28⅛	+⅛
90	49⅝	CombE 1.51	22	525	93½	89⅝	89⅝	-⅝
22⅛	10¼	ComlSol .40	13	29	18¼	18	18⅛	-⅛
36⅜	23	ComwE 2.30	9	148	28½	28¼	28½	
10⅜	9¾	ComE A wt		2	9¾	9¾	9¾	
12¼	9¾	ComEdB wt		5	9¾	9¾	9¾	
93	91¼	ComE pf7.24		z97	95	95	95	+⅝
26⅜	23¼	ComE pf1.90		81	24¾	24⅝	24⅝	-⅛
24¼	19	ComE pf1.42		5	19½	19⅛	19⅛	-⅛
15¾	6½	ComwO .18t	11	423	12¾	12½	12½	+⅛
27	18¼	ComO pf1.72		14	23¾	23	23	-⅛
5½	2¼	Comput Sci		49	3	2⅞	2⅞	
64½	42¼	Comsat .68	15	448	49½	47¼	47¼	-1⅞
17⅞	11⅝	CbnAgr .50r	9	6	12⅞	12¾	12⅞	+⅛
24¾	16	CneMill 1.08	6	18	17½	17⅛	17⅛	
28½	18	ConnG 1.84e	13	28	21¾	21	21½	-½
31⅝	14¼	Conrac .60	8	10	18½	17⅝	17⅝	-⅝
26	21⅛	ConEd 1.80	9	185	21½	21⅛	21⅛	-⅛
84½	72½	ConEd pf 6		4	73⅝	73	73	-⅜
68	60	ConEd pf 5		3	61	60½	60	
46⅞	27	ConFds 1.35	10	142	29⅝	28¼	28⅜	-⅝
114⅞	72	Con F pf4.50		3	76½	76⅛	76⅛	-⅛
23⅝	10½	ConFrgt .56	32	93	16½	15⅞	15⅞	-½
32	25¼	ConNGs 2.03	7	53	25⅞	25½	25½	
30⅝	24¾	ConsuPow 2	9	144	25	24⅝	24⅞	+⅛
104½	95	ChPw pf7.72		z300	97½	97	97	-½
102	92½	ChPw pf7.45		1	95	95	95	-½
45¾	55¼	ChPw pf4.50		z140	57	56½	56½	+½
17⅝	6⅜	Cont Air Lin	61	155	8	7⅝	7⅝	-⅛
30⅞	22½	Cnt Can 1.60	7	151	24⅝	24¼	24½	+⅛
10⅞	4⅛	ConCop .10e	4	56	8⅝	7¾	7¾	-⅝
45¾	34⅝	Cont Cp 2.40	7	215	40⅝	39⅝	40¼	+⅝
49⅝	38½	Ct C pfA2.50		6	43⅝	43	43½	+1
49¾	39	Ct C pfB2.50		1	43½	43½	43½	+½
61⅝	54¼	ConllCp 1.96	11	19	58	57½	57⅝	+⅛
18⅞	15⅛	ConllP 1.41e	14	53	18	17	18	+⅞
26⅛	15	ConllR 1.77e	9	52	18	17¾	17¾	-¼
15⅝	3¾	Cont Invst	7	49	4⅝	4¼	4¼	-¼
14	9	CnMtg 1.09e	9	49	10½	10¼	10¼	-⅛
46½	26⅜	ContOil 1.60	11	462	46⅞	45⅞	45⅞	-½
65	37½	ContOil pf 2		2	65	61	65	
25⅝	18⅝	ContTel .92	12	196	21⅞	20⅞	20⅞	-⅜
82	39⅝	Control Dat	10	589	43⅛	41⅝	42	-⅝
32	24¾	Cbnwood 2	8	14	27⅜	27¼	27¼	
14⅝	7	CookUnit .52	5	153	7¼	7	7¼	+¼
44¾	21½	Cooperin .80	12	138	42½	41¾	42	
31⅞	6½	Cooper Lab	12	33	7⅞	7½	7½	-⅛
20⅝	12¾	CoopT 1.09e	6	14	12¾	12½	12½	-½
21½	15	CopT pf1.25		3	15½	15	15½	
26⅛	16¼	Copeind .48	11	307	19	17¾	17¾	-1
24⅛	12⅝	Copp Rnge	10	61	21½	19⅞	19⅞	-1⅛
30½	21	CopwCp 1.60	5	42	27	25¾	26	-¾
15½	3¼	Cordura Cp	3	87	4⅝	4	4	-⅝
123½	89½	CorngG 1.12	25	399	101¼	97¾	97¾	-2¾
30⅞	23¼	Cousin 2.32e	11	38	26⅞	26	26	-½
9⅝	4¾	Cowles Com	17	15	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	-⅛
40¼	18¼	CoxBdct .35	11	27	21⅞	20¼	20½	-1⅞
34	25½	CPC Int 1.77	10	82	32¼	31¾	31⅞	-⅛
22½	14¼	Crane .80a	5	18	19½	19¼	19¼	
12½	7¼	CreditF .42	8	17	8⅝	8⅛	8¼	-⅛
32½	22⅝	CrockN 1.66	7	60	25⅝	25¼	25¼	-½
19⅝	11¼	CrompK .80	6	15	12¼	12	12	-½
28⅜	17¼	CrouHin .60	15	6	23⅝	23½	23⅝	+⅛
28⅝	20¼	Crown Cork	14	145	25¼	24¾	24⅞	-⅛
43⅞	23½	CrwZell 1.20	9	152	27⅝	27⅛	27¼	-⅜
19⅞	12¼	CTS Cp .40	6	26	14¼	15¼	15¼	+⅛
17⅛	10	Culligan .36	11	24	12½	12⅛	12½	+⅛
59⅞	29¼	CumEn .88a	12	35	39⅛	38½	38½	-1
10½	4¾	Cunn Drug	7	9	6	5¾	6	
14⅝	13	CurrInc .54a		9	13⅝	13⅛	13⅛	-⅛
35⅝	16⅞	CurtissWrt	18	96	17⅜	17	17	-⅛
44	22¼	CurtissWr A		2	23¼	23⅛	23⅛	+⅛
50¾	24	CutlerH 1.40	8	40	34	32¾	32¾	-1⅛
28½	20	CyclopsCp 1	4	2	21½	21	21	-⅝
43⅝	27½	CyprusMn 1	10	67	40½	38⅛	38½	-2

D

1973 High	Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
62⅝	26½	Damon Cp	31	46	44⅝	44	44¼	-⅝
12½	7¾	DanRiv .50	6	28	9¼	9	9⅛	+¼
41⅞	26	Dana 1.36b	7	192	32⅞	30½	30½	-2⅛
50⅝	22¾	DartInd .40b	9	165	24¼	23½	24⅝	+⅝
50⅞	28	DartInd pf 2		141	29¾	28⅛	28⅛	-1⅝
19⅞	15⅝	Dayco 1.14	5	4	16¼	16	16	-¼
18⅝	6¼	Daylin .24	4	31	7¼	6⅞	6⅞	-⅜
27	11¼	DaytHud .54	7	51	12⅞	12¼	12½	-⅛
25	19⅝	DaytPL 1.66	10	108	20	19⅞	19⅞	-⅛
102½	94	DPL pf 7.48		z200	96	96	96	+⅞
18⅝	6½	DeanWit .40	12	30	9¾	9⅝	9⅝	+⅛
65½	35⅝	Deere 1.40a	10	478	57⅝	56½	56⅝	-1⅛
17⅝	14½	DlmarP 1.16	7	66	14⅞	14½	14½	-⅜
23⅞	15¾	Del Mnt 1.20	8	38	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝	
68⅝	42⅝	DeltaAir .60	13	182	48	46½	46⅝	-1⅜
10⅛	6⅛	Deltec .10e	4	37	8½	7⅞	7⅞	-½
24¼	9½	Deltona Crp	5	10	10	9⅝	9⅝	-
38⅝	19½	DennMfg .90	7	18	25⅝	25	25⅛	+¼
20¾	9	Dennys .06	14	149	13½	12	12	-
27¼	16¼	Dentsply .76	16	x23	24¾	24	24	-½
16¼	9⅝	DeSoto .60	7	11	12⅝	11⅞	11⅞	-⅞
21¼	18	DetEdis 1.45	9	85	18⅝	18	18⅛	
104	93¾	DetE pf7.68		z10	97¾	97¾	97¾	
83	69¾	Det E pf5.50		5	71	70½	70½	-½
22⅜	13¾	Dexter .23	14	18	17¾	17	17	-¾
24⅝	15⅞	DialFinl .54	13	4	21¾	21⅝	21¾	
36½	26½	Digmint 2	8	28	30½	29⅞	29⅞	-⅜
28⅝	16⅞	DiamSh 1.10	10	135	26⅛	24¾	25	-1⅛
37¼	25½	DiaSh pfC 2		1	34	34	34	-⅝
18⅛	14½	Dia pfD1.20		13	17¾	16⅞	17	
24¼	19⅝	DickAB .44	12	14	21¼	20½	20¾	-½
14⅞	7¾	Dictaphn .48	9	29	12⅝	11¾	11¾	-½
57⅛	41⅛	Diebold .40b	19	2	45½	45	45	-⅛
13⅝	9	DIGiorg .66	6	7	9½	9⅝	9⅝	-⅛
119¾	72¼	Digital Eqpt	46	120	115¼	112½	112½	-2⅝
10⅝	6⅛	Dillingm .40	9	22	7⅛	7	7	
28¾	21⅛	Dillingm pf2		3	24½	24½	24½	+¾
39⅝	25¼	DillonCo 1b	16	28	35	34⅝	34⅝	-⅛
123⅞	81⅝	DisneyW .12	35	782	63¾	59½	60	-3¼
22¾	10½	Dission .12	9	31	16	15⅛	15⅛	-⅞
49¼	37¼	DistSeag .70	23	1	48	48	48	
3⅝	1⅜	DiversfId In	14	25	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	-⅛
29⅝	20⅛	DivMt 2.88e	7	37	23½	22¾	23	-⅛
33	20½	DrPepr .24	46	108	23⅞	23	23	-⅝
103	63	DomeM 1a	20	76	106	104	105	+3¾
9⅝	7	DomF 1.01e		23	7⅞	7⅝	7⅝	-⅛
10½	6¼	DonLufJ .12	11	1	6¾	6⅞	6¾	-⅛
27⅝	17¾	Donnley .48	17	153	27	26⅝	26½	-½
25⅛	11	DoricCp .32	5	6	14½	14¼	14½	
16½	7⅝	Dorr Oliver	10	5	7⅞	7⅝	7⅞	+¼
12⅛	5	Dorgey .10	6	18	6	5⅝	6	
55	33¼	Dover 1.04	10	10	42⅝	41½	41½	-¾
68	46½	DowChem 1	20	1303	53½	55⅞	55⅞	-2⅝
8⅝	4	DPF Inc		24	4¾	4⅝	4⅝	-⅛
35⅝	25	Dravo 1.50	9	12	30½	30	30	
61¾	33¾	Dresser 1.40	18	520	61	58¾	58¾	-1⅛
62	37	Drespf 2.20		205	61¼	59¾	59¾	-1⅛
56	32⅝	Drssr pfB 2		30	55¼	53	53	-1
24	18	DrexB 1.92e		5	19¾	18⅞	19⅛	+⅜
16⅝	7½	DreyfusCo 1	7	39	8½	8⅜	8½	
23¼	18	DukPw 1.40	9	274	18½	18⅛	18¼	+⅛
105¾	95½	Duke pf7.80		z50	100	100	100	-1
99⅝	84	Duke pf6.75		2	83	82½	83	-1
42	32¾	DunBrd .42h	26	57	33⅝	38	38⅞	
14½	4⅛	Duplan Cp	26	13	5	4⅞	5	
202½	153¼	duPont 5.45e	15	668	176	169¼	170½	-7½
55½	50	duPnt pf3.50		3	53	52½	52½	-1¼
24¼	21¼	DuqLt 1.72	9	49	21½	21¼	21¼	-½
29	25	DuqLt4pf 2		z90	25¾	25½	25¾	
27	13¾	Dymoln .28	17	10	19⅞	19⅜	19⅞	+¾

E

1973 High	Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
29	23½	EaglePlc .97	7	5	25	24¾	24¾	-¼
17⅝	10½	Easco .36r	6	24	12⅝	12¼	12⅝	-⅛
22½	7⅝	East Air Ln		224	8	7⅝	8	+⅛
30	14⅝	EastGs .69t	15	527	23⅞	23	23	-2⅛
22¾	17	EastUtl 1.50	15	9	17½	17⅛	17¼	
151¾	123⅝	EasKo 1.28a	31	471	130⅝	127⅛	127⅝	-2¾
41½	29⅝	Eaton 1.80	6	45	33¼	32¾	33	+⅛
40½	29	Eaton pf1.19		1	32	32	32	
42½	21½	Echlin .34	25	295	36½	32¼	33⅝	-3¾
42½	26¾	EckrdJk .20	34	31	36	35	35⅞	-½
41⅞	17⅞	EckdNC .24	15	x9	18½	17⅝	17⅝	-½
47	27	EdisBro 1.20	8	3	28⅝	28½	28½	-½
20½	9⅛	EG&G .10	25	310	19⅝	18⅝	19⅛	
9⅝	3¼	Elect Assoc		34	4¼	4⅛	4⅛	
56½	28⅞	EDS .25e	24	12	33	32½	32⅞	+⅝
6⅞	2⅞	ElMem Mg	7	34	4½	4¼	4⅜	
9¼	7⅛	EMM pflk		16	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	
13½	6¼	Elgin Natl	18	18	10⅛	9⅞	10⅛	+⅛
21⅞	3½	Elixir Ind	4	38	3⅝	3½	3⅝	
21	13½	ElPasoNG 1	7	165	15⅝	14¾	14⅞	-¼
35⅝	26	EltraCp 1.50	7	53	32	31½	31½	-½
53¾	43⅝	EmerEl .65	33	183	49⅝	48	48¼	-1
75	54½	EmeryA .74	46	153	64½	63	63½	-1⅝
17⅝	6½	Emeryln .31	10	x69	10⅝	9⅝	10	+⅛
33	18	Emhart 1.20	6	31	20½	19⅞	19⅞	-½
5	3⅛	EMI In .22e	10	25	3⅛	3¼	3¼	-⅛
		EMI fn.22o		1	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	
17⅝	15½	EmpDE 1.28	10	8	16⅛	15⅞	15⅞	-⅝
14	6¼	EmpFin .57t	4	35	8⅝	8⅛	8¼	+⅛
18	8⅛	Empire Gas	4	24	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	-½
27¾	15	EnglhdM .43	11	110	20½	19⅞	17⅞	-⅝
8⅝	4⅞	EnnisB .06e	6	28	6	5½	5½	-⅝
53	27¼	Envirotech	23	22	38⅝	37⅛	37½	-⅜
21	14	Equimrk .80	7	4	17⅛	16⅝	16⅞	-⅛
36⅝	29⅝	EquitGs 2.40	7	9	30½	30⅛	30⅛	+⅛
31¼	21⅞	EqutLf 2.39e	11	84	26½	25⅛	25⅞	-⅛
33⅛	22⅝	ESBInc 1.40	9	42	28	27¾	27⅞	-⅛
39⅞	20½	Esmark .75	7	164	25⅞	25	25⅛	-¾
10⅝	5½	Esquire .32	4	66	7¾	6⅝	6⅞	-1
24¾	13½	EssexInt .72	6	154	15¼	14⅝	14⅝	-⅞
55½	39⅞	Essex pf2.84		1	42	42	42	-1
8¼	4½	Esterline .30	11	14	5⅛	5	5	-⅛
38⅝	25¼	EthylCp 1a	6	160	34	32	32½	-1⅝
50⅞	36¾	Ethyl pf2.40		23	45¼	43¾	43¾	-1¼
24⅝	11⅞	EvansP .40b	7	17	14⅞	14½	14½	-⅝
22	15	ExCellO .90	8	31	17¼	16⅝	16¾	-½
25⅝	24	Excelsr .7e		4	25	24⅞	24⅞	-⅛
17	6¼	Exindcare	7	45	8¼	7¾	7¾	-⅝
103¼	83⅝	Exxon 4.25e	9	412	94¼	93	93	-1

F

1973 High	Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
15⅝	7	Fabrge .40	6	60	10	9½	9½	-⅝
90¼	32	FaiCam .15e	16	918	70¼	64⅛	64½	-5¾
13⅞	5¼	FairInd .30e	52	9	5⅞	5¼	5¾	
15¼	7½	Fairmnt .50	9	9	9⅝	9½	9⅝	+⅛
5¾	3	Falstaf Brw		63	3⅝	3⅛	3⅛	-⅛
15⅝	10	Fanstel .30e	7	30	13½	12¾	12¾	-1
15	6⅛	FarWtF .44t	7	31	7⅝	7	7	-⅛
12⅝	6	Farah Mfg		47	6⅛	6	6⅛	+⅛
35¼	12	Fedders .50	17	245	16	14¾	15	-1⅝
39½	25½	Federl 1.30a	4	13	33⅝	32½	33	
30⅞	20¾	FedMog 1.80	8	21	22	21⅝	21⅝	-¼
23½	13½	FedNMt .50	7	652	21¾	20¼	20¼	-1¼
26¼	15½	FedPapBd 1	6	8	21¾	21½	21½	-⅛
19⅝	14⅝	FPap pf1.20		17	16¼	16⅛	16¼	+⅛
11½	6¼	FdSignS .30	6	4	8¼	8	8	-⅛
57	35½	FedDSt 1.08	14	293	37¼	37	37	-⅛
11	6⅛	Federal Dv	11	2	7½	7¼	7⅛	+⅛
47⅜	31½	FerroCp .90	8	x41	32	31¼	31½	+⅛
23¼	13½	Fibrebrd .80	5	37	20⅝	19⅝	19⅝	-⅝
8¼	4½	Fidelity Fin	5	10	5⅞	5⅝	5⅜	-⅛
38	15	FidMt 3.56e	4	114	17¼	16⅞	16⅞	-
43 77⅝	36⅛	FidUB 2.20b	7	5	39½	39⅛	39⅛	-⅛
27½	15½	FieldM 1.40	7	9	16¾	16½	16⅝	+⅛
23⅛	11⅝	FiltrolCp .60	8	6	13½	13⅛	13⅛	-⅛
27¾	11⅝	FinlFed .93t	4	78	14	12¾	12⅞	-⅝
27⅞	17⅞	Firestone 1	6	434	19¾	18⅝	18⅝	-1⅛
31⅞	13⅞	FstChar .91t	7	161	16¼	15¼	15¾	-1
79¼	49¼	FstChiC 1.62	17	68	76	75	75	-1
60⅛	40½	FstIntBk .80	23	111	58¾	58⅛	58⅛	+⅝
27⅞	15⅛	FstMt 2.04e	7	86	15½	15⅛	15⅜	-⅛
48½	32½	FstNBo 1.62	11	35	46	44⅞	44⅞	-1
51⅛	34⅝	FstNCity .72	23	789	48	47	47⅞	-⅛
36	27	FstNStBn 2	7	5	29¼	29⅛	29⅛	-⅛
22¼	15¾	FstNatStr		1	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝	-½
52½	34	FstPa 1.20a	13	20	43½	43⅛	43⅝	-⅛
27½	16½	FPaMt 2.10e	9	11	19⅞	19½	19½	-⅛
12⅞	10⅝	FstURE .96	15	25	11⅝	11½	11⅝	
14⅝	10½	FstVaBk .41	10	15	10⅞	10⅝	10⅝	+⅛
40½	32⅝	FstWBk 1.72	8	22	39⅛	38	38	+⅛
44⅞	32	FsWM 4.12e	9	10	37⅛	36⅝	36⅝	-⅛
68⅞	39⅝	FischbM .96	21	10	59½	59⅛	59⅛	+⅛
18⅝	9¼	FishFd .20b	9	18	13⅝	13⅜	13⅜	+⅛
11¾	6¾	FishrScl .16	9	7	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	-⅛
26⅝	7½	FleetEnt .12	6	96	8	7½	7⅝	-⅛
12⅛	9⅛	Fleming .60	7	17	10⅞	10⅝	10⅝	
32¼	13⅝	Flexvan .74t	7	78	18	16⅛	16⅛	-1⅝
23⅝	16⅝	Flintkte 1.08	6	22	19	18⅝	18⅝	-⅝
75¼	56	Fnt pfA 4.50		z50	61	61	61	-⅝
37⅞	27⅛	Fnt pfB 2.25		4	29½	29	29	-½
30¾	22	FlaE Coast	6	37	24⅛	23⅛	23⅛	-1
27⅛	10⅝	FlaGas .65	6	36	15⅛	14¾	15⅛	-⅝
67⅝	34	FlaPow 1.80	10	71	34	33⅞	33⅞	-⅛
43⅝	32½	FlaPwL 1.32	10	261	33⅞	32½	32¾	-⅝
29½	18	FlaStl 1.20	5	3	23⅝	23⅛	23⅛	
57⅝	27⅝	Fluor 1.66t	70	234	53⅜	51	51	-2
91⅛	54	Fluor pfB 3		5	83¾	83¼	83¼	+¾
41½	16⅝	FlyTigr .29r	9	557	27½	25	25⅛	-2⅛
24⅝	14⅝	FMC .92	8	124	19⅛	19	19	-1
37⅞	30½	FMC pf2.25		4	35½	35¼	35¼	
9⅛	6½	FdFair .23b	9	12	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	
13⅝	8⅛	FooteCB .80	9	12	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	-⅛
9⅝	4⅛	Foote Min		1	8⅝	8⅛	8⅛	-⅛
24⅝	10⅝	FooteM .55e		1	22⅞	22⅞	22⅞	+⅜
82⅛	48⅝	FordM 3.20a	4	1197	48⅞	47⅛	48	-⅝
27⅝	12⅝	FordMcK .83	6	47	12⅝	12½	12⅝	
35½	22⅝	FMK pfl. 0		16	24⅝	23⅞	24	-⅛
18⅞	16	FtDea 1.23e		x17	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝	-⅛
37⅞	18½	FtHowd .35a	19	52	23¼	20⅞	21	-1⅞
60	21	FostWhl .90	17	x248	50¼	48	50¼	+2¼
47¾	22⅞	Foxboro .60	27	122	46⅞	46	46½	+⅛
23⅝	9⅝	FrnklnM .20	16	37	17⅝	16⅝	16⅝	-⅝
34	20¼	FreepM .80	17	x69	29¼	28¼	28¼	-1½
34⅝	23⅝	Frueht 1.80	6	97	25⅝	24⅝	24⅝	-½
25	24⅞	Fruehauf wl		4	23¼		24⅞	-½
20⅝	9½	Fuqua Ind	4	105	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	-⅛

G

1973 High	Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
25	12	Gableind 1t	6	5	12	12	12	
6⅝	2⅞	GAC Corp		29	3⅝	3¾	3⅝	
22¼	10	GAF Cp .24	6	281	11¾	10¾	11	-⅝
29	17⅞	GAF pf 1.20		14	18½	18¼	18¼	-¼
35⅞	22¾	GamSk 1.40	6	115	33⅞	32	32	-1
35¼	29⅝	GamS pf1.75		1	32⅛	32⅛	32	-⅛
37	24	GamS pf1.60		76	32½	32	32⅛	-⅛
45	29½	Gannett .36	26	48	36	35½	35½	-½
30⅝	16¼	GardDen .70	17	90	23⅝	22⅞	23	-⅛
43⅝	15½	Garlock .64	7	3	17	16⅞	16⅞	-⅜
17⅞	7⅝	Gas Svc 1.12	8	x23	10⅞	10½	10⅝	+⅛
9⅝	4½	Gateway In	3	15	5¼	5⅛	5⅛	-⅛
13⅞	6	GCA Corp	12	54	10⅝	9¾	9⅞	-⅛
17	10½	Gemini Cap		2	12⅝	12	12⅝	
17⅛	10¾	GeminiInc 1		1	14	14	14	-⅛
17¼	12⅛	Gen Am Inv		15	15	14½	14⅝	-⅛
57⅝	27½	GnA Oil .63b	23	29	44⅛	43⅞	43⅞	-⅝
63⅛	38⅛	GATran 1.80	13	32	55⅝	55¼	55	-¼
15⅝	12⅝	GnBncs .75e	6	15	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	
16¼	7⅞	GnCable .50	9	72	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	
29⅞	19	GenCig 1.20	7	20	14⅛	14	14	
15¼	6⅝	Gen Develpt	6	42	6⅞	6⅝	6⅝	-⅜
33⅛	15⅝	Gen Dynam	7	280	28⅝	26⅝	27	+1⅛
73⅞	55	GenEl 1.60	21	591	67	65⅞	66⅛	-½
33½	22⅞	GnFood 1.40	11	131	25⅞	26¼	25⅞	-½
27¾	14	GnGrth .86e	22	39	17½	16¾	17¼	-½
18⅞	8⅝	Gen Host	5	2	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	-⅜
29¼	10¼	GenInst .38t	14	133	18⅞	17⅝	17⅝	-1⅝
40⅝	35	GnInstr pf 3		1	36¾	36¾	36¾	
46	16⅛	GnMedic .12	14	31	17¾	17½	17¼	
67⅝	46½	GenMill 1.08	23	148	60½	59⅞	59⅞	-⅝
84½	60	GnMot 5.25e	6	x2785	59½	58½	57	-1¾
73½	70¼	GnMot 5pf 5		1	73¼	73¼	73¼	
55½	52¾	GMt pf 3.75		1	54⅝	54⅝	54⅝	-⅝
37½	9¾	GenPort .83	8	54	13⅜	12⅝	13⅛	-½
22⅞	18½	GPdbUt 1.60	8	120	19⅝	18⅞	19	
7⅞	4⅞	Gen Refrart	7	11	6	5¾	6	+⅛
57⅜	38⅜	GnSignal .70	19	79	51	50½	50⅞	-⅛
4¾	2¾	Gen Stzel		9	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	
31⅝	25⅝	G TelEl 1.72	9	223	29⅝	28	28	-¾
42¼	34⅝	GTlEl pf2.50		2	39¾	39⅝	39⅝	+⅛
28⅝	16	GenTire 1.10	4	107	17⅞	16⅞	17	-⅛
15½	5⅝	Genesl .34p		121	7¾	7	7¾	+⅜
43½	31	GenrPt .47e	33	685	42⅛	40⅛	40⅞	-2½
45⅝	33	GaPar .80b	10	197	41¾	40⅝	40⅞	-1
106¼	94	GaPw pf7.72		z110	98⅛	98⅛	98⅛	+1
27⅞	16¾	Gerbar 1.35	11	52	18⅝	17⅝	17⅞	+⅛
160	92½	GettyO 1.21e	28	130	157⅛	153½	153	
21	19⅛	GettO pf1.20		4	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝	
8⅝	5⅛	GF Bus .32	11	77	6½	6⅛	6⅛	-⅜
17⅝	12⅛	GianPC .69	9	13	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	
34⅛	13	GibFinl .79t	4	61	15⅝	15¼	15⅛	-⅝
12¼	4¾	Giddd Lewis	70	70	7¼	6¾	7	-⅛
26⅛	12⅞	GiffdHll .48e	7	2	16¾	16⅞	16⅞	-⅝
60⅛	43	Gillette 1.53	15	105	45⅞	44⅛	44⅛	-⅞
33¼	11⅜	Ginos Inr	12	41	18⅝	17⅜	17⅜	-1⅛
33½	14¾	GleasnW .44	17	20	19⅝	18⅝	19⅝	+⅛
23⅝	10⅝	Global Mar	11	79	19⅞	14⅝	14⅝	+⅛
34¾	16⅝	GlobeU .80a	6	18	19⅝	19⅜	19⅜	-⅝
25¼	10¼	GoldWt Fin	7	26	13	13	13	+⅛
33⅛	19⅞	Goodrich 1	5	145	23⅝	23	23	-¾
37⅞	19⅞	GoodyrT 1	7	1238	19⅝	18¾	19⅛	-⅞
25½	10¼	GorJwlA .24	8	4	14	13¾	14	+⅛
34½	18⅝	GouldInc 1	9	82	27⅛	28⅛	28⅛	
33⅝	19⅞	Grace 1.50	9	186	23¼	26⅝	26⅝	-1½
75⅞	9⅛	GrandUn .80	9	92	11⅞	10⅞	10⅞	+½
25⅝	19⅝	Granit 1.20a	5	17	24⅝	23⅝	23⅞	-⅝
43⅝	18⅝	GrantW 1.53	7	58	18¾	18⅛	18¾	+⅛
28¼	8⅝	GrayDrg 1e	10	37	9⅛	8⅞	9	+⅛
43⅝	28⅛	GtAMt 3.57e	11	51	37	36⅛	35⅛	-⅞
19	9⅛	Grt AtlPac		102	10⅝	10⅛	10⅛	-⅛
37¼	26⅝	GtLkDr 1.20		3	17⅝	19⅝	17⅝	+½
12⅝	12½	GtNoir 1.10e	14	20	13⅝	12⅝	13⅛	-⅛
57½	43	GtNNek 1.60	11	14	52½	52⅛	52½	+⅜
34⅝	14⅝	GtWnFin .40	6	320	20	19¼	19¼	-⅞
8⅛	3⅝	Gt Wn Unit		15	4½	4⅝	4⅝	
19⅝	12½	GrWnUnt pf		18	12½	12	12	-⅛
5⅞	2½	GrfWsh Inv		1	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞	+⅛
23⅜	10½	GranGlant 1	9	7	22¼	22¼	22¼	-⅛
18⅞	13⅝	Greyhd 1.04	9	293	15	14⅝	14⅞	+⅛
5	2⅝	Greyhnd wt		93	3⅝	3⅛	3⅝	+⅛
15⅞	7½	Grolier .53	5	236	7¾	7½	7⅝	
22¾	8	Grummman		40	11⅞	11½	11⅝	-
38⅝	13½	Guardian In	14	22	21	20½	20⅝	-⅝
28⅞	22½	GulfOil 1.50	6	635	23⅝	22¾	23	-⅝
17⅛	6½	Gulf Resrce	8	104	10⅝	10	10⅝	+⅛
73⅝	8	GFR pfA.10k		3	14½	14	14	+⅛
37	22⅝	GfRpfB.65k		7	15⅞	15⅝	15⅝	-⅛
22⅝	15⅝	GifStUt 1.12	9	573	17⅛	15⅞	16⅛	-⅝
64	53½	GlfSU pf4.40		z370	58	58	58	
35¾	21⅝	GulfWn .64a	6	292	29⅞	29¾	29	+⅛
7⅞	3¼	GlfWind wt		471	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	-⅛
105	72⅛	GlfW pf1.75		1	95	95	95	-4⅝
67½	48¼	GlfW pf 3.87		18	57⅞	57⅜	57⅞	+⅞
77½	69½	GlfW pf5.75		2	71⅝	71⅛	71⅜	
9	4⅝	Gulton Ind	10	18	6⅞	6⅝	6⅝	-⅛

H

1973 High	Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
39½	32½	HckWat 2.36	8	x1	35⅝	35⅝	35⅝	-¼
22	16	HallPrt .80a	6	2	16¾	16¾	16¾	
183⅞	123⅝	Halburt 1.12	38	131	181⅛	177⅝	177⅝	-2⅝
22	10¼	HamPap .60	10	61	18	17	17	-⅝
15¼	7¾	Hamond .40	6	24	8¼	8	8	+⅛
15⅝	7⅝	HandImn .68	6	86	8¼	8	8	-⅝
23⅝	16⅝	HandyH .72	7	x3	16½	16⅛	16⅛	-¼
18¾	10⅝	HanesCp .60	5	90	13½	12¾	12⅝	-⅛
67¼	39¾	Hanna 1.35	19	33	51½	50	50	-2
35¾	10½	Harcourt 1	7	24	23	19¾	19¾	-3¼
32	8½	Hardees .16	10	104	9¾	9	9	-⅛
35¼	19⅝	Harnisf 1.50	6	30	20⅝	20⅝	20⅝	-⅛
27⅝	10¾	Harrahs .22	12	13	15	14⅛	14⅛	-⅛
45⅝	24½	Harrint 1.12	13	55	36⅝	35⅝	36⅞	-⅛
37¼	16⅛	Harsco 1b	7	19	16¾	16½	16½	
29¼	13½	HrtSMrx .88	7	24	14	14	14	-⅛
29⅝	8	HartHk .20e	7	26	9⅜	9	9⅛	-⅛
34	25	HawlEl 1.56	9	26	25⅝	24¾	24¾	-1⅛
19¼	13	Hayes Alb 1	6	14	13⅞	13¼	13¼	-⅝
8⅞	4¼	Hazeltine	8	9	6¾	6⅞	6⅝	-⅛
30	16	HCA Martin	14	15	25⅝	24½	24½	-1
33⅞	11	Hecks .12	8	236	13	12⅝	12½	-1⅝
22	14½	HecleM .33t	30	29	16¼	15⅞	16⅜	+¼
12⅝	9¼	Hellenn .44	7	11	11½	11½	11½	
57¼	37¾	HelmeH 1.08	15	158	50½	50	50½	+½
45	29	Hellerint .84	19	213	43½	42⅛	42⅛	-1¼
190½	130½	Hiler pf4.07		1	185	185	185	
18	12¼	HelmeP .60	13	38	15⅛	14⅞	15⅛	+¼
43	18⅝	Helmrch .20	20	37	38⅞	38½	38⅝	-⅛
37⅞	1⅞	Hemisph Cp		25	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	-⅛
7⅝	6⅝	HerrInc .70e		21	7	6¾	6⅞	-⅛
40¼	28½	Hercules .80	15	589	33⅝	32½	32⅝	-1⅛
24½	13⅞	He shF 1.10	11	21	15¼	15	15	-⅛
45¾	27½	Hesston .32	10	33	35½	34⅛	34⅝	-1⅝
62	35⅝	Heublein 1	25	202	55	54¾	55	+⅛
100⅝	7	Hew Pck .20	54	124	96	94	94⅝	-1½
8⅞	4⅛	High Volte	17	42	7¼	6¼	6¼	-⅝
30⅝	19½	Hillenbd .48	12	14	24⅝	23⅞	23⅞	-⅝
43⅝	19	Hilton Htl 1	8	27	21⅝	20¾	20¾	-⅝
6⅛	3⅛	HMW Ind	12	32	4	4⅛	4⅛	-¼
43¾	24⅝	HoernW 1.12	10	42	38¼	37¾	37¾	-¼
21	6⅛	Hof Elctrr	7	17	7⅛	6¾	6¾	-⅛
42⅞	16⅝	HolidyInn .30	10	665	17	15⅞	16	-1⅛
63	25⅝	HlkdyA 1.70t		1	27¼	27¼	27¼	+¼
15½	12⅝	HollySe .95e	7	5	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	-⅛
52¼	23	Homestak 1	14	175	46⅞	44¾	46⅞	+2⅝
143⅝	94	Honywll 1.40	19	81	100⅛	99	99	-1½
41	23⅝	HoovBll 1.28	7	13	25⅝	25⅛	25⅛	-⅛
15¼	5⅞	Horizon Cp	5	78	8	7⅛	8	
21⅞	8½	HospAff .57t	9	13	12⅛	12½	12½	-⅛
37	10⅝	HosplA .12e	12	27	16⅛	16⅝	16⅝	-⅛
25⅝	9¾	Host Intl .36	8	34	10⅝	9⅞	10	-⅛
16⅞	10⅝	Houdall .80a	6	15	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝	-¼
31⅞	26	Houd pf 2.25		1	27¾	27¾	27¾	+⅛
19¾	10⅛	HougMif .48	10	13	14½	14⅛	14½	-⅛
13⅝	5	House Fbric	16	33	10⅛	10	10	
35⅝	21	HousFin .90	9	351	22¼	21⅝	22	-⅜
53⅞	40¼	HouF pf2.50		35	40⅞	40	40	-¼
79	49	HouF pf2.37		18	50	47⅝	47½	-2⅛
51⅝	36	HousLP 1.40	12	82	38¾	35⅝	35⅝	-2⅞
34	20¼	HouNGs .50	17	91	28¾	28⅛	28¾	+⅝
68⅝	43½	HouG pf2.50		77	56¼	56	55¼	+⅝
34⅞	14⅝	HowJohn .20	14	246	15¾	14¾	14⅞	-⅞
27⅛	10¼	Howmet .70	12	201	19⅝	18⅞	18⅞	-⅝
27⅝	18	Hubbd 1.55e	12	21	18¾	18½	18½	-⅛
32⅞	20⅝	HudBay 1.60	9	8	27½	29½	29½	
9⅝	5½	HughHat .40	5	3	5⅝	5	5⅝	+¼
82⅝	41½	HughTl .20e	32	142	80⅝	79¼	79⅝	-1½
25½	13⅝	HuntCh .18	25	3	24⅛	24⅛	24⅛	
78⅞	6⅝	HuttmEF .40	18	17	9½	9¼	9⅝	-⅛
37	24	Huvck .28a	30	44	30⅞	28⅞	29⅞	-1
14⅝	7	Hydrom.16	6	10	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	-½

I

1973 High	Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
22⅞	6¾	ICN Pharm	17	56	10¼	9¾	9¾	-¼
36	25¾	Idaho P 1.86	9	87	27⅝	26⅝	26¾	-
20¾	12⅝	IdealBas .80	10	32	19⅛	18¾	18¾	-¼
90	68	Ideal pf 4.75		2	83	83	83	
11⅛	4	IdeaToy .50t	9	7	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	+⅛
37⅛	22⅝	IDS Rl 2.30e	13	107	30	29⅝	29⅝	-¼
29	17⅝	IllCent 1.30	7	36	23¾	23½	23½	-⅛
127	80	IllCent pfA6		2	104⅜	104⅜	104⅜	+7⅛
55	40¾	IllCen pf3.50		26	45⅝	44⅝	44⅝	-⅛
34¾	25¼	IlPowr 2.20	10	108	26⅛	26	26⅛	-⅛
30	27⅝	IlPow pf2.13	3	z90	28	28	28	-⅞
36	22½	IlTool .36a	21	5	32¼	32	32¼	
19	7⅝	ImpCpAm	5	78	10⅛	9⅝	9⅞	-⅜
24⅛	18¾	INA In 1.05e		21	19⅝	19⅛	19⅛	-⅛
1⅝	6⅛	Income Cap		11	7⅛	7¼	7¼	-⅛
10⅞	9	IncCCu .90e		2	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	
27⅛	15¾	IndianHd 1	6	7	23⅞	23⅛	23¼	+¾
28⅛	23¾	IndiGes 1.92	6	5	24⅝	24⅝	24⅝	
29⅛	21	IndplPL 1.82	8	21	24¼	23¾	23¾	-⅛
44⅞	26½	IndiNat 1.20	9	6	30⅛	30⅛	30⅛	+⅛
20⅝	7⅛	Inexco Oil	31	671	14⅞	13⅝	14⅝	+¾
87⅝	51	IngerR 2.16	18	131	85⅛	84⅞	86	+1
52¼	36	IngR pf2.35		89	52⅝	52⅝	52⅛	+1½
50⅝	37⅝	InldCnt 1.60	9	7	43¼	43	43	-⅛
34⅛	26	InlandStl 2a	6	34	33¼	30	30	-⅛
10⅞	6⅝	Inmont .30	5	82	7⅝	7	7⅛	+⅛
15	8⅝	Insilco .70	6	49	9⅜	9⅛	9⅛	-
20¼	14⅝	Insc pfA1.25		5	16	15⅛	15⅛	-⅛
52½	34½	InspirCop 2	9	27	42	41	42	+1
19⅞	11	Insilnv 1.49e	7	6	11⅝	11½	11⅝	+⅝
12	7⅞	Intcgon .24	8	14	9¼	9	9	
54	33⅞	Interco 1.36	8	28	34½	34	34	-½
29	22½	IntrlkIn 1.80	6	10	22⅝	22⅝	22⅝	+⅛
340	245	IBM 4.48	28	338	282	278¼	278⅝	-3⅝
107⅝	83	IntFlaF .44r	56	108	85	83	83⅛	-2⅛
39	26	IntHar 1.40	7	421	30⅝	28⅝	28⅝	-1⅛
16½	11	IntHold 1.47e		57	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	
4⅞	1½	Int Indust		106	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	
14⅝	3⅝	IntIndA pf		35	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	-⅛
40¼	20¼	IntMiner .32	14	375	34⅝	33⅛	34⅛	+1⅛
13¾	8½	Int Mng	11	54	12	11⅝	11⅝	+⅛
34⅞	22¼	IntMltf 1.25	8	3	26¼	25⅝	25⅝	-⅛
37⅝	27	InNick 1.20a	14	225	37	35½	35½	-1⅛
57	33	IntPap 1.50a	15	455	50	48⅝	48⅝	-1⅝
12⅛	4⅝	IntRect .10e	12	31	10	9½	9¼	-⅛
60⅝	29½	Int T&T 1.40	8	536	33⅝	33¼	33⅝	-⅛
148½	88	IntTT pfF4		3	95½	95	95	-8
109	58	IntTT pfH4		4	65¼	64¼	64¼	-⅛
103	56½	ITT pf14.50		7	63¾	63⅛	63⅛	-⅛
101½	54	IntTT pfJ4		2	59¼	59¼	59¼	-1
100	52½	IntTT pfK4		51	58½	57	57½	-2¼
74	36¼	ITT pfN2.25		125	41	40¼	40¼	-1¼
78¾	60⅛	IntTT pfO5		18	64½	64	64¼	+½
20½	14	Intrpco 1.10	7	149	17⅝	17⅛	17⅛	
72	56	Intrpce pf 5		2	62¾	62⅛	62⅝	+⅝
25⅝	12½	IntrpbGp .80	4	29	14	13⅝	13⅝	-⅝
14	5	Intrst Brds		10	6⅞	6⅝	6⅞	+⅛
19⅛	14	IntrPw 1.32	9	15	16⅛	16½	16⅝	+⅛
7¼	1½	Interst Strs		34	1¾	1½	1½	-⅛
11⅞	4⅞	IntrsUn .06e	4	35	5⅝	5⅛	5½	-⅛
35½	19	Iowa Beef	5	79	24½	24⅛	24⅝	+⅛
18⅞	15⅝	Iowa El 1.30	7	14	16⅝	16⅛	16½	-⅛
20⅝	17⅛	IowaIlG 1.44	7	67	17¾	17	17¼	-⅛
24⅞	20¾	IowaPL 1.68	7	12	22½	21¾	22¼	+½
21⅝	18	IwaPSv 1.48	10	78	18½	18⅝	18⅞	+⅛
8⅞	3¾	IpcoHsp .15t	12	8	5½	5⅝	5⅝	
37½	15¼	ITE Imp .60	9	49	22¾	22¼	22⅝	-⅝
53⅞	22	Itek Corp	13	105	25⅝	24⅝	24⅝	-⅝
145	70	ITTSvc pf 4		3	80½	80½	80½	-8½
28⅝	21¼	IU Int .75	10	223	24⅝	23½	23½	-⅜
70½	53	IU Int A		3	58¾	58¾	58¾	
45⅝	34½	IU Int pf1.25		1	37½	37½	37½	+¼

J - K

1973 High	Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
26	8½	JamesF .52	10	9	11	11	11	-⅛
23½	14	Jantzen .60b	6	2	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	+¼
16⅛	10¼	Japan 1.74e		103	11	10¼	10⅝	+¼
40⅞	27	JeffPilot .52	15	82	36¼	35	35	-1¼
105	93	JerCe pf8.12		z50	97	97	97	
103	91	JerCe pf7.88		z250	95	95	95	-1
55⅛	27½	Jewel C 1.66	10	69	41⅜	41⅜	41½	
31⅝	7⅝	Jewelcor	10	46	13⅞	13⅜	13	-⅝
33	16¾	JimWalt .68	6	249	21¼	19¾	19¾	-1⅛
38½	22	JimW pf1.60		26	27⅛	26	26	-1⅛
21½	18⅞	JHanSe .93e		30	19⅛	19¼	19½	-⅛
27¼	22¼	JHanl 1.95e		19	24¼	23½	23⅞	-⅛
33	18½	JhnMan 1.20	7	177	21⅞	20⅞	20⅞	-1⅛
132¼	108	JohnJhn .50	48	78	122	120¼	121⅛	-1⅛
37⅞	18¾	Jrans Sv .80	8	29	21	20½	20½	-⅝
61½	27½	JonLog .80	7	17	30	29	29	-1¼
22¼	16½	JonLau 1.60	6	51	20⅝	19½	19⅝	-¾
31¼	14¼	Jostens .80	9	50	19½	19½	19½	-¼
47⅜	24½	JoyMfg 1.40	20	238	46½	45½	45⅞	+1⅛
28½	13	KaisAlm .50	13	78	22½	21½	21½	-⅝
65½	54	Kai 57pf4.75		1	60	60	60	
66	53	Kai 59pf4.75		1	62	62	62	
67	53½	Kai 66pf4.75		1	58	58	58	-2
59	45½	KaiA pf 4.12		2	50¼	50¼	50¼	-⅝
12¼	6⅝	KaisCem .50	6	10	9¼	9⅛	9¼	
18¾	14¼	KiCm pf1.37		3	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	
20⅝	10⅛	KaneMill .10	4	x55	18¾	17⅝	17⅞	-¾
32⅞	27	KCtyPL 2.20	9	18	27⅞	27⅝	27⅝	+⅛
42	20⅛	KCSou Ind 2	8	33	23¾	22⅝	23	-⅛
23¾	19¼	KanGEl 1.52	8	20	19⅞	19½	19½	-½
19⅝	14⅝	KanNeb 1.12	10	1	17	17	17	+⅛
30	20½	KanPLt 1.48	8	11	21¼	20¾	21	-¾
8⅝	4⅝	Katy Ind	6	16	6¼	6	6⅛	-⅛
26⅝	17	Kty pfB 1.46		7	18⅝	18½	18½	
45⅞	14½	KaufBrd .16	13	315	20¼	19¼	19¼	-⅝
14½	7¾	KawcBrl .20	10	16	12⅝	12⅛	12⅛	-⅛
19⅞	10¾	KayserR .60	5	6	12	12	12	+⅛
32⅝	15⅞	Keebler .70	24	9	23	22½	22½	+¼
9⅞	3½	KeeneCp .10	5	10	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	-⅛
19⅞	9⅝	Keller .45	4	10	10⅛	9⅞	9⅞	-⅛
17⅝	13	Kellogg .54	16	140	15¼	14⅞	14⅞	-⅛
36¾	21¼	Kennmt 1.20	7	16	33½	33	33	-⅛
39	27	Kennecott 2	8	523	37⅝	37	37⅛	-⅜
26⅝	21½	KyUtil 1.74	7	x27	22	21⅞	22	+⅛
87⅛	58⅜	KerrMG .50	36	353	85½	84	85½	+1¾
168	115	KerM pf4.50		1	162½	162½	162½	-1½
20⅞	13	KeyCon .45e	5	1	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	+¼
29⅛	15⅝	Kidde .60	5	21	20	19	19	-1⅛
54¼	46	Kidde pfB 4		1	51	51	51	-⅛
50⅝	36⅝	KimbCl 1.44	12	277	43⅛	41⅝	41⅝	-1⅝
13⅞	6⅛	KingDSt .30	9	12	9⅝	9⅛	9⅛	-⅜
40⅞	14½	KirschCo .72	7	29	16⅛	15⅝	16	
42	29	KLM Airlin		30	30⅝	30	30⅛	+⅝
57⅞	31	KnightN .32	17	22	37⅜	37⅛	37⅛	-⅛
22⅝	12	Koehrng .60	5	x24	19⅝	18⅝	18⅝	+⅛
44⅝	31	Copprs 1.88	7	18	40⅝	40⅛	40⅛	-¾
58½	50	Koppr pf 4		z20	55½	55½	55½	
50⅝	40	Krafico 1.77	11	94	43⅝	42⅝	42⅞	+⅛
51⅛	31	KresgeS .20	32	662	36⅝	35⅝	35¾	-1⅛
27⅝	15⅝	Kroehir .80a	6	5	16	15⅝	15⅝	-⅝
23⅝	15	Kroger 1.30	11	60	20⅝	20⅛	20⅝	
18	10½	Kysor .60a	5	2	11½	11⅝	11⅝	

L

1973 High	Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
22½	19	LacGas 1.50	7	1	19	19	19	-⅛
16⅝	12½	Lams Sess 1	6	2	13⅜	13⅜	13⅜	
33	16	LaneBry .72	7	13	16½	15⅞	15⅞	-⅝
32⅜	20	Larwn 2.70e	8	28	22⅞	22⅛	22⅝	+⅜
9⅞	6⅛	Latrobe Stl	10	3	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	-⅛
9⅞	5⅛	LearSlog .28	6	58	6⅝	6⅛	6⅛	-⅛
32	23	LearS pf2.25		12	27¼	26⅛	26⅛	-1
19⅛	8⅛	Leasco .60	4	114	12⅛	11⅞	11⅞	-¼
23⅜	20	Leas pfC2 60		21	22	21⅞	21⅞	
34	22½	Leasc pf2 20		8	24½	24½	24½	-⅛
48¾	30	Leasew .60b	13	32	38	37½	37½	-¾
22¼	10	LeedsN .50	20	12	19	18½	18⅝	+⅛
19	11⅝	Leesona .50	7	6	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	-⅝
19⅞	11½	LehPCt .80a	6	8	18½	18¼	18¼	-⅛
2⅝	1½	LehVal Ind		65	1⅝	1½	1½	
18	14½	Lehmn 1.57e		131	15⅝	14⅝	14⅝	-¼
23	7	Lennar Crp	3	16	7½	7¼	7⅝	
44	27½	Lenox .60b	14	13	31⅝	31	31	-⅛
14⅝	8¼	LevFd Cap		8	9⅛	9⅝	9⅝	-
47⅝	18½	LeviStrs .48	10	213	22⅝	22	22	-½
27¾	5¼	Levitz Furn	8	235	5⅝	5⅜	5⅜	
8½	3¼	LFE Cp	27	5	4¾	4⅝	4⅝	-⅛
6⅝	5¼	LFE pf.50		1	5½	5½	5½	
42⅝	29⅞	LOF 2.20a	6	135	33	31⅝	32⅛	-⅝
81	67	LOF pf4.75		1	67	67	67	
6⅝	4⅛	LiebMcNL	10	5	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	
23⅞	15¾	LibrtyCp .30	7	4	16½	15⅛	16⅛	
13⅞	7⅝	LibrtyLn .40	7	61	9¼	8⅞	9¼	+⅜
15¾	13	LibyL pf1.25		3	13⅝	13¼	13⅛	-⅛
45⅝	32½	LiggMy 2.50	9	x55	35⅞	35⅝	35⅝	+⅛
92½	70½	LillyE 1.83	38	89	83¼	82¼	83	+⅛
45¼	28⅝	LincNl 1.08a	9	169	42⅝	40⅞	41	-1⅝
97½	61¼	LincNl pf 3		x24	87⅜	84	84	-3⅛
6½	3	Lionel Corp	12	1	3⅝	3⅜	3⅜	+⅛
13½	6¾	Litton .23t	8	181	9¼	9	9	-⅝
16¼	8¼	Litton plc pf		18	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	
41	32	Littn cv pf 3		1	35	35	35	-⅛
21⅝	17½	Litton pfB 2		6	20⅝	20⅛	20⅛	+⅛
9⅝	5¼	Lockyd Airc	5	130	6⅛	5⅞	6	+⅛
48	22⅝	Loews 1.16a	6	64	24½	24	24	-¼
22⅞	8⅝	LomaFin .36	10	165	12½	12⅛	12⅛	
52⅝	36	LomM 3.83e	10	83	41⅝	41⅛	41⅛	
21¼	10½	Londontwn	6	39	19½	19⅛	19⅛	-⅛
25⅛	14⅝	LoneStInd 1	8	49	22⅞	22⅛	22¼	-⅛
40½	23¼	LoneSG 1.46	9	360	26⅝	25⅝	25⅞	-⅝
23⅝	17½	LngIsLt 1.46	9	210	18½	18⅛	18¼	-⅛
69	62½	LIL pf B 5		z40	65½	65½	65½	+1⅛
93¼	75⅝	LIL pf 5.75		3	75	74½	74½	-⅜
107	97	LIL pf 8.12		z30	103½	103½	103½	+⅛
85¼	61½	LongDrg .56	42	2	76	75⅝	76	+⅛
5¾	2⅝	Loral Corp	12	6	3⅛	3	3	-⅛
50	32	LaLandEx 1	27	200	49⅝	49	49⅝	+⅝
48⅝	21¼	LaPacif .20	9	140	45⅝	43½	43½	-1⅜
36⅝	24½	LouisGE 1.80	18	23	25	24¾	24¾	-⅛
24½	14⅝	Lownstn .90	6	5	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝	-⅛
13½	7½	LTV Corp	3	107	11⅞	11⅝	11⅝	-¼
50	29⅝	LTVCp pf 5		9	41½	40	40	-1
51½	33¼	Lubrizl .43a	26	205	45⅝	45	45	-1⅛
16⅝	9⅞	LuckyStr .54	14	73	14	13¾	13¾	-⅝
20⅝	12	Ludlow 1.08	8	31	12½	12	12	-⅛
32	19¼	LukensStl 1	9	17	27	26⅛	26⅛	+⅝
7⅞	3⅝	LVO Corp	14	156	5¾	5¼	5⅝	-⅛
11⅝	5¼	Lykes Yngst		71	6⅛	5⅞	6	-⅛
32	17	Lyke pf3.75k		44	21½	20½	20½	-½
16⅝	6½	LynchSy .40	18	4	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	+¼

M

1973 High	Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
15¾	9⅞	MacAnF .60	4	32	12¾	11⅞	11⅞	-⅝
4⅝	3	MacDonal	10	25	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	+⅛
12⅞	5⅝	Macke .30a	5	11	5⅞	5⅝	5⅞	
12⅝	5½	Macmil .15e	5	95	7	6⅝	6⅝	
47⅞	21¼	Macy 1.10	8	35	26¼	24½	25	+1⅛
61	55¼	Macy pf 4.25		z10	58¼	58¼	58¼	+⅝
13⅞	9	MadF 1.55e		93	10⅝	10	10	-⅛
9	5⅛	MadSq Gar	67	35	5⅝	5¼	5⅝	+⅛
21⅝	5⅞	MagicCf .32	7	83	7	6⅝	6⅝	-⅝
29⅝	8⅝	Magnvox .60	16	333	9⅝	8⅝	8⅝	-⅝
32	15¼	Mallory 1	11	22	25¾	25½	25½	+½
35¼	17	MalHyde .36	18	73	25	24¾	24¾	-⅛
17⅝	8¼	Manlnd .56b	4	26	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	-⅛
31	14	Manpwr .80	7	11	19¾	19½	19½	-½
43⅞	28½	MfrHan 1.56	12	131	39¾	39	39½	
43⅝	22½	MAPCO .54	23	282	42	41	41	
33⅞	9⅝	Marathn Mf		85	12¼	10⅝	11⅝	+⅝
48⅝	26½	MaraIO 1.60	13	229	47⅞	47⅛	47⅝	+⅛
29⅝	17¾	Marcor .90	8	465	22⅝	22½	22½	-⅛
59⅝	37¾	Marcr pf A2		6	45½	45	45	
59½	30⅝	Maremt .20r	11	265	44	39½	39½	-4½
32¼	22⅝	MarMid 1.80	7	29	25¼	24⅞	25	
48⅝	27¼	MarionL .28	30	37	36⅝	36½	36½	-¾
51½	30½	Marlen 1.30	20	45	44	43	44	+2
57⅛	29⅝	Marley .50	20	19	42½	42¼	42¼	-¼
11¼	6⅞	Marqtte .07e	8	14	9¾	9⅝	9⅝	-⅛
41	22½	Marriot .87t	31	188	24	23½	23⅝	-½
37¼	21⅛	MarsFd 1.24	9	19	23¾	23¾	23½	
19½	15⅝	MartnM 1.15	6	55	16½	15⅞	16	-½
11⅞	6¼	MartMAt .40	90	18	10¼	9⅝	10	
34⅞	14⅝	MrldCup .50	7	45	19⅝	17¾	17¾	-1½
63	41	MascoCp .28	35	205	58	57⅜	57⅞	+⅜
37½	21¾	Masonite .50	16	124	35¼	34¾	34¾	-½
27⅞	16⅝	MassyF .50e	8	61	23⅝	23⅜	23⅜	
28⅝	16⅞	MasMt 1.96e	9	51	19¼	18⅝	18⅝	-⅛
22¾	17½	MasCp 1.44e		62	19⅝	18¼	18½	-1
14½	12½	MasInc .72e		32	14	13⅝	14	+⅜
35⅝	22	MatsuE .54r	7	1049	23	22⅝	22⅝	-⅝
		MatE fn.54r		4	22⅝	22⅝	22⅝	
14⅝	4	Mattel .02p		235	4⅛	4⅛	4⅞	
52⅛	26	MayDSt 1.60	8	x42	30⅛	29⅝	29⅞	
32⅝	20	MayerOs .65	13	3	24½	24½	24½	
12⅞	6¼	MaysJW .50	6	15	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	-⅛
43⅝	25	Maytag 1.30	14	11	31¼	31¼	31¼	+⅛
34¼	18½	MCA Inc .64	9	9	25⅞	25⅝	25⅝	-⅛
24	13¾	McCord .92	4	x22	14¼	14¼	14¼	-⅛
32⅝	15½	McCror 1.20	4	39	17½	16⅞	16⅞	-⅝
104⅝	50	McDermot 1	36	121	94½	92¾	92¾	-2⅛
75⅞	52⅝	McDonalds	53	542	66⅝	65	65½	-⅝
29	17⅝	McDonD .40	5	948	17⅞	17¼	17½	-⅛
40¼	24½	McGEd 1.50	10	27	26⅝	25⅜	25⅜	-⅝
16⅛	7½	McGrwH .48	8	118	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	-⅛
5½	2⅝	McGrg Don	8	7	2⅞	2¾	2¾	
67½	46	McIntyre	145	z630	69	66	66	-2½
41¼	15¾	McKee 1	16	75	37¼	35½	36⅝	+1⅛
25⅝	22½	McKee wi		4	24⅝	24	24½	-⅛
56⅝	33⅝	McLean .72	11	16	45⅝	43½	43½	-2½
34⅛	14¼	McLout 1.60	5	57	21⅝	21	21	-⅛
15⅝	11	McNell .75	6	4	12¾	12⅝	12⅝	-⅛
22½	13½	MeadCp .80	8	105	18⅝	18	18⅛	-⅝
43⅝	34¾	Mea pfB2.80		5	41	40½	40½	+⅜
38	19¾	Medusa 1.40	9	43	30½	29¾	29¾	
4	2⅝	MEI Cp	7	11	2¾	2⅝	2⅝	
34	18⅝	Melv Sh .46	13	69	18½	17⅞	17⅞	-⅝
17½	7	Menasc .32t	5	25	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	-⅛
80	53½	MercStr .80	17	22	63⅝	63⅝	63⅝	-⅛
101½	76¼	Merck 1.18	37	211	88	87	87½	+¾
20½	11⅝	Meredith .70	8	9	11⅝	11½	11⅝	
32¾	12⅝	MerrLyn .56	15	281	17⅝	17⅛	17⅛	-¾
83½	57⅝	MesaPet .10	20	121	82¼	79⅞	80¼	-½
10	8⅝	MesabiTr 1e	9	44	9	8⅞	9	
19⅝	11⅞	MestaM .40e	16	1	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	-⅛
24	13⅝	MGM	17	2	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	
32¼	9⅝	Met omr.53b	5	145	10⅝	10⅛	10⅛	-⅛
98⅞	44	MGIC In .10	25	187	47½	46⅛	46⅛	-⅝
20⅛	13¾	MichGs 1.04	11	11	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	+⅛
16¾	13⅝	MichTube 1	7	2	15¾	15⅛	15⅛	-⅛
17⅝	10⅝	Microdot .44	5	x60	12⅜	12	12⅛	-⅛
33¾	18½	Microwave	13	11	23¾	23¼	23¼	-⅛
19⅝	15¾	MidConTel 1	10	14	16⅝	16⅛	16⅛	-⅛
27½	18⅝	MidSUt 1.20	8	587	18⅝	17¾	17¾	-1
18⅝	13⅝	MidIM 1.74e	7	37	14⅝	14⅛	14⅛	-½
16⅝	11	Midl Ros .80	7	13	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝	-
60	38¾	MilesLb 1.28	12	25	40⅝	40	40	
31	11⅝	MiltBrd .36a	12	96	13⅛	12⅞	13	-⅛
91⅝	76¼	MinMM 1.10	32	361	85½	84⅝	84⅝	-⅝
22½	18	MinnPL 1.46	8	2	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	
20	12⅝	MirroAl .96	8	5	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝	-⅛
30⅞	14⅝	MissnEq .28	14	58	23⅝	22½	22⅝	-1
22⅝	14⅝	MissRivr .96	11	94	19⅝	18⅝	18⅝	-⅝
83	70	MoPac A 5	4	5	79½	78¼	79½	+1½
29⅝	20⅛	MPCem 1.60	6	2	24¼	24¼	24¼	
17⅝	13½	MoPSv .84b	6	2	13¾	13⅝	13⅝	+¼
75½	54⅝	MobilO 2.80	7	353	57⅛	56⅞	56⅞	-⅝
18⅞	7	MobHom .20	6	41	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	-⅛
30¼	17⅝	Mohas 1.20	7	44	20	19½	19⅝	+⅛
13⅝	3⅝	Mohk Data		58	4⅝	4	4	
23⅝	14⅛	Mohk Rub 1	4	25	14⅝	14	14	-⅝
26⅛	11⅝	Molybden	10	164	22⅛	21⅝	21⅝	-⅝
19⅝	11½	Monarch .60	17	4	17¼	7⅛	17¼	-¼
13⅛	4⅞	Monarm Ind	5	21	6⅛	6	6	
34¼	16	MonrEq .44	11	104	19⅞	18⅝	19⅞	+⅝
75¾	47⅝	Monsanto 2	9	1029	62	58⅝	58⅝	-2⅝
84	59½	Mons pf2.75		12	68½	67¼	67¼	-1⅛
42	28⅝	MontDUt 2	10	90	35¼	32⅝	34⅝	+3
36	28	MonPw 1.80	12	265	34⅛	34⅛	34⅛	+⅛
24½	20⅝	MontSt .99e		65	22	21½	21½	-⅛
14⅝	10	Mony 1.01e	18	35	10¾	10½	10½	-⅛
18⅝	10½	MooreMcC	4	43	16⅝	15⅝	15⅝	-1
73⅞	47	Morgan 1.46	18	337	69⅝	68½	68⅞	-⅝
28⅝	14⅝	MorrKn .60a	7	108	25	23⅝	23⅞	-1⅛
39⅝	9⅝	MorseEl Pd	4	85	10⅝	9⅝	10⅛	-
13⅞	6⅝	MorseSh .75	5	16	7	6⅝	6⅝	
23	11⅝	MtgTr 1.82e	6	58	11⅞	11¼	11½	
33⅞	13⅞	MorNor .88	12	958	26⅝	24¾	24⅞	+⅝
68⅝	41¼	Motorola .50	21	216	60½	58¾	59⅞	+¾
105½	67¾	MtFuel 1.92	29	156	106¼	104	105⅞	+⅝
26½	16⅝	MSL Ind	5	9	23¼	23	23	-⅝
14⅝	6⅝	Munford .28	5	56	7⅝	7	7	-⅝
33¾	17¼	Munsng 1.08	6	2	18¼	18⅛	18⅛	+⅛
24⅝	16	MurphC 1.20	7	20	16⅝	16⅛	16⅛	+⅛
96	47½	MurpOil .64	11	x12	80¼	79	79	-1⅛
33½	22¼	MurrOh .60a	10	44	30	29⅝	29⅝	+⅛
18⅞	15⅝	MutIO 1.32e		87	16½	16⅛	16¼	-½
19⅞	10½	MyersL .80	11	19	15⅝	14⅝	14⅝	-⅝

N

1973 High	Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
61	38⅝	Nabisco 2.30	12	27	43½	43	43	-½
41⅝	25	NalcoCh .43	32	271	38⅛	37⅝	38	
27⅝	12	NarcoSci .60	8	22	12½	12	12	-⅝
33⅞	13	NatAirl .30e	7	92	17⅝	16⅝	16⅝	-¾
21⅞	12⅞	N Avia 1.35e		39	15	14½	14⅝	-
17⅛	9¼	Nat Can .45	5	x81	9⅝	9½	9½	-⅛
46¼	26⅛	N CashR .40		270	42⅝	41⅜	42	
102	78¼	N Chms .48a	58	46	98	96	96	-1½
17⅝	12⅝	NatCityL .90	6	7	15⅝	14⅝	15⅝	+⅝
49⅝	48⅝	NatDet 2.36	6	21	44	43	43⅞	+⅛
17½	13	NatDistil .90	10	179	16	15⅝	15⅝	-⅛
77	73½	NDst pf 4.25		y100	74⅝	74⅝	74⅝	+½
38¼	34⅝	NDst pf 2.25		x1	34⅛	34⅛	34⅛	
29½	22½	NatFuel 1.90	6	11	23⅝	22⅝	22⅝	
36⅝	25	Nat Genl .50	4	17	28⅛	27	27	-2
17½	12⅝	NatGyp 1.05	6	91	13⅝	13⅛	13⅛	-⅛
12	3	NHome .15p		48	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	+⅛
4½	2½	NatInd .10e	7	43	3⅛	3	3	
14½	10⅝	NtInd pf1.25		8	11½	11¼	11¼	-⅛
34¼	28⅝	N Pres 1.10a	5	2	31⅝	31⅝	31⅝	+⅝
108⅝	23	N Semicndr	42	550	81⅝	74⅝	75⅝	-6½
28½	11⅝	N Svcind .78	7	54	12	11⅞	11⅞	-
35½	16⅝	N Stand .75	16	15	21¼	20⅝	21¼	+⅝
65½	51⅝	N Starch .66	25	7	65½	65½	65½	
42½	33	Nt Steel 2.50	7	62	35	34⅝	34⅝	-⅝
7⅝	4½	Nat Tea		29	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	
34⅝	14⅝	NatUnEl .90	3	17	15¼	14⅝	14⅝	-⅝
71⅜	28¼	Natomas .25	98	315	69	66⅞	67	-1
16	10	Neptune .40	12	80	11⅛	11	11	-⅛
43½	22¾	NevPw 1.35	6	32	23⅝	22⅝	23	
28⅝	21⅝	NEngEl 1.78	8	54	22⅝	21⅝	22	-⅝
16⅝	15½	NEnGE 1.24	8	28	15⅝	15⅛	15⅛	-⅝
39⅝	29⅝	N EngT 2.36	11	44	30⅝	30	30⅛	-⅛
13⅞	7	Newhall .30	120	14	11	10⅞	10⅞	-⅛
34⅝	24½	Newmt 1.40	10	93	32⅝	31⅝	31⅝	-⅝
108	82½	Nwmt pf4.50		1	101	101	101	-⅝
33⅝	25⅝	NYSEG 2.20	8	85	26⅝	26	26⅛	-⅛
114	103	NYSE pf8.80		z40	111	111	111	+⅛
18¼	14	NiaMP 1.14	9	197	14⅝	14	14⅛	
67	59⅝	NiaM pf 4.85		z30	63	63	63	
49¼	43	NiaM pf 3.60		z20	46¼	46¼	46¼	
20⅝	5⅝	Niagsh .18e		11	19½	19½	19½	
18	12⅝	NL Ind 1	7	92	14	13⅝	13⅝	-⅛
30⅝	21⅝	NLT Cp .36	10	568	21⅞	20⅝	21⅞	+⅝
72¼	56	NorflkWn 5	7	298	69½	67⅝	67⅝	+⅝
22¾	15	NorlinCp .80	4	x12	17½	17⅛	17½	-⅛
50	19⅝	Norris 1.08	6	x3	27⅝	27	27	-⅜
41½	19¾	NoACoal .60	17	105	29	27	27⅝	-1
35	23¼	NoAMt 2.51e	11	34	27⅝	27⅛	27⅛	-¼
34⅝	20⅛	NoAmPhil 1	6	17	23⅝	23⅛	23⅛	+⅛
4⅝	3⅛	NoCAlr .05e	6	87	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	
2⅛	1⅝	NoCeAir wt		17	1½	1½	1½	-
16⅝	12⅝	NoestUt 1.02	9	252	12⅝	12½	12⅝	-½
13⅝	9⅝	NoCenGs .60	10	6	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝	+⅛
11½	5	viNoCen Ry		240	9⅝	9	9⅝	+2⅛
29⅝	23⅛	NdlIGas 1.92	7	80	23⅝	23⅜	23⅝	
31¼	23⅛	NlIGs pf1.90		5	24⅛	24⅛	24⅛	
27½	18⅝	NIndPS 1.36	7	188	18½	17⅝	18	-⅝
46¼	33⅝	NNGas 2.68	10	92	46	45⅛	45⅝	+⅝
87	83	NoNG pf5.60		z10	83½	83½	83½	-1
37⅝	24¼	NoStPw 1.84	8	294	24⅝	24⅛	24⅛	-
7⅝	4⅝	Northgale	5	9	5½	5⅝	5⅝	
32¾	15	Northrop 1	7	35	19⅝	18⅝	18⅝	-1⅛
28	10	Nrthp pf1.45		1	20½	20½	20½	-⅝
36⅝	18	NwstAirl .45	12	434	23	22⅛	22¼	
67⅞	52⅝	NwstBnc .60	16	27	66½	65¾	66½	+⅝
31⅝	18½	Nwst Ind .85	3	1	21⅝	20⅝	20⅝	-⅝
16⅝	6⅝	Nwstlnd wt		37	8⅞	8⅝	8⅝	-⅛
95	64½	Nwind pfA5		5	72⅝	71½	71⅝	-1⅝
98	67½	Nwind pfC5		8	75	74	74	
75½	56	Nwtin pf4.20		5	61	60½	61	+½
27⅛	21⅝	NwNG .71e	10	40	26	24¾	25	+⅝
35¾	26	NwstW .83	7	48	28	27¾	27¾	-
36	23¾	Norton 1.50	6	46	32¾	32½	32½	-
42	21⅜	NorSim .25b	15	583	24	22⅝	22⅝	-
85¾	46	NrtS pf1.60		82	52	49	49⅜	-2
37⅜	14⅝	Nucor .10e	6	43	20¼	19⅝	19⅞	-
20⅝	13½	NVF .49t	2	71	16½	16	16	-

O

1973 High	Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
20½	10⅝	Oak Ind .32	5	19	14	13¼	13¾	-
18½	13¼	Oakite P .84	10	3	13⅝	13½	13⅝	-
10½	7⅝	Occid Pet	18	886	11¼	10¾	10⅞	-
57½	40⅞	OccidPt pf 4		2	46¼	46¼	46¼	+
48	37⅝	OccIP pf3.60		17	44⅝	41⅝	44⅞	
29⅞	20⅝	OccIP pf2.16		3	26	25⅞	25⅞	-
18¼	12½	OgdenCp .80	7	25	16⅝	16¼	16¼	-
31⅝	26⅛	Ogdn pf1.87		2	29⅝	29⅜	29¼	-
23⅝	19⅞	OhioEd 1.60	10	72	21⅝	21	21	
65⅝	57½	OhEd pf4.56		y100	61	61	61	+
64½	56	OhEd pf4.40		z100	58¼	58¼	58¼	+
28⅞	21⅞	OklaGE 1.32	11	388	22⅝	21¾	21⅞	-
25¼	18⅝	OklaNG .32	9	45	21⅝	21⅛	21⅛	+
19⅝	12⅝	OlinCorp .88	8	34	15⅛	15	15⅛	+
12⅝	7½	Omark .36	5	12	9⅜	9⅛	9⅛	-
19⅝	12¼	Oneida .76	6	6	14⅝	14¼	14¼	-
15⅝	12	Opelika 1		1	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝	
17⅜	14⅝	OrangR 1.20	10	25	15⅝	15	15⅛	+
49⅝	33	OtisElv 2.20	9	77	45⅝	43½	43⅝	-
43⅝	28⅝	OutMaf 1.20	7	94	31½	30	30	-
17⅝	10	OutletCo .65	5	4	10⅜	10¼	10¼	-
39⅝	18⅝	OvernltT .72	6	19	18⅝	17½	17⅝	-
54⅝	29½	OverSh .10e	16	83	47⅝	44⅝	44⅝	-
55⅝	39⅝	OwenCn .88	17	344	55½	54	54⅞	-
43⅝	27⅝	OwenIll 1.48	9	394	41	40	40⅛	-
83⅝	67	Owill pf4.75		3	74	73½	73½	
26	19⅝	Oxfrind .60b	4	3	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝	-

P - Q

1973 High	Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
16½	10⅝	PacASh .57e		32	14⅝	14⅜	14½	-
32⅝	24⅜	PacGsE 1.78	7	192	25⅛	24⅝	24⅞	-
24¼	20⅛	PacLtg 1.68	9	52	21	20⅞	20⅞	
46½	29⅝	PacPetrl .50	19	23	34⅝	33⅝	34	+
26⅝	21⅞	PacPw 1.60	10	226	25⅞	25	25	-
18⅝	15⅝	PacTT 1.20	9	21	16⅝	16¼	16⅝	
96⅝	80	PacTT pf 6		z200	83	82	82	-
9⅜	4⅛	PaineWb .30		27	5¼	4¾	5	
17⅝	12⅝	PalW pf1.30		10	12⅝	12⅛	12⅛	+
8⅝	4½	PalmBc .25	5	51	4⅝	4⅜	4⅝	
24¾	4	Pamida Inc	10	71	6	5⅝	5⅝	-
10⅞	5⅝	PanAm Air	8	367	6⅝	6	6⅝	
45⅝	27	PanhEP 2	8	299	34⅝	34¼	34⅝	+
32⅝	10⅝	Paprcft .60b	6	780	11⅞	11½	11⅝	-
19	12	Pargas .90	7	34	10⅝	10⅛	10⅛	
35⅝	19	ParHan 1.04	1	49	31¾	31⅛	31⅝	
25¼	16⅝	ParPen .50a	18	3	23⅝	23¼	23⅝	+
22⅝	8⅝	Pasco Inc	17	78	20⅛	19⅝	19⅝	-
18⅝	11	Paylow .27	8	7	12⅝	12½	12½	-
45⅞	19	PeabGa .04e	21	67	27⅝	25⅝	25⅞	-
3¾	1⅛	Penn Cent		2071	3⅛	2⅞	3⅛	+
10½	5⅝	PennDx .20b	6	68	6⅝	6⅛	6⅛	-
101	72½	Penney 1.18	25	337	76⅝	76	76⅝	-
60⅝	47⅝	PaC pf8.10k		2	51	51	51	
26	20	PaPwLt 1.68	8	72	21⅛	20⅝	21⅛	-
109¾	98½	PaPL pr8.40		z50	104	103	104	+
106	96	PaPL pr8.00		z50	101	101	101	-
65	55	PaPL pf4.50		z150	57⅜	57	57	
63⅝	53	PaPL pf4.40		z50	55⅝	55¼	55⅝	-
29	18⅝	Pennwlt 1.20	10	65	22⅝	22⅝	22⅝	-
47⅝	35⅝	Penwl pf2.50		5	41	41	41	
27	20	Penwl pf1.60		2	25	24⅝	24	+
32	17½	Pennzoil .80	11	596	25⅝	25⅛	25⅜	-
96⅛	80	Pennz pf88		5	93	93	93	+
45⅝	25½	Pennz pf1.30		3	36	35⅝	35⅝	-
10⅝	6	PeopDrg .20	6	5	7	6⅝	6⅝	-
39⅝	28	PeopGs 2.34	7	50	29⅞	29⅛	29⅛	-
89¾	78⅛	PepsiCo 1.20	25	69	83¾	82⅛	82⅝	-
43⅛	29	PerkElm .32	41	374	38½	37⅝	37⅝	-
38⅝	27⅝	Pet Inc 1.35	9	48	34⅝	34	34¼	-
31	18⅝	Petinc pf.80		3	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	
31	14	PeterPl 1.20	20	11	19⅝	14⅝	18⅝	+
89	45¾	PetrieS .408	28	54	67½	67	67	-
33	18¾	Petrolan .36	11	19	14⅝	14⅛	14⅛	-
25⅝	20	Petrim 2.10e		12	24½	23⅝	23⅞	+
52⅞	38½	Pfizer .64a	26	175	45⅝	44½	44⅝	-
52¼	38⅝	PhelpD 2.20	9	89	48	46⅝	46⅝	-
23½	19½	PhilaEl 1.64	9	261	20¼	20	20	
114	102	PhilE pf9.75		z10	109½	109½	109½	
105¾	96	PhilE pf7.80		4	102	102	102	+
105½	93¾	PhilE pf7.75		z180	100¼	100¼	100¼	+
65	59¾	PhilE pf4.68		z200	62	61½	62	+
53¾	47½	PhilE pf3.80		z30	50	50	50	
32⅛	17¼	PhilSub 1.20	7	58	18¼	17⅝	17⅝	-
185¾	97½	PhilXor 1.40	21	182	182¾	177⅝	177⅝	-
11¼	5½	Philip In .20	5	12	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	-
18⅝	14¼	Phil Ind pf 1		1	10⅝	12⅝	12⅝	+
70½	40½	PhilPet 1.30	28	258	68⅝	68	68	-
21⅝	9¼	PhilVH .40a	6	175	12½	12	12¼	
51¼	21¼	Pickwk 1.29t	12	78	22¼	21½	20¾	-
19⅝	15⅝	PiedNG 1.28	6	13	16½	16⅜	16⅜	-
24	5⅝	Pier 1 Imprt	8	118	6⅛	5¾	5¾	-
55	38¾	Pilsbry 1.64	10	10	46	45¾	45¾	-
20½	14½	PionNGs .84	12	134	19⅞	18⅝	18⅝	-
21⅞	10⅝	PitneyB .68	10	200	11⅛	10⅝	10⅝	-
17⅝	13⅝	PittFrg .80b	11	4	14	14	14	
51	38	PittFtW pf		z2 0	41	40	41	
34⅞	20	Pittston .60b	22	564	29⅝	28⅝	28⅝	-
36	14¾	Pizza Hut	17	49	24½	23	23	
7¼	2	Plan Resrch	16	159	3⅛	2⅞	3⅛	
19½	6½	Playboy .12	5	18	6¾	6⅝	6⅝	
25¼	20⅛	Plessey .87e	8	40	24¼	23¾	23¾	
26½	18¼	PNBM 2.10e	9	5	19¾	19½	19½	
143½	86¾	Polaroid .32	59	763	91¼	87	88	
86¼	32	Ponderosa S	33	344	64½	63⅛	63⅛	
29½	15⅝	PopeTa .40b	3	26	24⅛	23⅝	23⅝	
18⅝	11½	Portecin .80	7	17	14⅝	14¼	14¼	+
22½	16⅛	PortGE 1.48	8	41	18¾	18½	18½	-
33¼	19½	Potlch 1.50	6	115	29⅝	28½	28½	-
16⅝	13	PotmEl 1.08	8	98	13⅞	13⅝	13⅝	+
60	52½	PotEl pf4.50		z200	55½	55	55	
41	33½	PotEl pf2.44		1	34½	34½	34½	-
47	29¼	PPGInd 1.70	6	327	32¾	30½	30½	-
14⅝	7¼	Premier .32	8	18	9⅛	8⅞	8⅞	-
18¾	11	Premr pf.90		3	14	14	14	
120	93	ProctG 1.80	28	160	104¾	100	101¼	-
27⅞	9	PSA Inc	12	56	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	-
24⅛	16¾	PSvCol 1.20	7	115	17½	16⅞	17	-
100	95	PSCol pf7.15		z30	95½	95½	95½	-
25⅝	20⅞	PSvEG 1.72	8	518	21¼	20⅝	20¾	+
122½	114	PSEG pf9.62		z80	117½	117	117½	-
107	97¼	PSEG pf8.08		z20	101½	101½	101½	
101¾	95½	PSEG pf7.70		2	99	99	99	
20¾	17½	PSEG pf1.40		2	18	17⅞	18	+
45	35	PSvInd 2.42	10	77	37⅞	37⅜	37¾	-
50	45	PSInd pf3.50		z50	47¾	47⅝	47¾	+
15½	10½	PSInd pf1.08		z30	14	14	14	
25⅝	19⅝	PSvNH 1.64	9	38	19⅝	19⅛	19⅝	-
25⅝	17⅝	PSvNM 1.30	6	34	18½	17⅞	18	+
5⅝	3	Pub'ckr .34t		1	4½	4½	4½	
7	3½	Pueblot 3.8b	46	36	5⅝	5½	5½	-
10¼	6⅝	PR Cemt .40	11	6	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	-
34½	26	PugSPL 1.98	8	20	26⅞	25⅝	25⅝	-
82¾	46⅞	Pullmn 22.5	12	205	80⅛	79½	80¼	+
19¼	11⅝	PurexCp 8.8	8	77	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝	-
12⅝	5¼	PuritFsh .28	4	41	5½	5¼	5⅜	-
60⅝	29⅝	Purolatr .88	15	32	42⅝	41⅝	41⅝	-
47½	27⅛	QuakOat .76	19	59	34	33¼	33¼	-1
44	18½	QuakStO .50	26	x60	34½	33	33	-1½
24	9¾	Questor .50	7	17	10¾	10½	10⅝	

R

1973 High	Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
49¾	32½	RalstonP .75	28	23	47	46¼	46⅝	-
22	6⅞	Ramad .12b	11	503	8⅛	7⅝	7⅝	-
24	13	Ranco In .92	7	4	15	14⅝	14⅝	-
21	12½	RapdAm .50	3	30	14	13⅝	13⅝	-
32¾	21¾	RaybstsM 1	5	12	22⅛	22	22	-
16⅛	7½	Raymlnt .20	14	75	15	13½	13⅝	-1⅛
34¾	21⅝	Raythen .70	11	92	33⅛	32¼	32½	
39⅛	22⅛	RCA 1	10	490	23⅝	22⅝	23	-
91	42½	RCA cv pf 4		11	67¾	66½	67¾	
52	45¾	RCA pf 3.50		z90	46⅝	46⅛	46½	-
2⅛	1⅛	vjReadg Cb		70	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	+
2½	1	vjReadg 1pf		53	2⅛	2	2⅛	+
2½	1	vjReadg 2pf		16	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	+
42	20½	RdgBate .25	31	45	39	38¾	38⅝	-
23¼	6	Redman .12		85	7⅛	6¾	6⅞	-
27½	16	Reece .74e	11	26	23⅝	22¾	23¼	+2
19½	10	Reed Tool	24	48	16⅝	16⅛	16⅝	-
38⅞	21½	Reeve 1.50b	5	7	23½	23¼	23⅝	
13¾	8¼	ReichCh .40	6	20	9¼	9	9	-
10½	8	Reliab St .60	6	70	9	8⅞	9	+
27½	13⅝	RelianEl .80	13	170	21⅝	21⅛	21½	
76¾	43¼	Relian pf 3		19	62	61	61	-
4⅝	1½	Republic Cp	13	38	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	-
28	15¾	RepFinS .80	4	87	16¼	15⅝	16	
19¾	13½	RepMtg 1.80	8	8	15½	15¼	15½	
30⅛	21⅞	RepStl 1.20	5	123	26⅝	25⅝	26¼	+
33⅝	19¾	RetailCred 2	8	66	22	21½	21½	-
54¾	32⅛	RevcoDS .28	23	197	39¼	38½	38⅝	-
11⅝	6⅝	Revere Cop		35	10¼	9⅞	10¼	+
75⅞	56⅝	Revlon 1.08	21	37	69¾	68⅞	68⅞	-
6¾	3⅝	Rexham Cp	7	67	3¾	3⅝	3¾	+
29⅝	17⅝	Rexnrd 1.04e	8	50	19	18½	19	+
46¼	31	Rexn pf2.36		1	31½	31½	31½	+
55¾	41	ReyInd 2.68	7	159	46⅛	44½	45½	-
41	40½	Reyl pf 2.25		12	46⅛	43¾	45⅞	-
23¾	12	ReynMet .40	19	468	19⅝	18¼	18¼	-
63¾	52¾	ReyM pf4.50		8	60	59	59	-
40	38¼	ReyM pf2.37		1	38¾	38¾	38¾	
18½	8	ReynSec .50	12	24	12½	12¼	12⅛	-
16⅝	11⅛	Richrdsn .80	5	3	11¼	11¼	11¼	-
30⅝	20⅛	RichMt n.58	16	120	30⅝	30⅛	30½	-
24¾	16¼	Richmnd .60	8	49	20½	20	20⅛	+
29⅞	12½	RidderP .22	9	18	16⅛	14⅞	14⅞	-
17¾	9½	RioGrem .60	5	81	12¾	12¼	12⅝	-
12⅝	9⅝	RioGr pf.80		102	10¼	9¾	10¼	+
56¾	20	RiteAid .10	25	108	25¾	24⅝	24½	-
40	17⅞	RivianF .86	14	12	23½	23⅛	23⅞	-
6¾	4¾	RoanST .88e		20	6⅞	5¾	5⅞	+
37⅞	17½	Robshaw .90	7	7	19⅛	18⅝	18⅝	-
23	16¼	Robrtsn 1.10	6	2	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	-
37¼	26⅛	RobinsA .22	28	726	29⅝	27¾	27⅞	-
24⅛	19⅝	RochGs 1.34	7	71	20¼	20¼	20¼	+
25¼	20¼	RochTl .70a	18	27	22½	22	22	-
17⅞	9⅛	Rockwer .28	4	38	10⅝	10	10	-
32⅝	25⅛	RockwIl 1.80	7	45	28⅝	28¼	28¼	-
82½	68¼	RkInt pf4.75		4	71	70½	70½	-
116	77	RohmH 1.12	16	122	79	77	77	-
23⅛	12⅝	Rohrind .90	9	28	15⅛	14⅝	14⅝	-
36½	14¼	Rollinsin .18	16	832	21½	20½	20⅝	-
7⅝	5	Ronson .20b	12	6	6¼	6¼	6¼	
32¾	17⅝	Roper Cp 1	6	6	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝	-
39½	27	RorerA .80	19	77	33¼	33	33⅛	
33½	16⅝	Rosario .30	16	26	29½	29	29⅛	-
45¼	20⅝	RoyCCol .64	14	66	22⅝	21⅞	22⅝	+
46½	37	RoylD 2.84e	6	873	40	39¼	39⅞	+
		RoiD fn2.84e		37	37¼	37⅛	37½	
12⅝	5⅛	Royal Ind	5	66	8⅛	8	8	-
13⅝	8	RTE Cp .88a	15	9	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝	
50¾	38⅛	Rubbrm .32	31	65	40¾	40¼	40⅜	-
10⅞	4⅜	Ruckr Co		58	9⅜	8⅝	8⅝	-1⅛
18⅝	10½	RussTog .70	5	17	12½	12	12	-
46⅛	31	RyderSys .20	20	106	38⅛	37	37	-

S

1973 High	Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
7	3⅝	Safegrd Ind	7	14	4⅛	3⅞	3⅞	-
46⅛	27⅛	Safewy 1.60	11	97	39⅝	39	39	-
35⅛	24⅝	StJoeM 1.50	9	97	35⅛	34½	34½	-
17	14⅛	StJoLtP 1.12	7	1	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	+
46¼	28⅝	StLSaF 2.50	6	48	32⅞	31⅝	32⅞	+
15⅝	11⅞	StPaulS .96r		22	12⅝	12½	12⅝	+
55⅛	35⅝	StRegP 1.80	11	81	48¼	47⅝	48	+
18⅝	6⅝	SalantCp .24	4	11	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	-
20⅝	16	SanDGs 1.20	8	56	16⅝	16	16¼	-
18⅞	6⅝	Sandrs Asso	11	80	10⅛	9⅝	9⅝	-
17⅝	9½	Sangamo .60	7	9	12¼	12	12	-
23⅝	14	SJuan 2.19t	13	4	16⅝	15⅝	15⅝	-
34⅞	22⅝	SFe Ir 1.60a	8	671	29⅝	29	29⅝	
9⅝	6⅝	SFeInd pf.50		10	8¾	8½	8¾	
57	36⅝	SanFeInt .20	39	27	47⅝	46⅝	47¼	+
8½	5	SarWeBc .30	8	18	6⅝	6⅛	6⅛	
17⅝	14⅝	SaulRI 1.538	9	2	15⅝	15½	15⅝	+
16	13⅛	SavenE 1.12	11	13	13⅝	13¼	13⅝	-
10⅞	4⅛	SavA Stp .24	9	29	4⅝	4⅛	4⅛	-
13¾	5⅝	SavOlr .12e	10	28	6	5⅝	5⅞	

(Continued on Page 10)

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INTERNATIONAL
BUSINESS
Herald Tribune
FINANCE
Published with The New York Times and The Washington Post
PARIS, SATURDAY-SUNDAY, NOV. 10-11, 1973

...on Delay ...Trade Bill ...n Slight

...Says Holdup ...ast 1-2 Months

...ON, Nov. 9 (Reuters).—...griculture Secretary Earl ... said today he recognizes ...e temporary shelving of ...troversial U.S. trade bill ...et back the timetable for ...trade negotiations, but ...that the delay would not ...e than a month or two. ...ednesday, President Nixon ...he House of Representa... ...delay further considera... ...the trade bill in order ...id difficulties with the ...Union at a time of delicate ...tions for restoring peace ...Middle East.

...House, which was original... ...to debate the bill next ...had been expected to ...mendments making U.S. ...oncessions to the Soviet ...conditional upon Moscow's ...g its attitudes toward ...emigration and civil lib...

...oid this, Mr. Nixon post... ...onsideration of the entire ...ich is designed to give ...e authority said flexibility ...s to take part in the most ...us attempt ever made to ...ternational trade barriers.

...ll Not Abandoned

...ering questions at a news ...nce, Mr. Butz stressed that ...ministration is not aban... ...its drive to enact the ...gislation, but he said that ...s would probably now be ...to consider the measure ...rly next year.

...s prepared statement, he ...e United States sees no ...why the work already ...ay in Geneva to prepare ...trade negotiations should ...tinue.

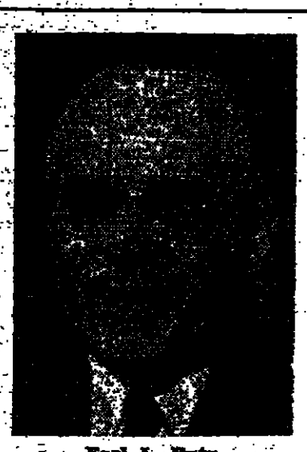
...most, this postponement ...set the timetable of the ...tions back by a month ...Mr. Butz said.

...eir meeting in Geneva on ...26, members of the trade ...tions committee agreed ...ere is a good deal of ...tory work to be done be... ...bstantive negotiations can ...

... they agreed to launch ...ade talks in Tokyo last ...ber, ministers from more ...90 countries decided to aim ...cluding them by the end ...

...many ministers felt that, ...s of the complexity of the ...the talks were likely to ...to 1976.

...officials then stressed their ...to conclude the negotia... ...arly in 1976 because that ...residential election year.



Earl L. Butz

Mr. Butz also reaffirmed today the determination of the United States to avoid further controls on exports of American farm products following the international row caused last summer by its decision to limit soya bean exports.

He rejected a claim made yesterday in London by the chairman of the Chicago Board of Trade, Frederick G. Uhlmann, that U.S. action to embargo wheat exports by next summer seemed inevitable.

Mr. Butz said that, with a good wheat harvest this year, the United States is in a comfortable position, and he added that he, Mr. Nixon, and Treasury Secretary George Shultz vigorously oppose export controls.

He said the United States recognises that the soya bean export curbs had damaged America's reputation as a dependable supplier, but added: "The United States had to go through this experience in order to convince themselves they would never do it again, because the consequences were very disruptive."

Trade Balance Aide

Mr. Butz, who is in London at the start of a European tour, stressed the importance for America of its agricultural exports, which had been responsible for giving the United States a slight surplus in its trade with the nine Common Market countries during 1972-1973.

He said the United States is prepared to make concessions to liberalize agricultural trade, but will take a strong position against allowing unlimited access to America for subsidized European farm products.

Mr. Butz said he had recommended to President Nixon that if the United States did remove current import restrictions unpopular with the Europeans, it should at the same time impose import duties on subsidized European dairy products.

"We can't become an unlimited market for subsidized dumping from the Common Market," he said.

...rocco Orders 200% Rise ...Phosphate Export Prices

...IS, Nov. 9 (AP-DJ).— ... has raised the price of ...ates to $42 a ton from ...ective immediately, a gov... ...t agency announced today. ...acts are generally signed ...mber for one-year periods, ...rst deliveries in January. ...understood that one con... ...involving the new terms ...eady been signed with an ...uropean country.

Largest Exporter

...cco is the world's biggest ...r of phosphates, with ...16.5 million tons annually, ...followed by the United ...with 12 million tons and ...viet Union with 6 million ...

...increase is in line with ...o's new five-year plan ...calls for annual economic ...of 7.5 percent and in... ...exploitation of its mineral ...es.

...rding to Moroccan esti... ...the country has 50 per... ...f the world's known phos... ...reserves of 40 billion tons. ...al world phosphate pro... ...is 100 million tons, of

which 40 million is accounted for by the United States, 22 million by the Soviet Union and 17 million by Morocco, Moroccan figures show.

Moroccan officials say that current world demand exceeds supply by about 5 million tons annually.

Phosphates are used mainly in the production of fertilizers and detergents.

Anchovy Exports Ended

LIMA, Nov. 9 (AP-DJ).—Peru has suspended the export of all anchovy fish meal and oil in an effort to save the industry, the government announced today.

Peru had one of the world's largest fishmeal industries until the middle of last year, when anchovy schools disappeared from the Pacific coast region.

The disappearance resulted from over fishing and a shifting of ocean currents that raised the temperature of coastal waters above suitable levels for anchovies.

A government decree set Nov. 30 as the deadline for suspending all shipments of anchovy fish meal and oil.

Export commitments agreed before Oct. 1, 1972, will be honored up to 30 percent from existing Peruvian stocks.

The cut-back has caused a world shortage of fish meal, forcing the price up to $800 a ton.

Peru once supplied 70 percent, or 2.5 million tons, of the world market for fish meal.

...ustrial Output ...ges in Britain

...DON, Nov. 9 (AP-DJ).— ...'s industrial output surged ... in September following a ... August, figures released by ...vernment showed today. ... index of output in all in... ...s rose to 111.9 in Septem... ...om 111.1 in August and ... July (1970 equals 100). ...September 1972 index was ...

... average index in the three-... period July-September was ...ercent from the average in ...ceding three months, im... ...that output is rising at an ...l rate of about 4 percent. ...In the all-industries index ...anufacturing industry index ...o 112.8 in September from ... August and 111.7 in July. ...eptember 1972 measure was ...

...ch Reserves Fall

...IS, Nov. 9 (AP-DJ).—Over... ...ench reserves of gold and ...currency declined by 1.196 ... francs in October to 39.147 ... the Finance Ministry ann... ...ed today.

Profit Soars 195 Percent at Nippon Steel

Export Prices, Output Cited for Increase

TOKYO, Nov. 9 (AP-DJ).—Nippon Steel Corp., one of the world's largest steel makers, announced today a 195 percent rise in profits in the six months ended Sept. 30.

The company said its net profit for the September term was 23.30 billion yen (about $84 million), up from 7.81 billion yen a year earlier.

Nippon Steel's sales for the September term were 877.67 billion yen, up from 633.128 billion yen a year earlier.

The company set a 2.5-yen dividend for the September term, up from 2.25 yen in the preceding term and up from 1.5 yen a year earlier.

Nippon Steel officials cited increased steel output and higher export prices as the reason for the higher profits.

Takeo Fujiki, vice-president, said the company will try to keep its net profit at the September level, although there is concern about increased raw material costs and a possible electricity supply cutback.

Nippon Steel said its crude steel output during the six months ended Sept. 30 totaled 20.8 million metric tons, up from 16.1 million tons a year earlier.

Steel exports aggregated 4.7 million tons, up from 3.6 million tons a year earlier.

Loan Demand Rises in U.S.

NEW YORK, Nov. 9 (NYT).—Business loans at New York City banks increased $272 million in the week ended Wednesday, the Federal Reserve Bank of New York disclosed in its preliminary report for the period.

That was the largest increase since Sept. 12. Just prior to this week's increase, business loans had declined for three weeks in a row.

While this pickup in loan demand developed during the banking week, reserve and monetary aggregate figures released yesterday by the New York Fed seemed to indicate no noticeable shift in credit policy.

Total reserves in the banking system, for example, showed an 8.8 percent growth rate over the last year. A week earlier, the growth rate was 8.9 percent.

The money supply again moved erratically for the week, dropping $2 billion to $264.9 billion. Over the last year, however, the total volume of currency plus checking account balances has expanded at a 5 percent rate, just a touch slower than the 5.1 percent annual growth rate for the money supply last week and the week before.

Commercial banks borrowed less from the Federal Reserve in the week ended Wednesday, and their borrowed reserves decreased, too.

Most short-term interest rates moved upward during the banking week, a period when the Fed's portfolio of government and agency securities decreased by $3.17 billion from its record $80.38 billion to $77.21 billion.

During this period, the federal funds rate declined 19 basis points to 9.71 percent on average, from 9.90 percent a week earlier.

At the same time, however, the average rate for three-month Treasury bills jumped a steep 64 basis points to 7.84 percent from 7.20 percent—largely because of sales of foreign central banks.

Eurco Is Worth...

Nov. 9, 1973

The Eurco, the currency cocktail of the nine EEC monies, is made up of 28.9 percent deutsche marks, 22.3 percent French francs, 14.6 percent pounds sterling, 9.9 percent lire, 9.1 percent guilders, 9.5 percent Belgian francs, 2.7 percent krone, 1 percent Luxembourg francs and 1 percent Irish pounds. As calculated by the Luxembourg Stock Exchange, the Eurco was today worth:

DM	2.18409	Belgian Fr.	47.24356
French Fr.	5.51345	Krone	7.33444
£	0.51451	Irish £	0.51451
Lire	745.93965	Lux. Fr.	47.24356
Guilders	3.27391	U.S. $	1.22210

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One Dollar---

LONDON (AP-DJ).—The late or closing interbank rates for the dollar here.

Nov. 9, 1973

	Today	Prev.	Ch.*
Belg. fr. (B)	37.985	37.775	+17.22
Deutsche mark	2.577	2.5572	+26.13
Danish Krone	5.895	5.8582	+27.61
Escudo	24.0	23.7	
Fr. fr. (A)	4.4376	4.42	
Fr. fr. (B)	4.3565	4.3512	+17.20
Guilder	2.4875	2.4765	+22.91
Israeli pound	4.20	4.20	
Lira (A)	612.12	611.5	
Lira (B)	535.37	534.0	— 0.91
Peseta	57.175	56.82	
Schilling	16.62	16.5	+33.98
Sw. Krona	4.3137	4.305	+11.15
Swiss Franc	3.1225	3.12	+32.50
Yen	275.25	275.05	+11.89

* Percentage change against the dollar from central rates set by the 1971 Smithsonian agreement, as calculated by Morgan Guaranty Trust Co. The figures are based on currency quotations in New York.

A: Free. B: Commercial.

FINANCIAL NEWS AND NOTES

Foreign Car Sales Rise in U.K.

Imported cars increased their share of new car registrations in Britain last month to 31.86 percent of the total, up from 24.05 percent a year earlier. The Society of Motor Manufacturers and Traders (SMMT) reports that registrations of imported autos rose to 37,048 from 32,580 a year earlier, while British-made car registrations dropped to 79,232 from 102,975. The British auto industry, which as recently as July held 73.54 percent of the market, saw its share fall to 68.14 percent last month, mainly due to labor problems that cut production.

Christies Sets Public Offering

A public offering will be made next Monday of 7.5 million ordinary shares of Christies International Ltd. at a price of 70 pence a share. Christies International is a new holding company, formed to control the British and overseas subsidiaries of the fine arts auctioneering group.

The shares being offered represent about 37 percent of Christies ordinary equity. The balance of the equity, in the form of 12,975,000 "A" ordinary shares, will be held by the company's present directors. The company forecasts a pre-tax profit for 1973 of more than £2 million, up from £1.1 million for 1972.

Japanese Strike Oil Off Nigeria

Nigerian Oil Co. of Japan has struck oil in an offshore field of Nigeria with low-sulphur oil flowing at a daily rate of more than 4,000 barrels.

The company says its wholly-owned subsidiary, Japan Petroleum (Nigeria) Ltd., has been test-drilling jointly with the Nigerian government in a sector of the concession area of Amatu. Commercial oil production there is likely to start in 1976 or 1977.

GM Seeks Price Increase

General Motors Corp. has notified the Cost of Living Council of plans to increase its car prices by an amount "not to exceed an average of $150 a vehicle." The company says the proposed boost will apply to its dealers, who can then add their own markup to any boost allowed by the council. GM, which is the last of the U.S. automakers to file for price increases, says it is basing its request on cost increases for labor and materials, which since October 1972 have averaged $208 per equipped vehicle. This figure includes the effects expected from a wage and benefit increase offer the company made to the United Auto Workers union this week.

Mitsubishi in Australia Venture

Mitsubishi Corp. has obtained permission from the South Australia state government to build a $300-million (Australian) chemical complex in Augusta jointly with Australian interests. The Australian interests are Alcoa of Australia Ltd. and Imperial Chemical Industries of Australia Ltd. The project calls for building plants with annual production capacity of 300,000 metric tons of ethylene, 47,000 metric tons of caustic soda and 600,000 metric tons of ethylene dichloride and 100,000 metric tons of polyethylene. The plants will begin operations by April, 1977.

San Diego Collapse Reveals Rift

U.S. Agencies in Conflict on Bank Security

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9 (AP-DJ).—The failure of U.S. National Bank of San Diego has pointed up some regulatory conflicts between federal agencies in charge of protecting bank depositors and the Securities and Exchange Commission, whose goal is to protect stockholders.

The San Diego case has also raised questions about the adequacy of the bank-examination procedures of the comptroller of the currency. Legislation to deal with both problems eventually could result, according to Capitol Hill observers.

Government sources say there were major differences between the SEC and the currency comptroller in the handling of investigations involving the San Diego bank, whose collapse last month was the largest in banking history.

Sources say the SEC staff wanted to name the bank as a defendant in a civil suit brought May 31 against Westgate-California Corp. financier C. Arnholt Smith and others.

Mr. Smith controlled both the bank and Westgate-California, and the SEC suit charged there was a scheme to loot the assets of the bank and of Westgate-California.

Run on Bank Feared

In negotiations with the SEC last spring, the comptroller's office argued that naming the bank as a defendant and including certain information in the suit would cause a run on the bank by depositors. Because of these arguments, the SEC compromised with the comptroller and did not name the bank as a defendant.

Now some members of Congress and SEC officials are wondering if stockholders and depositors of the San Diego bank, which is publicly held, should have been notified of its financial problems before it was declared insolvent. They also would like to know why the comptroller's office did not move faster in nailing down the bank's problems.

Some of those questions were asked at a Senate Banking Committee hearing Thursday. Comptroller James E. Smith was asked whether his office tried to "prevent the SEC" from filing its suit last May.

Mr. Smith, who became comptroller in July, denied any attempt to delay or prevent the suit, but said the "detail in the suit" was discussed with a view toward preventing a run on the bank.

Mr. Smith did not expand on that, but the agency's chief counsel, Robert Bloom, confirmed in an interview that the discussions also included naming the bank as a defendant, which it was feared would tip off depositors and stockholders before the government could attempt to save it.

As it turned out, depositors were protected, because Crocker National Bank of San Francisco purchased the "good assets" of the San Diego bank last month and assumed most of its liabilities.

Some senators at the hearing also suggested legislation might be needed to improve the comptroller's surveillance of banks. Mr. Smith conceded that "deficiencies in our examination process" might have delayed the uncovering of U.S. National's financial problems.

He said his office is retracing the case to find out what the problems were and is conducting a "total evaluation" of its examination procedures.

Mr. Smith said the agency heard rumors and press reports as far back as 1969 about questionable loans between the bank, Westgate and C. Arnholt Smith, but he did not explain why the comptroller failed to take any action against the bank until this year.

Company Reports

General Dynamics

Third Quarter	1973	1972
Revenue (millions)	383.0	382.3
Profits (millions)	11.08	6.71
Per Share	1.06	0.63
Nine Months		
Revenue (millions)	1,209.8	1,151.4
Profits (millions)	27.53	18.15
Per Share	2.62	1.71

Genesco

First Quarter	1973	1972
Revenue (millions)	314.3	321.8
Profits (millions)	7.83	8.19
Per Share	0.55	0.58

Grumman

Third Quarter	1973	1972
Revenue (millions)	288.42	157.36
Profits (millions)	a4.62	—4.36
Per Share	0.67	..
Nine Months		
Revenue (millions)	728.40	475.38
Profits (millions)	a20.63	1.36
Per Share	3.03	0.20

Ralston Purina

Fourth Quarter *	1973	1972
Revenue (millions)	736.1	516.0
Profits (millions)	18.89	12.69
Per Share	0.54	0.36

* Indicated.

Year		
Revenue (millions)	2,433.6	1,833.4
Profits (millions)	77.55	58.25
Per Share	2.22	1.73

Biggest Fall in 11 Years

Dow Index Slumps 24 On Fears of Oil Crisis

NEW YORK, Nov. 9 (Reuters).—Fears that an energy crisis may have adverse impact on the U.S. economy next year caused the Dow Jones industrial average to slump 24.24 points on the New York Stock Exchange today.

It marked the biggest single-day decline since the Cuban missile crisis on May 28, 1962, when the blue-chip barometer fell 34.95.

Overall, the market also was sharply lower, but volume was moderate.

Despite reports that peace is drawing closer in the Middle East, there was no evidence that Arab oil-producing states would lift their embargo on oil shipments to the United States.

American sources said Saudi Arabia's King Faisal is taking a hard line on resumption of oil supplies to the United States and the present boycott could go on for some time yet.

The broad-based NYSE common stock index dropped around 0.82 to 56.58, while declines routed advances by more than a 3-to-1 margin.

However, volume was only 17.32 million shares, down from 19.65 million yesterday.

Du Pont fell 7 1/2 to 170 1/2. The company said it will reduce shipments of dacron polyester fiber by 10 percent from now through January due to cutbacks in deliveries of raw materials by suppliers.

Allied Chemical lost 1 3/8 to 43 3/4. It said it had been put on allocation by its petrochemical feedstock suppliers.

Atlantic Richfield dropped 1 3/4 to 106 1/2. Arco said its refinery capacity will be 10 to 12 percent lower through the end of the year.

General Motors, the day's volume leader, gave up 1 3/8 to 58 7/8, ex-dividend. Heavily-traded Ford Motor fell 1 to 47 3/4, while less-active Chrysler and American Motors surrendered fractions.

Some industry analysts commented that the growing trend toward smaller cars because of the oil shortage may mean less profits for automobile manufacturers.

Sony dropped 2 3/4 to 33 1/4 in active trading, while Goodyear Tire & Rubber slumped 1 3/8 to 18 5/8.

Warner-Lambert lost 2 to 40, Holiday Inns 1 1/4 to 18, Walt Disney 3 1/4 to 80, Polaroid 2 1/8 to 88, Xerox 2 7/8 to 141 1/4, and IBM 3 7/8 to 278 3/8.

Other point-sized losers included Eastman Kodak, off 2 3/4 to 127 3/4, Dow Chemical 2 3/8 to 55 7/8, Monsanto 2 5/8 to 58 5/8, Sears, Roebuck 2 1/2 to 90 7/8, Procter & Gamble 2 1/4 to 101 1/4, and S.S. Kresge 1 1/8 to 35 3/4.

Airlines and aircrafts generally surrendered fractions, while steels were narrowly mixed.

Prices declined in moderate trading on the American Stock Exchange. The Amex index fell 1.11 to 104.18, while declines topped advances, 581 to 232.

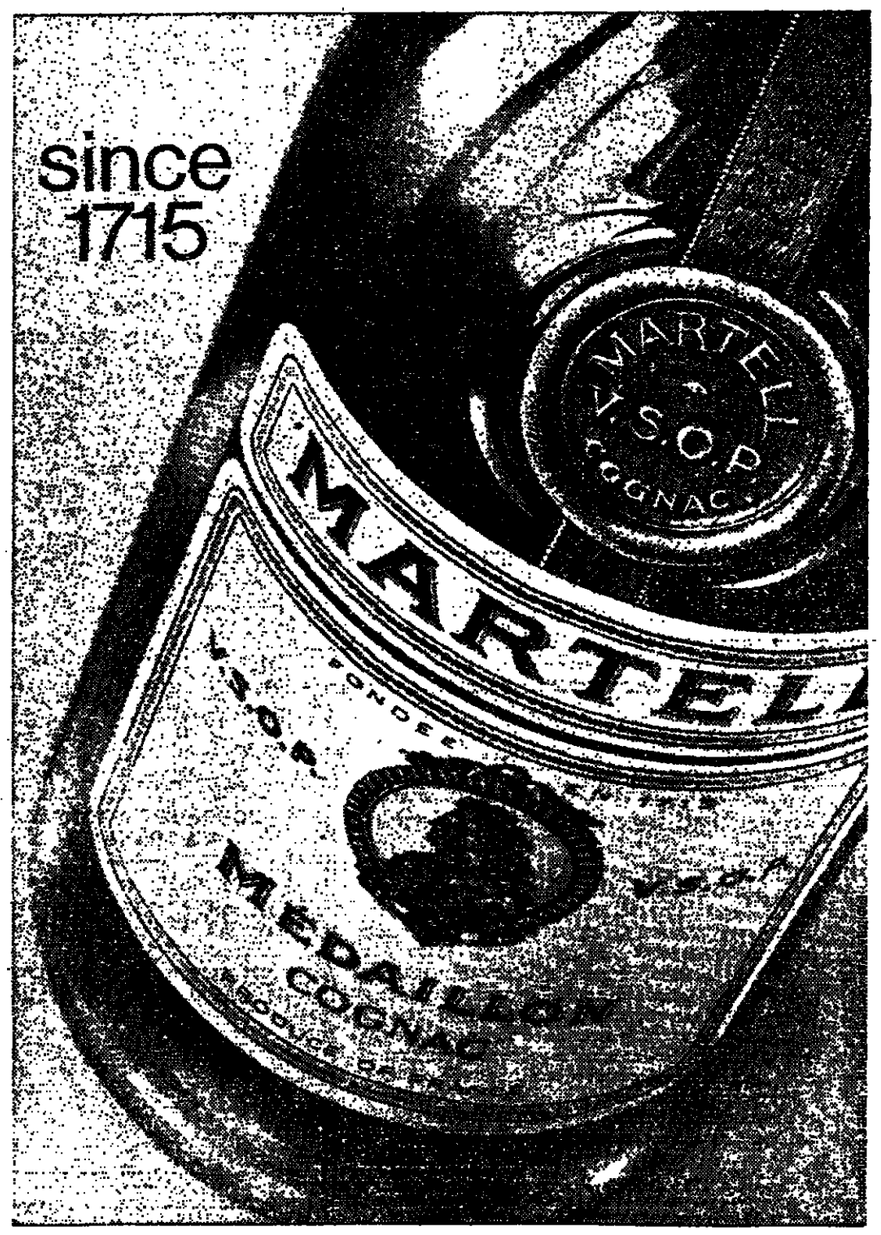
Capital Spending In U.S. Expected To Grow by 14%

NEW YORK, Nov. 9 (AP-DJ).—U.S. capital spending is expected to soar to a record $113.9 billion in 1974, a 14 percent increase from 1973 estimates, despite inflation and an anticipated economic slowdown.

That is the conclusion drawn from the latest survey of spending plans by businessmen for plant and equipment taken by McGraw-Hill Publications Co.

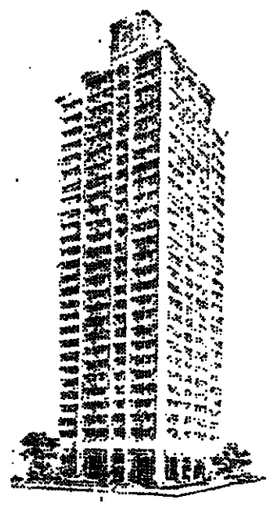
Of the businessmen questioned about their personal views on the business outlook for 1974, two-thirds expected economic growth to slow to anywhere from 1 to 3.5 percent, while 30 percent look for the gross national product to grow at the rate of above 3.5 percent. Only 3 percent of businessmen surveyed anticipated a recession.

Every major industry, with the exception of automobiles, expects dollar increases in 1974 sales, Douglas Greenwald, McGraw-Hill's chief economist, said. Manufacturers look for a 7 percent rise in revenue from 1974 sales 3 percentage points lower than the 1973 estimate in last year's McGraw-Hill autumn survey.



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New York Stock Exchange Trading

(Continued From Page 8)

1973 High	1973 Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
17⅞	6⅛	SavinB Mch	21	44	7⅛	6⅞	7⅛	+ ⅜
14¼	4½	Saxon Ind	4	69	5¾	5½	5½	— ⅛
27½	5¾	SCA Svc	8	55	9¼	8½	8¾	— ¼
10⅛	5¼	Schaefer Cp		14	6¼	5⅞	6	
67⅞	49⅝	ScherPlg .62	42	207	81	80¼	80½	— 1½
68⅞	53	SchlitzBr .64	30	533	60⅛	57	57	— 3⅛
126¼	82½	Schl'mbg .60	55	292	130½	127½	129⅝	+ 3⅛
18⅞	12⅝	SCM Cp .40	5	97	12⅞	12	12	— ⅝
9¼	5	SCOAInd .60	13	9	6⅛	5⅞	6⅛	+ ¼
21⅞	9¼	ScottFd .58	5	6	11⅜	11⅛	11⅜	— ⅛
44¾	24⅞	ScotFetz 1a	10	40	31	29¾	29¾	— 1⅝
13⅝	8	ScottFor .60	6	3	9	8⅞	8⅞	
18⅞	11⅛	ScottPap .56	9	785	16¼	15⅝	15⅝	— ⅝
28¼	16¼	ScoviMf .80	7	13	18½	18⅛	18½	+ ½
60	41	Scovil pf2.50		2	46½	46	46½	+ 1½
9⅛	6⅛	ScudDuoVt		18	7⅜	7¼	7¼	— ⅛
52¼	21⅞	SeaCL 2.70b	5	341	26⅛	25	25⅝	— ¼
12	4	SbdWA .55t	7	65	4⅛	4	4	
15⅞	8¼	Seagrve .34e	5	8	8⅞	8½	8⅝	— ¼
29½	16	SealPw .72b	7	19	16¾	16	16	— ⅞
39⅞	27⅛	SearleG .46	26	179	31½	31⅛	31⅛	— ⅜
123¼	91½	SearsR 1.60	21	371	93⅜	90⅞	90⅞	— 2½
9¼	1⅞	Seatrain Lin		21	2⅞	2¾	2⅞	+ ⅛
64½	35⅝	Sedcolnc .08	32	48	57¼	56	57	+ 1⅝
26⅞	17⅜	Servmt .56a	7	10	16¾	16½	16½	— ¼
17¼	7	Shakspre .28	7	4	7½	7½	7½	+ ⅛
22	9⅝	Shapell .10	5	12	12	11⅜	11½	— ¾
63⅝	45⅞	She'lOil 2.40	11	306	57¾	56½	56½	
35¼	25	ShelT 1.03e	6	2	25	25	25	
23⅞	8½	ShellrG .56	4	49	10⅛	9½	9⅝	— ⅜
24½	15¾	Sh'Gl pf1.40		20	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	— ¼
34½	17⅜	ShlG pf1.35		7	18⅛	17⅞	18	— ⅛
51⅝	32	Sherw Wm 2	7	78	34	32¼	32¼	— 1½
85	59¼	Shr W pf4.40		z290	66	65½	65½	— ⅜
10	5⅞	Siege'H .20e	7	8	7½	7⅜	7⅜	— ⅛
15¾	11½	SierraPc .86	8	54	11¾	11⅝	11½	— ⅛
27½	15⅝	Signal .60b	9	126	24⅛	23½	23½	— ½
57	36	Signal pf2.20		4	50¼	49¾	49¾	— ⅜
24¼	15⅛	Signal pf 1		1	21¼	21¼	21¼	
54	43½	Signode .84a	17	73	49⅞	49⅝	49¼	
5¼	2⅞	S'mm Prec	8	26	4½	4	4	+ ⅛
28	15¼	Simm .86a	8	55	18¾	18	18	— ½
60⅝	41⅝	SimPat .33a	37	124	45¾	44	44	— ⅞
73½	44½	Singer 2.40	9	114	50	49¾	50	+ ⅜
96	58¾	Singr pf3.50		2	65½	64½	65½	+ 1¼
26⅝	16	SkaggCo .40	11	10	16½	16¼	16¼	— ⅛
68¼	52	Skel'y Oil 1	19	91	66½	65½	65¾	— ⅛
44	13	SkilCp .90a	6	59	13	12¾	12⅞	+ ⅛
33⅜	13½	Skyline .24	10	168	15⅝	14¾	14¾	— 1⅛
34½	12¼	S'aterW .40	12	25	21⅞	20¾	21	
27½	14	SmithAO .78	5	53	14⅞	14	14	— ⅞
25½	15	SmithIn .22	25	456	26⅝	25½	26⅝	+ 1⅝
61⅞	46⅞	Smithkline 2	14	9	51½	50⅞	51⅛	+ ¼
23	15	SmithTr .40	7	28	16¼	16	16	
23¾	17½	Smucker .80	10	1	18½	18½	18½	— ¼
21¼	12	SolaBas .56	9	4	17	17	17	
6¾	4⅛	Sonesta Int		4	4¾	4¾	4¾	— ⅛
57¼	36	SonyCp .10e	28	1234	35⅛	32¼	33¼	— 2⅛
		Sony fn.10e		103	34	32¾	33½	
34⅞	25½	SooLin 1.80a	4	35	32⅛	32⅛	32⅛	— ⅜
10	6½	SOS Con .27	5	20	7⅜	7⅜	7⅜	— ¼
25	17⅜	SCarEG 1.43	9	220	17⅞	16¾	17⅜	—
24	19⅝	SoJerIn 1.56	8	5	19½	19⅜	19½	— ⅛
20	8⅝	Southdwn In	4	70	11½	11⅛	11⅛	— ½
35¾	21½	Sodw pf1.80		6	23½	23½	23½	— ¼
38¼	32⅛	SoNatBk .76	16	61	38	36¾	36⅞	— 1⅛
17½	14⅝	SoatPS 1.28	10	4	15⅝	15⅛	15⅛	
28½	20½	SoCalE 1.56	8	227	21⅝	20¼	20½	— ⅜
23⅞	15⅞	SouthCo 1.34	8	1786	16⅛	15⅞	16	— ⅛
40¼	32⅛	SoulGE 2.08	7	2	34	34	34	— ⅛
66⅝	42½	SoNRes 1.50	10	125	53¾	53	53⅜	+ ⅞
45	36¾	SoNETl 2.84	8	20	37½	36¾	37½	+ ½
44⅝	28	SouPac 2.16	9	131	35⅛	34⅝	34⅝	— ½
55½	29⅝	SouRy 1.92	9	x199	39⅞	37	37	— 1⅝
7⅛	6¼	Sou Ry pf.50		9	6⅛	6⅛	6½	
33⅝	24	SouUGs 1.50	9	6	30¼	30	30¼	+ ½
32¼	14⅛	Southld .30b	12	104	18⅛	17⅛	17¼	— ⅞
17⅞	7⅝	SwslFor .20	4	31	10⅜	9⅞	9⅞	— ¼
25⅛	19	SwIFI pf1.50		2	21⅝	21⅝	21⅝	
14⅞	10¼	SwstPSv .82	10	x37	10¾	10⅝	10⅝	+ ⅛
8⅝	5⅜	Sparton .20a	5	2	6	5⅞	5⅞	— ⅛
30½	13	SperryHut 1	4	7	14¾	14½	14½	— ½
56	35⅛	SperryR .66	16	388	51⅞	50¼	50⅛	— 1⅝
51¼	35	Sprry R pf 3s		3	36⅝	36⅝	36⅝	— ⅛
32½	11	Sprague El	10	176	24	22⅛	22⅞	— 1⅞
15⅛	11¾	SpringM .60	6	6	13⅛	13½	13½	— ½
38	23	SquareD 1a	20	291	30⅛	29¼	29⅞	— 1
114⅞	88	Squibb 1.62	27	59	97	94¾	95	— 2¼
31½	23⅛	StaleyM 1.40	9	8	29	29	29	
25⅝	22	StPoor 1.18e		58	25⅛	24⅞	25⅛	+ ¼
55¾	46⅛	StBrand 1.83	14	x48	51½	50	50¼	+ ⅛
56¼	34	StBPaint .25	39	35	45⅛	45½	46	— 1
90	59⅝	StdOilCal 3	7	145	67¾	65⅞	67⅛	— 2⅛
37½	32⅝	StdOilCal wi		33	34½	33⅛	33⅛	— 1¼
97¾	76½	StOilInd 2.68	13	162	93¾	92½	92⅞	+ ¼
171	84½	StOilOh 2.72	35	130	159⅞	137⅛	159	+ 1¼
9¼	6⅜	StPress .20e	6	10	7½	7⅜	7⅜	— ⅛
11⅜	9⅝	StPrudnt .66	10	16	10¼	9⅞	10¼	
20¼	13	Standex .44	6	12	13¼	13¾	13½	— ½
44⅞	30	StanWks .96	2	4	37⅛	37	37	— ¼
16¼	8¼	Stanray .60	7	34	11¼	10½	11¼	+ ⅜
25	16¼	Starrett 1	8	13	23	22⅞	23	+ ⅛
28	19¾	StatMl 2.44e	8	55	20⅝	20¼	20⅝	— ⅜
14	11⅞	StatMS .64e		17	13¼	13	13	
55⅝	40	StauffChm 2	9	91	45½	44	44	— 1⅜
54⅜	39¾	Stau pf1.80a		3	45	45	45	— 1½
10¾	7¼	Sterchi .48b	6	2	7½	7½	7½	— ⅛
37¼	31	SterDrug .60	24	x198	31½	31	31	— ⅛
35¼	24⅛	StevensJP 2	6	49	29⅛	28¼	28¼	— ⅜
35⅝	26¼	StewWa 1.92	8	x3	28⅛	28½	28⅝	+ ⅛
21¼	14⅛	StokeVanC 1	6	17	15¼	15	15⅛	— ⅛
74¾	32¼	StoneWeb 2e	14	33	74⅝	71¾	73½	— ⅛
13½	8⅛	StoneCon .30	6	5	12¼	12	12¼	— ⅛
44	14⅞	StorerBdg 1	7	15	15⅞	15½	15½	
15½	7⅝	StridRit .65	5	422	8⅛	7¾	7¾	— ⅜
55	32½	ShWor 1.32	4	26	39⅝	38½	38¾	— ½
17⅞	2⅞	SuavSh .10p	6	96	3	2⅞	2⅞	— ⅛
33	15¾	SubnPro .80	11	40	23⅝	22⅞	23⅛	+ ⅛
25½	14⅝	Sun Chm .40	6	9	19⅝	19⅛	19¼	— ⅛
61⅞	42¼	SunOil .98r	11	25	56½	56	56	— ⅛
52	38¼	Sun O pf2.25		92	50⅛	50	50	— ½
34⅞	20⅛	Sunbeam .90	12	175	24⅝	24	24	— ⅝
37½	15⅛	Sundstrd .80	15	24	29¾	28¾	28¾	— 1
53½	40¼	Sunds pf3.50		2	44⅝	44¾	44⅞	— ⅜
16⅛	9⅞	SunshM .10e	75	17	12¾	12⅛	12¼	+ ⅛
24⅞	13⅝	SupValu .76	7	5	16⅞	16⅝	16⅞	— ⅛
353	201	Supr Oil 1.40	90	42	296½	294½	294½	— ½
14½	5⅞	SupmkG .20	11	14	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	— ⅛
40⅞	16¾	Superscpe	7	222	33¼	30½	30¾	— 2¼
19	13½	Sutro 1.60e	6	10	14⅞	14¼	14⅝	
12¼	7½	Swank .48a	8	10	8⅛	8	8⅛	+ ⅛
37⅞	20¼	Sybron .72	18	x246	33¾	33¼	33¼	+ ¼
62	40½	Sybrn pf2.40		35	56	54	54½	— 1
15⅞	7⅞	Systron Don	8	46	11	9½	9½	— 1⅝
		T						
58⅝	22	Taft Brd .60	9	x53	24¼	23¼	23½	— ⅜
20	9⅝	Talcott .27p		2	9	9	9	— ¼
11¾	5	Talley .60	5	80	6⅛	5⅞	6	— ⅛
15⅞	9⅞	Talley pfB 1		9	10¼	10⅛	10¼	
22¼	17⅞	TampaE .88	10	170	17⅞	17½	17⅞	
46⅞	15⅛	Tandy Corp	13	652	25⅞	25	25	— ½
23	9⅛	Tappan .40	5	9	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	— ⅛
21¼	9⅝	Technicon	28	3	20	20	20	+ ¼
56⅝	29⅞	Tekironx .20	22	29	48	47⅛	47⅛	— ⅝
19¾	4⅛	Telecor .24e	5	26	5⅞	5½	5¾	+ ⅛
20½	11⅛	Teledyn .59t	5	124	13¼	12⅝	12⅝	— ½
78	64½	Teledyn pf 6		x2	68½	68½	68½	
9	2¾	Telex Cp		404	5¼	4¾	5	— ¼
30⅜	19⅝	Tenneco 1.44	9	239	25½	25⅛	25¼	+ ¼
8⅛	3⅝	Tenneco wt A		74	5¼	4⅝	4¾	— ½
112¼	75¾	Tennc pf5.50		12	94½	93¾	94	+ ¾
45⅝	24	Tesoro .10e	13	396	44⅞	44⅝	44⅞	+ ⅛
43⅛	28¼	Texaco 1.76	7	962	32	31⅞	31¼	— ⅞
61¾	33⅛	TexETr 1.58	14	81	50	49½	49½	— ½
43	22¾	TexGsT 1.64	7	118	25⅝	25	25½	— ⅛
33⅛	17⅛	Texasgif .76	15	x282	31	29½	29⅞	— ⅜
27½	16¾	TexasInd 1b	8	14	22⅝	22¼	22¼	— ⅛
128⅞	83	TexInst .68	36	431	119⅜	115⅛	115⅞	— 3⅜
39	13¾	TexOilG .01	27	161	23⅛	22¾	22¾	— ⅛
25¼	16⅛	TexPLd .54e	26	23	25⅞	25	25⅞	+ ⅛
34½	27	TexUt 1.04	13	363	27¼	26¼	26¼	— 1⅛
31⅛	10½	Texfi Ind	3	19	11⅛	10¾	10¾	— ¼
34⅝	16½	Textron 1	9	36	24⅞	24	24	— ½
44½	28¼	Textr pf2.08		7	32¼	32¼	32¼	
31¼	19⅞	Textr pf1.40		11	24⅝	24	24	+ ⅛
22	8¼	Thiokol .50	6	35	13⅛	12⅝	12¾	— ¼
61½	49½	Thom Betts	30	128	52¾	49⅞	52	+ 2½
21⅞	9⅛	Thomln .40b	7	6	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	— ⅛
24⅝	12⅞	ThompJW 1	6	2	13	12⅞	13	— ⅛
12	6¾	ThriftyD .37	7	20	7⅛	7	7⅛	
28½	18½	TI Corp 1.40	7	19	20⅝	20¼	20¼	— ½
43⅛	23	TidwatM .52	19	72	42⅞	42	42	— ½
63¼	29½	Time In 1.90	8	47	38½	37⅜	37⅜	— ⅜
25⅞	16½	TimeMir .32	14	93	23½	22⅞	22⅞	— ⅛
42¾	31⅞	Timkn 1.80a	7	34	36¼	35⅛	35⅛	— ⅝
25	15½	TishRlt 43b	141	283	20	19½	19¼	— ½
9⅝	5½	Tobin Pkg		8	6⅞	6⅝	6⅞	— ⅛
24¼	12	TodShp .20p	24	3	15¾	15⅝	15⅞	
30⅞	25⅛	ToledE 1.92	8	261	26¾	26½	26½	— ¼
23⅝	14⅝	TonkaCp .40	9	7	19½	19¼	19¼	— ½
46	17⅝	Too'Rh 1.14t	12	.07	25⅞	24⅞	24⅞	— 1⅛
17½	7	TootRol .40b	10	18	8⅛	7⅞	7⅞	— ⅛
69½	36⅜	TraneCo .96	12	3	45⅛	45¼	45¼	— ½
44	26	TranUn 1.44	15	29	42¾	42½	42¾	+ ¼
42⅞	18	Trans W Air	5	215	20⅜	19½	19½	— ⅜
29¼	19⅝	TWA pf 2		9	23	22⅛	22⅛	— ⅜
15¼	6¾	TranWd Fin		35	8	7⅝	7⅝	
17⅛	10⅛	Transam .59	8	676	11	10⅝	10½	— ¼
23¼	18½	Tralnc 1.52e		66	19⅛	19	19⅛	+ ¼
15	8¼	Transcn .43	7	25	9¾	9½	9⅞	— ¼
46½	26½	Travelers 1	9	378	33⅜	32⅞	32⅞	— 1
50¾	35¾	Travlr pf 2		19	44½	43½	44½	— ½
34¼	25½	TriCon 2.81e		45	27⅞	27⅜	27¾	— ½
36⅜	31½	TriCn pf2.50		2	33¼	33¼	33¼	— ½
37	26⅛	TriSM 2.92e	9	18	29½	29	29	
17⅛	11½	Triangln .40	8	3	15¾	15½	15¾	+ ¼
21	12	TriangP .30	4	3	14½	14½	14½	
27⅞	16	Trinity .60	10	126	26⅝	25⅝	26	+ ¼
57⅞	16	Tropicana	24	61	27⅛	25½	25½	— 1½
34⅞	20¼	TRW In 1.12	8	103	26⅛	25	25	— 1¾
82½	55½	TRW pf4.50		2	66½	66⅛	66⅛	— ⅜
89⅛	60½	TRW pf4.40		19	69¼	68½	69¼	+ ¼
15¾	11⅞	TucsonG .84	7	36	12½	12½	12½	+ ⅛
13⅜	6½	TwenCe .15e	7	73	7⅛	7	7	
25¼	11⅜	TylerCp .20	5	72	16¾	16½	16⅝	— ⅛
		U						
34½	15⅝	UAL Inc	12	376	25	24⅜	24⅝	— ⅛
33½	16	UAL pf.40		8	24⅝	24⅛	24⅛	— ⅞
22¼	15⅝	UARCO 1.10	7	6	18	18	18	
19⅞	15⅛	UGI Cp 1.32	8	12	15⅞	15⅝	15⅞	+ ⅛
21⅝	11¾	UMC Ind .96	6	54	13¾	13	13	— ½
11¼	6½	Unarco .40b	5	5	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	
62¼	35⅛	U Camp 1.40	15	48	59⅞	56⅞	56½	
57¾	35⅛	UnCarb 2.10	8	614	39⅞	37¾	38	— 1¾
41⅞	17½	UnCom 1.33	6	63	19½	19⅛	19⅜	+ ¼
17¼	4⅜	Union Corp	13	186	9¼	8⅛	8½	— ½
18⅜	15½	Un Elec 1.28	10	80	16	15¾	15⅞	
105	95	UnEl 7lpf 8		3	101	101	101	— 1
27⅞	3	Un Fidelity	2	66	3⅝	3	3⅝	+ ⅛
49½	32⅝	UnOCal 1.70	9	649	49⅞	45	45½	— 3
64½	46⅛	UOCa pf2.50		62	64¾	60	60	— 4½
85	51½	UPacCp 2.40	15	326	87½	85½	87	+ 2¾
15	9½	UnPac pf.47		63	15½	15	15¼	+ ¼
40	23	Unionam .84	9	30	25⅝	24⅞	25⅛	+ ⅜
16	10	Uniroyal .70	6	182	10⅛	10	10	— ⅛
106½	96½	Uniryal pf 8		z10	100¼	100¼	100¼	
7⅞	1½	Unishops		73	1⅝	1½	1⅝	+ ⅛
46¼	25¾	Unit Air 1.80	6	69	30¼	29⅞	30	— ¼
12⅞	6	Unit Brands	6	56	8⅞	8⅛	8⅞	
15½	12¼	UBrd pf1.20		2	13⅞	13¾	13⅞	+ ⅜
10	7¾	UnitCp .73e		7	8½	8¼	8¼	— ⅛
15	6¾	UnitFin Ca	4	82	7¾	7¼	7¼	— ⅜
31	19½	UnitGas .72	7	7	22⅝	22¼	22⅜	+ ½
34⅛	27½	Ulllum 2.24	7	10	27½	27	27	— ½
9⅝	5	Unitlnd .34	4	1	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞	+ ¼
6⅞	5	Unitin pf.42		4	5⅞	5⅛	5⅞	
32⅞	6¾	Unitinn 10	6	107	7⅜	7	7⅜	— ¼
28⅝	15⅞	UJerBk 1.04	8	6	17⅝	17	17⅝	+ ⅜
24⅞	17½	UnMM 1.30	5	33	20¾	20¼	20½	— ⅛
15⅛	6	Un Nuclr		389	17⅛	16⅞	16¼	+ ⅜
3¼	1½	UnitPk Min		16	2½	2½	2½	— ¼
27½	12⅛	UnReing .32	6	10	18¼	18	18	
44⅞	35	USFidG 2.40	10	83	37⅞	37½	37⅞	+ ⅜
39¼	25	USFor 6.07e		10	26¼	26	26	— ¼
24⅞	16¼	US Frei 1.40	8	85	17½	16¾	16¾	— ⅞
27¾	20⅛	USGyps 1.60	6	344	20⅞	20	20⅛	— ⅝
30¾	23¾	USGy pf1.80		8	25⅜	24⅞	25	— ⅞
25¾	7¼	USHome .16	3	26	7¾	7½	7½	— ¼
21½	9½	US Ind .65	4	x576	10⅛	9¾	10⅛	+ ¼
16⅛	12½	US Rlty 1.36	13	11	13	12¾	12¾	— ⅛
23¼	12¼	US Shoe .65	7	9	13	12⅞	12⅞	
37⅞	25¾	USStee 1.60	7	8542	36½	35⅛	35⅞	+ ⅜
20	11⅝	USTobac .76	10	7	15	14½	14⅝	— ¼
23⅝	16½	UniTel 1.04	10	85	17⅜	16⅝	17	— ¼
7⅝	3½	UniTe wt		12	3½	3⅜	3½	
30	21¾	UnTl 2pf1.50		48	22¼	22	22	+ ¼
34⅞	25	UnTel pf1.50		72	25⅝	25	25	
15½	6⅝	Unitrode Co	12	25	11⅝	9¾	10	— 1¼
25	26¼	UnLeaf 1.76	7	9	29	28½	28½	— ½
25½	16⅛	UnivOil .25e	13	84	21½	21	21½	— ½
104⅞	71¼	Upjohn .88	40	185	90⅞	89⅝	90⅛	— ⅝
16½	10	UrisBld .0p		76	12	11⅞	12	
39⅞	27⅜	USLIFE .28	14	8101	30⅝	30	30	— ⅝
14¾	10⅞	USLInc .77e		x8	11⅞	11⅞	11⅞	
27¾	15	USM s'p .60	6	11	22	21½	21½	— ⅜
33¾	26¼	USM pf2.10		3	29½	29¼	29¼	— ¼
57	39⅝	Utah In .41a	30	334	52⅜	52¼	52⅝	— ¼
39½	33	UtahPL 2.32	8	50	34	33⅞	33⅞	— ⅛
37⅝	23	UV Inc 1p	5	51	34⅝	32⅞	32⅞	— 1½
29	20¾	UV In pf1.26		x7	26⅜	26	26	— ⅜
		V						
19½	9⅝	Varian .05e	12	87	14⅝	13⅝	13⅝	— ⅝
20¼	9	VCA Cp .44	6	60	10½	10	10⅛	— ⅜
34⅝	23½	Veeder 1.40	7	7	28⅝	28½	28½	
15	7⅞	VendoCo .40	8	11	8	7¾	7¾	— ¼
17	7	Venlcr .20	7	24	13⅜	13	13	— ¼
15¾	13⅞	VestSe 1.04e		4	14⅝	14⅝	14⅞	— ⅛
35⅞	17	Vetco Oifsh	846	116	34⅞	34⅝	34⅝	+ ⅞
34¼	20	VF Corp .64	11	245	22⅞	22⅜	22⅞	+ ½
20	6⅝	Viacom Int	11	47	7⅛	6⅞	7	+ ⅛
13¼	9½	VictCmp .50	9	16	10⅛	9⅞	9⅞	—
23⅝	16½	VaEPw 1.28	7	196	16¾	16⅞	16¾	— ⅛
73½	64	VaE&P pf 5		z10	66½	66½	66½	—
19½	5⅞	Vornado 97t	5	59	6	5¼	5⅞	+ ⅛
22½	15⅝	VSI Corp .52	7	7	18	17½	17½	— ⅛
29¼	22¾	VulMat 1.40	7	28	27⅞	27⅛	27⅞	— ⅛
17¾	10	VWR Un .64	6	11	14¼	13¾	13¾	— ¼
		W-X-Y-Z						
44⅞	29⅛	Wachova .76	15	1	35⅝	35⅝	35⅝	— ⅛
96¼	63⅝	Wach pf2.20		1	78	78	78	+ ⅛
33⅝	21⅝	WacR 2.44e	9	37	22⅜	22⅛	22⅜	— ⅛
22⅝	15⅝	Walgreen 1	7	32	16¼	16⅛	16⅛	
57½	47⅝	W'krA 1.40a	815	6	55⅝	55⅜	55⅝	— ⅝
25⅞	14¾	Wall Bus .45	13	29	20¾	19⅞	20	+ ½
18⅝	11⅛	WalMur .50	4	43	12	11⅞	11⅝	
34⅞	14⅜	WalMar .05e	25	11	21⅛	20⅝	20⅝	— ½
33⅜	12	Wang Labs	22	72	25⅛	24⅛	24⅛	— ⅞
12	4⅞	Ward Foods		15	6⅝	6¼	6⅝	+ ⅛
20½	12	Warnaco .80	7	18	12⅝	12⅛	12⅝	— ⅛
16	12	WrnerCo .50	6	26	10	10	10	— ⅛
39⅛	10⅝	WrnCom .40	5	173	12⅝	11⅞	12	— ⅝
133⅝	52	WrnC pf6.25		7	53	51¾	52	+ 2
78	22	WrnC pf1.25		10	24¾	23⅞	23⅞	— ½
81⅞	40¼	WarnL .72a	23	476	41⅛	40	40	— 2
43¼	22	Warr S 1.20	11	3	36⅜	36⅛	36⅜	+ ⅛
27⅞	23	WashGs .88	7	11	23	22⅞	23	— ½
19¾	14⅝	WashSfl .88	5	4	17⅛	16⅞	16⅞	
22⅝	18⅛	WasWP 1.44		7	19⅝	19⅜	19⅝	+ ⅛
16⅛	14	Waste Mgmt	16	109	14⅞	13⅛	13½	— 1
41⅞	16¼	Watkin Jnns	15	111	22⅛	23	23	— ⅜
11¼	6⅛	WayGos .60	6	13	6⅝	6⅛	6½	
6⅛	3½	Wean Unit		6	5½	5¼	5¼	— ¼
11⅛	7½	WeanUnit pf		2	9¾	9⅝	9⅝	
11¼	7	Weathrd .40	4	8	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	— ⅛
8¼	4⅛	Webb Del E	4	73	8⅝	4¾	4⅞	
17⅛	8⅝	WellMcL .54	5	7	8⅝	8⅜	8⅝	— ⅛
27½	19¾	WellFgo 1.96	10	35	23⅝	23⅛	23⅜	— ½
25⅞	18½	WlFM 2.11e	9	21	20⅝	20⅝	20⅝	
21⅛	9¼	We'IRG .68a	5	11	10¾	10⅝	10⅝	— ¼
18¼	10½	WescoF .40a	6	x5	13⅝	13⅛	13⅛	— ½
25⅝	16½	WestclTr .13	7	17	19¾	19⅜	19⅝	+ ⅜
63½	53	WtPP pf4.50		z200	59	59	59	
30⅝	19	WtPiPap .38	6	36	24⅞	24¼	24⅛	
14⅝	6½	WnAirL .20e	8	82	11½	11¼	11⅜	— ⅛
37⅛	25⅞	WnBnc 1.40	8	103	27⅞	27⅛	27⅜	— ¼
14⅝	6¾	Wn Pac Ind	9	5	9	8⅞	9	
49½	15	WUnion 1.40	4	351	16⅝	16⅛	16⅛	— ⅜
99	49	WnUn pf4.60		7	53½	52¾	53⅛	+ 1
110¼	52	WnUn pf4.90		7	55½	55⅛	56½	
47⅝	29⅞	WestgEl .97	4	1361	31⅞	30⅜	30⅞	— ⅞
40⅞	19⅝	Wstvco 1.10	12	75	35	34⅞	34⅞	— ⅜
82¼	44½	Weyerh .86a	14	352	75¾	73⅝	73⅝	— 2
23¾	9⅝	WhelFry .40	11	8137	14¼	13⅝	13⅝	— ½
21⅝	11¾	Whee'Pitt St	6	76	14⅞	13¾	14	+ ⅛
64⅝	58	WhelPit pf 6		z100	60	60	60	
37½	22⅝	Whirlpo .80	12	159	29⅞	29½	29½	— ½
21⅞	11½	WhitCon .60	5	59	12⅝	12⅝	12¾	— ⅛
41½	34	WhitC pfC 3		7	38⅜	38½	38½	— ⅛
16	8⅞	White Motor	7	98	11⅞	10⅝	10⅞	— ⅞
7¾	2⅝	Whittaker	47	8139	3⅛	2⅞	2⅞	— ⅛
28⅝	14⅛	WickesCrp	6	8116	15⅝	14⅝	14⅝	— 1⅛
8	5⅞	WichSf .25b	6	43	6	5⅞	6	+ ⅛
47½	17⅞	WillRo's .48	21	83	32⅞	31⅜	31⅜	— 1⅛
72⅝	29	Williams Co	15	163	68⅝	66⅞	67⅛	— ⅞
53½	19	Wms Co wt		119	50	47	48	— 1
64	35¼	Wms C pf 80		8	62½	61	61½	+ 1½
47¾	29¼	WinnDx 1.26	17	x33	38⅞	38½	38⅞	+ ⅛
27¼	4	Winnebago	16	229	4⅛	3⅝	3⅞	— ¼
25⅝	22½	WisEI P 1.72	5	375	23⅜	22¾	23	— ¼
114¾	105¾	WisE pf8.90		z100	109½	108½	108½	— 1½
18	15⅝	WiscPS 1.24	8	26	16	15⅞	16	
24¼	16¼	WitcoCh .98	6	24	19⅝	19½	19½	— ⅜
60	41¾	Witco pf2.65		1	52	52	52	
7⅝	3⅛	WolvW .05p	10	10	3⅝	3½	3⅝	+ ⅛
19⅞	10⅞	Womelco .50	8	9	11⅜	11	11	— ¼
19⅝	9⅛	WoodsCp .48	7	83	17½	16¾	17	— ½
27⅞	19⅝	Wolwth 1.20	7	107	20⅞	20⅛	20½	— ⅞
47½	33⅝	Wolw pf2.20		14	35	34	34⅛	+ ½
7⅞	4⅝	World Arwy	14	18	5¼	5⅛	5⅛	
68½	57¼	Wrigly 2.40a	12	x14	62½	61¾	61¾	— ½
17¾	9⅞	Wurlitzr .80	13	3	9⅞	9⅝	9⅝	— ⅛
11¼	4	Wyly Corp		73	5	4¾	4⅞	+ ⅛
170	134	XeroxCo 1	38	562	144	140⅝	141¼	— 3⅞
28¾	15	Xtra 1.57t	6	37	21⅜	20	20	— 1⅜
14⅞	9¼	YngsDr .30e	9	6	12	11¾	11¾	— ¼
43⅞	16¾	ZaleCorp .72	9	20	20¾	20⅛	20⅛	— ½
37¾	19¼	Zapata .10e	6	223	29½	25½	27¼	— 1⅞
29¾	8⅝	Zayre Corp	3	91	9¼	8⅝	8⅞	— ½
56	32⅛	ZenithR .92	10	49	34¼	33⅝	33⅝	— ⅜
20⅞	10¼	Zurn Ind .28	12	44	13	12½	12½	— ⅜

z—Sales in full.

Unless otherwise noted, rates of dividends in the foregoing table are annual disbursements based on the last quarterly or semi-annual declaration. Special or extra dividends or payments not designated as regular are identified in the following footnotes.

a—Also extra or extras. b—Annual rate plus stock dividend. c—Liquidating dividend. e—Declared or paid in preceding 12 months. h—Declared or paid after stock dividend or split up. k—Declared or paid this year, an accumulative issue with dividends in arrears. n—New issue. p—Paid this year, dividend omitted, deferred or no action taken at last dividend meeting. r—Declared or paid in preceding 12 months plus stock dividend. t—Paid in stock in preceding 12 months, estimated cash value on ex-dividend or ex-distribution date.

cld—Called. x—Ex dividend. y—Ex dividend and sales in full. x-dis—Ex distribution. xr—Ex rights. xw—Without warrants. ww—With warrants. wd—When distributed. wi—When issued. nd—Next day delivery.

vi—In bankruptcy or receivership or being reorganized under the Bankruptcy Act, or securities assumed by such companies. fn—Foreign issue subject to interest equalization tax.

Year's high and low range does not include changes in latest day's trading.

Where a split or stock dividend amounting to 25 per cent or more has been paid the year's high-low range and dividend are shown for the new stock only.

NEW YORK, Nov. 9.—*Cash prices in primary markets as registered today in New York were:*

Commodity and unit	Friday	Year ago
FOODS		
Cocoa Accra, lb	.77¼	.37¼
Coffee 4 Santos lb	.70	.57¼
METALS		
Steel billets (Pitt.) ton	132.00	126.00
Iron 2 Fdry Phila ton	87.92	83.25
Steel scrap No 1 hvy Pitt.	67-69	39-40
Lead spot lb	16½	14½-15
Copper elec. lb	60-60¼	50½-¾
Tin (Straits) lb.	2.33¼	1.77½
Zinc E St L basis lb	20¼-21	18
Silver N Y oz	2.883	1.817¼
COMMODITY Indices		
Moody's index (base 100 Dec 31 1931)	663.3	445.2

* Nominal

NEW YORK FUTURES
Nov. 9, 1973

World sugar No. 11: March 10.10-13, May 9.60-57, July 9.11-10, Sept. 8.60-59, Oct. 8.45 n, March 7.93.

Wool: Dec 230.0 b, March 224.0 b, May 203.0, July 203.0 b.

Cocoa: Dec. 61.65, March 54.40, May 81.70, July 50.59, Sept 50.14, Dec. 46.04.

Copper: Dec. 96.50, Jan. 92.50, March 87.90, May 84.50, July 81.60, Sept. 79.50, Oct. 79.00, Dec. 77.30.

Orange juice: Nov. 53.05, Jan. 56.50, March 57.30 b, May 57.85.

U.S. Commodity Prices

Potatoes: Nov. 6.12, March 7.03, April 7.40, May 8.31.

Silver: Nov. 286.00, Dec. 289.30, Jan. 289.60, March 292.00, May 292.80, July 295.60, Sept. 297.40, Dec. 300.40, Jan. 301.20, March 303.10.

b—Bid. a—Asked. n—Nominal.

COTTON No. 2:

	Open	High	Low	Close	Net Ch.
Dec	74.00	75.52	73.80	74.65	+1.13
March	72.00	73.00	71.15	71.55	— 23
May	71.33	72.03	70.23	B70.40	— 80
July	69.40	70.50	68.70	68.70	— 93
Oct.	61.25	61.75	60.50	B60.25	—1.85
Dec.	56.80	57.25	56.25	B55.80	—1.60
March	55.15	56.25	55.50	B55.00	—1.45

(b) Bid. (a) Asked

CHICAGO FUTURES

	Open	High	Low	Close	Prev Close
WHEAT					
Dec	4.58	4.58	4.33	4.43	4.55
Mar	4.32	4.24	4.08	4.12	4.23
May	3.92	3.93	3.76	3.83	3.91
Jul	3.47	3.50	3.35	3.38	3.47
Sep	3.48	3.49	3.35	3.37	3.46
CORN					
Dec	2.38	2.38½	2.36	2.37¾	2.37½
Mar	2.41	2.42	2.40	2.42	2.41
May	2.44½	2.45	2.42½	2.45	2.43½
Jul	2.45¾	2.46	2.43¾	2.46	2.45½
Sep	2.43	2.42½	2.40	2.42½	2.41½

	Open	High	Low	Close	Prev Close
Dec	2.23	2.24	2.22¼	2.24	2.23¾
Mar	—	—	—	.28	2.27
SOYBEANS					
Nov.	5.62	5.62	5.42½	5.46	5.62½
Jan	5.55	5.56	5.36½	5.36½	5.56½
Mar	5.62	5.62	5.39	5.39	5.59
May	5.64	5.64	5.41	5.44	5.64
Jul	5.53	5.57	5.43	5.43	5.63
Aug	5.50	5.50	5.37	5.37	5.57
Sep	5.41	5.43	5.32	5.32	5.52
Nov	5.41	5.43	5.26	5.26	5.46
Jan	5.42	5.42	5.29	5.29	5.49
SOYBEAN OIL					
Dec	18.20	18.20	17.30	17.60	18.15
Jan	17.10	17.10	16.25	16.60	17.15
Mar	16.10	16.10	15.50	15.85	16.00
May	15.80	15.80	15.25	15.55	15.85
Jul	15.50	15.54	15.15	15.50	15.50
Aug	15.20	15.30	15.05	15.30	15.20
Sep	15.00	15.25	15.00	15.25	15.00
Oct	14.90	14.93	14.85	14.90	14.80
SOYBEAN MEAL					
Dec	167.00	167.20	159.20	159.20	169.20
Jan	166.00	168.00	157.20	159.20	167.20
Mar	166.00	167.00	158.50	158.50	168.50
May	167.00	167.00	159.00	159.00	162.00
Jul	166.00	166.00	157.00	157.50	169.00
Aug	167.00	167.00	158.20	159.20	168.50
Sep	—	—	—	152.50	157.60
Oct	152.50	154.00	152.00	154.00	157.50

b-Bid; a-Asked; n-Nominal.

	Open	High	Low	Close	Prev Close
SILVER					
Dec	293.60	290.20	287.20	289.50	288.50
Feb	293.00	293.00	290.20	292.50	291.10
Apr	294.83	295.70	292.90	295.60	293.50
Jun	296.80	297.30	274.30	275.80	275.90
Aug	293.80	299.00	275.60	277.00	277.30
Oct	333.00	333.50	277.50	278.20	278.80
Dec	332.00	332.20	273.60	277.00	279.60
Feb	333.10	333.30	331.00	301.00	301.20
LIVE BEEF CATTLE					
Dec	41.90	42.12	41.20	41.63	41.55
Feb	47.60	47.15	46.43	45.75	b46.45
Apr	47.80	45.75	47.80	48.35	47.52
Jun	48.33	48.53	48.05	43.50	b47.52
Aug	47.65	48.10	47.53	b47.82	b47.25
Oct	47.30	47.70	47.13	b47.35	b46.72

Sales: Dec 3472; Feb 4108; April 1242; June 1074; Aug 93; Oct 18.

	Open	High	Low	Close	Prev Close
SHELL EGGS					
Nov	63.53	63.60	61.65	61.70	63.00
Dec	63.75	64.10	61.35	61.60	63.45
Jan	57.35	58.03	55.25	55.75	57.35
Feb	51.53	51.60	47.80	49.80	51.00
Mar	45.75	45.75	46.60	a46.60	45.63
Apr	44.60	44.75	43.93	44.00	b44.45
May	43.20	43.30	43.03	43.00	44.00

Sales: Nov 72; Dec 1735; Jan 516; Feb 74; March 58; April 22; May 3.

	Open	High	Low	Close	Prev Close
LIVE HOGS					
Dec	46.50	46.60	45.85	46.15	46.50
Feb	45.70	45.85	48.60	45.23	48.45

	Open	High	Low	Close	Prev Close
Apr	47.03	47.00	46.05	46.50	46.75
Jun	48.23	48.23	46.95	a47.53	47.50
Jul	47.53	48.03	47.13	a47.50	47.50
Aug	46.03	46.40	45.13	b45.75	47.50
Oct	43.73	43.80	43.70	43.80	b46.13
Dec	44.40	44.45	43.90	a43.90	44.00

Sales: Dec 1455; Feb 1440; April 384; June 148; July 54; Aug 6; Oct 8; Dec 10.

	Open	High	Low	Close	Prev Close
FROZEN PORK BELLIES					
cFb	71.00	71.00	69.80	69.85	70.70
Mar	70.20	70.20	68.65	68.65	b70.62
May	69.45	67.53	68.53	68.53	69.90
Jul	68.20	68.60	67.70	67.85	67.20
Aug	66.43	66.93	65.40	a66.50	b67.43
Feb	63.75	63.75	59.55	b57.60	b63.50

Sales: Feb 2104; March 447; May 87; July 96; Aug 11; Feb 55.

Open interest: Feb 3428; March 1557; May 695; July 784; Aug 182; Feb 70.

b—Bid; a—Asked; n—Nominal.

Market Summary

Most Actives—New York

Nov. 9, 1973

	Sales	Close	N.C.
Gen Motors	218,530	57	—1¼
Penn Cent	217,100	3¼	+ ½
Southern Co	178,600	16	— ⅛
Goodyear	173,800	19⅛	— ⅞
Chrysler	165,000	20¼	— ¾
Brit Pet	155,800	15	— ¼
CoastSt Gas	146,200	16½	+ ½
Weslgh El	136,100	30¾	— ⅞
Dow Chem	135,200	55⅞	—2⅝
Sony Corp	122,400	33¾	—2¼
Ford Mot	117,100	48	— ¾
Am Bdcst	105,800	24	—1⅛
APL Corp	104,900	7⅞	—1
Matsush El	104,900	22⅝	— ⅝
Monsanto	102,900	58⅞	—2⅝

	Today	Prev. day
Volume (in millions)	17.32	19.65
Advances	378	1007
Declines	1115	461
Unchanged	325	317
Total issues	1801	1785
New 1973 highs	21	22
New 1973 lows	74	42

Most Actives—American

	Sales	Close	N.C.
Texas Intl	104,000	13½	—2
Housl Oil M	101,400	55¼	—1⅝
Hanover Pl	52,850	13⅝	+1⅝
Cinerama	55,500	1⅞	+ ⅛
No Am Roy	46,700	29⅛	+1⅜
TWA wt	43,500	1⅞	— ¼
Crystal Oil	41,900	14¾	— ⅛
Fed Resrcs	37,000	3⅞	— ½
Austral Oil	35,350	15⅞	—2¼
Syntex	33,400	108¼	—5¼

Approx total stock sales 2,810,030
Stock sales year ago 4,696,050

American Stock Index:

High	Low	Close	N.C.
105.92	102.53	104.18	—1.11

Dow Jones Averages

	Open	High	Low	Close	Net
30 Ind	925.66	932.95	902.92	908.41	—24.24
20 Trn	187.25	187.57	183.57	165.37	— 0.74
15 Util	96.24	97.20	95.19	96.11	— 0.36
65 Stk	286.96	287.00	280.24	282.35	— 5.01

Standard & Poor's

	High	Low	Close	N.C.
425 Industrials	120.51	117.77	118.28	—2.02
20 Railroads	42.56	41.25	41.74	+0.13
55 Utilities	50.64	49.53	49.84	—0.47
500 Stocks	107.27	104.77	105.30	—1.72

NYSE Index

	High	Low	Close	N.C.
Composite	57.25	56.31	56.51	—0.89
Industrials	63.04	62.34	62.34	—1.03
Transportation	35.84	32.51	33.51	—0.31
Utility	35.75	35.54	35.54	—0.32
Finance	73.64	70.17	70.17	—0.77

Odd-Lot Trading in N.Y.

Shares	Buy	Sales	*Short
Nov. 8	327,255	375,197	5,678
Nov. 7	274,334	376,532	5,213
Nov. 6	287,520	426,050	6,162
Nov. 2	261,372	387,723	4,422
Nov 1	249,694	455,452	5,515
Oct 31	252,561	451,556	7,293

*These totals are included in the sales figures.

INTERNATIONAL FUNDS

ADVERTISEMENT

Nov. 9, 1973

The net asset value quotations shown below are supplied by the Funds listed. The International Herald Tribune cannot accept responsibility for them. Following marginal symbols indicate frequency of quotations supplied for the IHT. (d)—daily; (w)—weekly; (r)—regular; (i)—irregularly

(w) Alexander Fund ... $9.60
(d) Am Express Int'l Fd ... $9.19
(w) Amitalia Fund ... $8.67
AMINCOR BANQUE S.A.:
— (d) Globvalor ... SF60.50
(w) Andreae Equity ... Can.$5.68
(w) Apollo/Tempus-Iss.pr ... SF101.81
(i) Apollo Fund S.A. ... $29.73
(w) Aries Fund ... $34.85
(w) Asca Corporation ... DM11.81
(w) Austral. Trust S.A. ... $9.50
(w) Austral'n Selection Fd. ... $6.50
AUSTRALIAN INV MG'T CORP:
— (w) Fd of Austral.(SU.S ... $2.90
— (w) Fd.Austral Sterling ... Aus.$2.67
— (w) Prop Bonds Aust. ... Aus.$1.30
— (w) — — Int'l Ltd. ... Aus.$5.85
BAER Julius & Co:
— (d) Baerbond ... SF855.50
— (d) Conbar ... SF924.00
— (d) Grebar ... SF777.00
— (d) Stockbar ... SF1,093.00
BARCLAYTRUST FRONTIER:
— (w) BtF Growth Fund ... $6.45
— (w) BtF Japan Fund ... $11.23
— (w) BtF Trust S.A. ... $10.99
— (w) BtF Income Fund ... $9.72
(w) Broad & Wall Fd. Int'l. ... $42.71
(w) Browninvest ... $16.76
(r) Cal. Land & Constr. ... $19.42
(d) Can. Gas & Energy Fd. ... Can.$15.99
(d) Can Secur. Growth Fd ... Can.$5.54
CAPITAL INTERNATIONAL S.A.:
— (w) Capital Int'l ... $13.73
— (w) Capital Italia S.A. ... $11.71
(d) Capital Rentinvest ... LF961
(d) Caribico N.V "C" Sh. ... $116.40
(i) Cleveland Offshore Fed ... $889.84
(w) Convert.Fd.Int.A Certs. ... $9.12
(w) Convert.Fd.Int.B Certs. ... $11.25
(d) Convert Bond Fd. N.V. ... $9.71
(r) Convert. Sec N Y ... $202.57
CREDIT SUISSE.
— (d) C.S Fonds-Bond ... SF95.25
— (d) C.S Fonds-Int'l ... SF94.75
CREDIT SUISSE.
SWISS BANK CORP.:
— (d) Europa-Valor ... SF160.25
— (d) Intervalor ... SF96.50
— (d) Swissvalor New Ser ... SF266.00
(i) Crosby Fund S.A. ... $6.32
(w) D.G.C. ... $55.41
(d) Delta Invest. Fund ... $10.35
(d) Delta Multifund ... $10.04
(d) Daiwa Int'l Fund ... Yen 9,593
DREYFUS GROUP:
— (d) Dreyfus Fund Int'l ... $11.61
— (w) Dr.Interest.Int Fd ... $12.25
— (w) Dr. Offsh. Com Sh ... $10.05
— (w) Dr.Offsh Deb Prem ...
(w) Europe Obligations ... LF1,022
(d) Eurunion ... $40.24
(d) Executive Fd of Canada ... $6.71
FIDELITY:
— (w) Fidelity Equitalia ... $11.91
— (w) Fidelity Int'l Fund ... $21.25
— (w) Fidelity Pacific Fd. ... $25.07
— (d) Fidelity World Fd. ... $18.71
(d) Fiducem ... BF1,132
(d) Finance Union ... $10.18
(w) First Fund ... $13.33
FIRST INVESTORS:
— (w) American Trust ... $4.14
— (w) Int'l Min. Petr. Fd. ... $9.90
— (d) Dollar Fund ... $2.32
— (d) Fund of N Y ... $1.35
(d) First N'l City Fund ... $13.70
(d) First Security Can Fd. ... $86.21
(w) Fleming Fund S.A. ... $73.28
(r) Fleming Japan Fund ... $22.24
(w) Fonselex Issue Pr. ... SF2,554
(d) Formula Selection Fd. ... $107.91
(d) Fondltalia ... $13.45
(r) Fund of Nations ... $6.22
(w) Future Australia Fd. ... Aus.$5.07
G.T. (BERMUDA) LIMITED.
— (w) Berry Pac. Fd. Ltd ... Berm.$23.31
— (w) G T Dollar Fund ... Berm.$6.61
(w) Guardian Gr Fd Int'l ... $5.70
(w) Hausmann Holdgs NV ... $5.047
(w) Hedged Investors ... $11.596
(i) H.O.I.T. Bobet ... $50.10
(d) ICOFUND ... $12.82
(w) INGROW ... $22.40
(d) Interfix ... SF192.00
(d) Interfund S.A. ... $12.41
(d) Internal.a ... Lire 8,231
(w) Intermarket Fund ... $103.52
(w) Int'l Income Fund ... $27.68
(r) Int'l Invest. Network ... $10.45
(r) Int'l Privilege Ltd. ... Can.$5.25
(r) Invest Atlantique ... $49.15
(r) Italfortune Int'l Fd.S.A. ... $11.48
(d) Italamerica S.A. Fund ... $11.20
(r) Japan Growth Fund ... $14.70
(d) Japan Selection Fund ... $52.13
(w) Japan Pacific Fund ... $14.15
JARDINE FLEMING:
— (r) Jardine East. Trust ... $76.37
— (r) Jardine Japan Fund ... $47.38
— (r) Jardine Selection NV ... $21.06
(d) KB Income Fund ... LF1,680
(w) Keyfund ... $7.89
(w) Kleinwort Benson IntF. ... $11.61
(w) Kleinwort Bens.Jap.F. ... $18.39
(w) Leverage Cap Hold. ... $22.46
LLOYDS & BOLSA-TYNDALL:
+(w) L&B-T Multi-wayFd ... LF508.50
+(w) L&B-T Income Fund ... LF507.00
(w) Luxfund ... $22.37
(d) Mediolanum Sel Fund ... $12.49
(d) Neuwirth Int'l Fund ... $4.25
(d) Neuwirth Inv. Fund ... $7.62
(w) N.A.M.F. ... $24.59
(w) Nippon Fund ... $33.93
(w) Nor. Amer. Inv. Fund ... $6.75
(w) Nor. Amer. Bank Fd ... $17.49
(r) Olympic Cap. Fd Inc ... $2.14
(r) Pegasus Intern'l ... $7.17
(d) Renta Fund ... LF1,093
(d) Renta Capital Fund ... LF1,366
(d) Rentinvest ... LF800
SAFE GROUP:
— (d) Safe Fund ... $7.78
— (d) Safe Trust Fund ... $12.76
— (d) Global Fund ... $6.22
(w) Samurai Portfolio ... SF69.40
(r) Senator Portfolio N.V. ... $4.34
SEPRO:
— (w) Sepro (N.A.V.) ... $12.53
SHARE GROUP:
— (d) Share Int'l Fund ... $6.97
— (d) Share Realty ... $14.06
— (w) Shareholders Excal. ... $6.90
— (d) Enterprise Fund ... $6.08
— (d) Harbor Fund ... $7.81
S.M.C. FUNDS:
— (d) Chaire Selection Fd. ... $9.09
— (d) Crossbow Fund ... $5.53
— (d) I T F. ... $9.71
(w) SMB Special Fund ... DM95.90
SOFID GROUPE GENEVA:
— (r) Parfon Sw. R. Est. ... SF1,465.00
— (r) Securswiss ... SF1,210.00
(w) Stanhope Transat Fd ... $12.12
(w) Stand & Poor Int. Fd. ... $12.15
(w) Star Fund ... $7.74
(r) Suez Int'l Ventures Inc. ... $7.42
SWISS BANK CORP.:
— (d) Japan Portfolio ... SF431.00
— (d) Univ Bond Select ... SF100.75
— (d) Universal Fund ... SF114.25
(r) Talent Global Fund ... $12.74
(w) Tokyo Pac. Hold. (Sea.) ... $27.50
(w) Tokyo Pac. Hold. NV ... $21.75
(w) Tokyo Valor ... $14.68
(w) Transpacific Fund ... $17.19
TYNDALL GROUP:
— (r) Overseas Fund ... $1.54
— (r) Do. Accumulation ... $1.80
UNION BANK OF SWITZERLAND.
— (d) Amca U.S. Sh. ... SF84.50
— (d) Bond Invest ... SF82.25
— (d) Convert-Invest ... SF102.75
— (d) Eurit Europ. Sh. ... SF161.50
— (d) Fon-a Swiss Sh. ... SF117.50
— (d) Globinvest ... SF82.50
— (d) Pacific-Invest ... SF81.00
— (d) Rometac-Invest ... SF473.50
— (d) Safit South Afr. Sh. ... SF249.00
— (d) Sima Swiss R. Est. ... SF179.00
UNION-INVESTMENT, Frankfurt:
— (d) Atlanticfonds ... DM18.20
— (d) Europafunds ... DM26.50
— (d) Unifonds ... DM22.10
— (d) Unirenta ... DM32.15
— (d) Unispecial ... DM59.75
(w) United Cap. Inv. Fd. ... $3.35
(d) U.S. Trust Invst. Fd ... $16.59
(w) Universal Sav. Equity ... Can $9.36
(w) Western Growth Fd. ... $6.24
(r) Western Hedge Fund ... $1,458.84
(w) West. Proprietary N.V. ... $1,469.18
(d) World Equity Grth Fd. ... $229.56
(w) Worldwide Special ... $80.01
(w) Worldwide Securities ... $3,024.45

DM — Deutsche Mark. * — Ex-dividend; + — New; NA — Not available; BF — Belgian francs; LF — Luxembourg francs; SF — Swiss francs; + — Offer prices; a — asked.

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Toronto Stocks

Closing prices on Nov. 9, 1973

Sales	Stock	High	Low	Last	Ch'ge
6975	Abitibi	$14½	13⅞	14	— ⅛
9300	Acklands	$13½	12⅞	13	
635	Acres Ltd	$13¼	13⅛	13⅛	— ⅛
100	Agnico E	550	550	550	—10
1900	Agra Ind	$12½	12½	12½	+ ⅛
10782	Alta Gas T	$11¼	11	11⅛	+ ⅛
2100	A'go Cent	$15⅜	15¼	15¼	
1100	Alliance B	$9¼	9⅛	9¼	+ ⅜
4650	Alminex	750	710	710	—25
1400	Argus C pr	$14½	14½	14½	
1783	Atco Ind	$16⅞	16⅝	16⅝	— ½
200	Banister C	$22¼	22¼	22¼	— ¾
2259	Bank N S	$39⅝	38⅞	38⅞	— ¼
400	Baton B	$10¾	10⅛	10⅛	— ⅝
7900	Bell Canad	$41	40⅞	40⅞	
1540	Bel'm	$16¼	16⅛	15¼	
11450	Block Bros	350	345	345	+ 5
2500	Bovis Cor	230	225	225	— 5
3923	BP Can	$15	14¾	14¾	— ½
2800	Bralor Res	180	170	170	— 5
5750	Bramalea	$6½	6¼	6¼	— ¼
2500	Brameda	60	57	57	
7175	Brenda M	895	875	880	
450	BC Forest	$23⅝	23½	23½	— ½
111200	Brunswk	570	560	560	
1645	Budd Auto	$13¾	13⅛	13¼	— ½
350	Burns Fds	$16½	16⅜	16½	+ ¼
970	Cad Dev	$15½	15	15¼	
2000	Cal Pow	$23½	23⅛	23⅜	+ ⅜
6220	Camf'o	885	860	885	+30
1345	Campau A	$9⅝	9½	9⅝	+ ⅛
900	C Pakrs C	$24⅞	24⅝	24⅞	+ ¼
3350	Can Perm	$21¾	21¾	21¾	
19300	C Tung	350	335	335	—10
1100	C Cablesy	$16½	16½	16½	+ ⅛
4217	C Imp Bank	$31¼	30¾	30¾	— ¼
1995	C Ind Gas	$10	9⅞	10	
25875	CIL	$19½	19⅛	19⅛	+ ¼
1620	Cdn Tire A	$55½	55	55	— ¼
500	C Utilies	$10⅛	10	10	— ⅛
507	Candel Oil	$11⅞	11¾	11¾	— ⅛
750	Cassiar	$12	12	12	— ¼
4450	Celanese	$6¾	6½	6½	— ¼
6500	Chemaloy	315	305	315	
1395	Chieftan D	$13½	13	13¼	— ¼
20	CHUM	$8½	8½	8½	
305	C Holiday I	$10	10	10	— ¼
1800	Con Bldg	285	280	280	— 5
1700	C Ramb'er	325	310	315	—10
7300	Con Distrb	$22	21¾	21⅞	— ⅛
13273	Cons Gas	$17	16¾	16¾	— ⅛
4500	Craigmt	760	755	755	— 5
995	Crush Intl	$11¾	11¾	11¾	
9740	Denison	$48⅞	48½	48⅞	+ ⅛
2444	Dicknsn	340	325	340	+10
6541	Dofasco	$31	30¾	30¾	— ¼
552	Dom Store	$14⅝	14¼	14⅝	— ⅛
325	Dupont	$28	26½	26½	—1¼
2850	Dylex L A	$9½	9⅛	9⅛	+ ⅛
625	Electro Hd	$12¼	12⅛	12⅛	— ⅛
4179	Falcon C	$14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	+ ⅛
300	Fraser	$25¼	25⅛	25¼	+ ¼
200	Fed Ind Ltd	$6½	6½	6½	
20841	Falcon	$82	76½	78	—7⅛
4826	Francana	$12	11⅝	12	+ ¼
100	Gen Distrb	$11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	
6500	Gnt Mascot	305	295	295	— 1
8400	Gibraltar	$13	12½	12⅞	+ ⅜
50	Goodyer	$18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	
1100	Granduc	375	370	375	+10
200	Gt Collsds	890	890	890	—10
3205	GL Paper	$25½	25	25	— 1
700	Gr Plains	$31¼	31	31	
2	Gt W Life	$65¼	65¼	65¼	
719	Greyhnd	$17⅜	17⅜	17⅜	— ⅛
1265	Guar Trst	$11⅛	11½	11½	— ⅛
2175	Hawker S	$5¼	5⅛	5⅛	— ⅛
537	Hays Dne	$8⅝	8½	8½	— ⅛
3100	Houston O	360	345	345	—15
12710	H Bay Co	$20⅞	20½	20⅝	+ ⅛
1571	Huron Erl	$37⅛	31¼	37¼	— ⅛
2565	IAC	$18	17⅝	17⅝	— ⅛
500	Indusmin	$11	11	11	
200	Inglis	$16	15⅝	15⅝	— ⅛
805	Inland Gas	$9⅝	9½	9½	
3070	Intpr Pipe	$24⅝	24¼	24¼	
6666	Int Mogul	975	950	965	— 5
3650	Inv Grp A	$9⅝	9¼	9⅜	— ⅛
2925	Jannock	$6½	6⅜	6½	+ ⅛
44025	Kaiser Re	$5⅜	480	5	+20
3405	Kaps Tran	$6	5⅞	6	+ ¼
150	Kelsey H	$13⅜	13⅛	13⅜	— ⅛
2585	Kerr Add	$13⅛	13	13	— ¼
450	Koffler	$6⅞	6⅝	6⅞	
3490	Labatt A	$26⅛	25⅝	25⅝	— ⅜
9900	Lab Min	$46½	46	46	+ ½
800	Laura Sec	$6¼	5⅞	6¼	+ ⅜
572	Lob Co A	$5½	5⅜	5⅜	— ⅛
1020	Lob Co B	$5⅝	5⅜	5½	
560	Loeb M	465	460	465	—15
11468	Mclan H A	$12¾	12¼	12⅝	— ⅛
7020	MB Ltd	$37⅞	37¼	37¼	— ⅛
783	M LF Mills	$21⅝	21⅛	21⅛	— ⅛
650	Mattgmi	$35⅞	35	35	— ¼
1160	Microsyst	$8	7⅞	7⅞	— ¼
4585	Moore	$57⅛	56½	56½	— ¼
3000	Murphy	$10¼	10⅛	10¼	+ ⅛
200	Nat Trust	$21⅝	21⅝	21⅝	— ⅜
3275	Noranda A	$56½	55½	55½	— 1
650	Orchan	500	490	500	+15
200	OSF Ind	$7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	— ⅛
4240	Oshawa A	$8⅛	7⅝	8	
3050	Pamour	550	540	550	+20
10394	PanCan P	$14⅝	14½	14⅝	+ ⅛
100	Patino N V	$25	25	25	
1100	Pembin A	465	452	460	— 5
500	Petrofina	$26	25⅝	26	+ ⅛
1075	Pine Point	$39¼	39	39	— ⅜
3042	Placer	$26⅝	26¼	26½	
12700	Rapid Dta	395	365	365	—25
4300	Rayrock	107	100	107	+ 5
425	Redpath I	$26⅛	26	26⅛	+ ⅛
2875	Reed Oslr A	$11½	10⅞	11⅛	— ⅛
100	Reichhold	$18⅞	18⅞	18⅞	+ ⅜
800	Scotts	$9⅝	9½	9½	
14649	Shell Can	$20⅛	19⅞	20	— ⅛
19888	Sherritt	$17⅝	17⅛	17⅝	+ ⅛
3477	Siebens	$16½	16¼	16¼	+ ⅛
29900	Simpsons	$9	8⅞	8⅞	
1835	Simpson S	$12½	12½	12½	
625	Sl'ater Stl	$12¼	12⅛	12⅛	+ ⅛
1030	Slat W Can	$10⅛	9⅞	10⅛	+ ⅛
1050	Southam	$31	30½	30½	
100	St Brodcst	$10¼	10¼	10¼	—
16657	Stelco	$37⅛	31⅞	37⅛	
5200	Steep R	209	202	206	+ 2
12700	Sundale O	10	960	965	— 5
300	Tara	$12	11⅞	11⅞	— ⅛
840	Teck Cor A	395	375	375	
800	Teck Cor B	355	340	365	+ 5
700	Teledyne	440	440	440	—10
1440	Texaco	$51¾	51	51¼	— ¼
5830	Thom Nes	$16¼	14⅞	15	+ ⅛
2791	Tor Dm Bk	$37⅝	37⅛	37⅛	
1650	Traders A	$18⅛	18	18	
3099	Tr Can PL	$33½	33	33½	+ ¼
2975	Trans Mt	$16⅞	16½	16¼	+ ⅛
2458	U Keno	485	475	475	—20
6080	U Siscoe	736	670	670	—15
425	Un Carbid	$18⅝	18¼	18¼	— ¼
12705	Un Gas	$10¼	10⅛	10¼	+ ⅛
2975	Union Oil	$17⅛	16¾	17	— ½
1400	Upp Can	345	340	340	
400	Van Der	$9	9	9	
7300	Voyager P	690	675	680	+10
3027	Weldwod	$15⅞	15¼	15⅝	— ⅛
210	Wstburne	$11⅝	11⅜	11⅝	+ ⅛
1500	W Cdn Seed	$5⅝	5¼	5¼	— ⅛
2050	West Mine	350	325	330	—20
650	W Realty	$6¾	6⅝	6⅝	— ¼
100	Westnhse	$20⅛	20⅛	20⅛	+ ⅛
952	Weston	$20⅝	20⅜	20⅝	— ⅛
200	White Pas	$10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	
3300	Woodwd A	$23⅛	22⅞	22⅞	+ ⅛
2875	Yk Bear	560	540	540	—25
1500	Yukon C	195	191	191	—13

Total sales 2,907,579 shares

Montreal Stocks

Sales	Stock	High	Low	Last	Ch'ge
7300	Algoma e	$22	21½	21½	— ¼
650	Asbsos	$19⅜	19⅛	19½	
3253	Bank Mon	$20⅞	20½	20½	— ⅛
790	Bombard	330	295	295	— 5
1335	Brinco	$5⅜	5¼	5¼	— ⅛
100	CAE Ind	$9¼	9¼	9¼	— ⅛
925	Cdn Indust	$19½	19¼	19¼	+ ⅛
1200	Com BusM	$7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	— ⅛
5863	Con Baht	$31⅛	29¾	29¾	—1⅛
400	Crn Zil A	$26e	26	26	
1550	Dom Txe	$10½	10½	10½	+ ¼
5001	Fncl Col	$6	5⅞	6	
753	Imasco	$30½	30¼	30½	
300	Ivaco	$11½	11½	11½	— ⅛
900	Molson A	$25⅛	25	25	— ½
1076	Molson B	$24½	24½	24½	— ½
300	Phonix C	325e	320	320	+5
1510	Powr Co	$13½	13⅜	13⅜	
850	Price Co	$17⅝	17⅝	17⅝	
1100	Rollcand A	$9⅛	9⅜	9⅛	— ¼
602	Royal Trust	$27⅜	27¼	27¼	— ¾
450	Sinbrg A	$24⅛	24¼	24⅛	+ ¼
200	Unican Sc	375	375	375	+5
1250	Zlelrs	$15⅛e	15	15	— ⅛

Toall sals 929,992 shars.

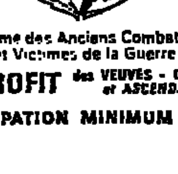
Friday's New Highs and Lows

NEW HIGHS-21

Am Met Clx, Assd Trans, Babcck Wil, BakerOilT, Bucy Erie, Cemb Engin, Cont Oil, Fost Wheel, Gn Dynam, Ing Rand pf, McKee wi, Mt FuelSup, Penn Cent, Schlmbrgr, Smith Int, TexPacLd, UnOil Cal, UnOi.Cal pf, UnPac Corp, UnPacCo pf, Un Nuclear

NEW LOWS-74

Ala Gas, APL Corp, Arkans Best, Book Mnth, Borg Warn, CamBrn Inv, Caro FrgtC, Cenlil PSvc, CentSo West, Chrysler, Chrysler wt, City Stores, C'lorox Co, CMI Inv Cp, Cooper TR, Daytn PwLt, Disney W, Duke 6.75pf, Eckerd NC, Ferro Corp, FstVaBksh, Fla Pow, Ford Mot, Gen Develp, Gen Motors, Gen Tire, Goodyear, Gulf StaUt, Handy Har, Haw Elec, Holiday Inn, HseF 2.50pf, HseF 2.37pf, Houston LP, Iowall GE, Kroehler, Lane Brynt, LongILt pfl, McDonnD, McGregD, Melv Shoe, MidSouUt, MohwRub, MtgeTr Am, NDist 4.50pf, NatUn Elec, NewEng GE, NLT Corp, Noeast Util, NorlllGas, ANI PS, O GE, Ov Tr, Pub Svc NH, PSd PL, RpFin Svc, Sars Rb, Sirra PacP, Sny Crp, SCar EG, SoJr Ind, Talc Na, Tmp Eloc, Tx Util, Transam Cp, Unit Ilum, US Gypsm, Vnd Co, Va ElPow, Warn Lamb, Wash GasLt, Wast Mgmt, Winnbago, Wurlitzr

JOURNÉE NATIONALE DU SOUVENIR
FRANÇAISES et FRANÇAIS
le 11 NOVEMBRE
ACHETEZ LE
BLEUET de FRANCE

Emblème des Anciens Combattants et Victimes de la Guerre
AU PROFIT des VEUVES - ORPHELINS et ASCENDANTS
PARTICIPATION MINIMUM 0,50 F

European Markets

(Yesterday's closing prices in local currencies)

Amsterdam

AKZu	67.30
Albert Heijn	111
Algembank	314
Amrobank	72.50
A'dam	183.53
Fokker	28
Heineken	275.10
H.V.A.	77
Holland-Am	165
Hoogovens	71.50
K.L.M.	82.80
Philips new	37.50
Robico	273
Rolinco	148.90
Royal Dutch	98.40
Unilever	124
Van Ommer.	358.50
Ver.Mach	163.10

Brussels

Arbed	4,775
Brux.Lamb.	2,800
Cock-Ougree	1,284
Electrobel	7,333
GB Enterpr	2,800
Hoboken	4,755
Petrofina	7,930
Ph.Gevaert	1,428
Soc.Générale	2,985
Solvay	2,823
Un Minière	1,670

Frankfurt

AEG	111.50
BASF	135.50
Bayer	—
Commerzbk	144
Cont Gummi	83
Daimler-Benz	325.30
Demag	133
DeutBank	255.50
DresdeBank	200
Gels Aktien	93.20
Hoesch	52.50
Karstadt	357
Kaufhof	229
KHD	80
Lufthansa	53
Mannesmann	164.50
Metallgesell.	237
Neckermann	109.40
Rheinstahl	105
RWE new	143.80
Schering	418
Siemens	237.70
Thyssen	64
Veba	124.50
Volkswagen	120.70

London

Anglo-Am Cp	3.40
Anglo-Amin	27.53
BarclayBank	3.83
BeechamGr	3.03
BICC	1.58
Boots	2.56
Bowater	1.94
Brit.mTob	2.75
Brit.Oxyg	0.58
Brit.Pet	5.54
BLMC	0.24¼
Burmah	4.30
Cadbury Schw	0.66
Chartered	1.74
Courtaulds	1.46½
Daggafont	0.07
DeBeerD	3.28
Decca Rec	3.85
Distillers	1.63
Dunlop	0.79
El Musiind	1.68
FreeStGed	9.00
GEC	1.53
GKN	2.87
GlaxoGr	4.32
GrUni-St(A)	2.38
Guinness	1.29
Hawker-Sidd	3.76
Hudson-Bay	£10 5/16
Imp-Chem	2.42
Imps	0.86½
Mar&Spen	2.55
MetalBox	2.74
Nichols	0.63
Plessey	1.25
RandMines	2.62
Rank Org (A)	4.48
RoyalDutch	£19⅛
R.T.Z.	2.18
Shell	2.54
Thorn (A)	4.28
Tube Invest.	3.70
Union Cor	2.91
Vickers	1.48
War L3½	£25⅝
West Deep	7.95
West Drief	17.75
West Hold	16.00
West Min	1.09
Woolworth	0.74½
ZCI	0.51

Milan

[illegible]	2,032
Erba	15,853
Ercole Marel	968
Fiat	2,178
Finsider	414.50
Generali	68,230
IFI	5,848
Italgas	952
Italsider	853
LaRinas	313.50
Montedis	910
Olivetti	1,831
Pirelli	1,365
SniaVisco	2,698
Terni	208

Paris

AirLiquide	283.50
Alimentaire	142
BSN	1,320
Carrefour	2,970
Cim.Lafarge	210.10
Citroën	75.80
Cie Bancaire	549
CFP	216.60
CGE	443
Ferodo	463
GerDanone	350
L'Oréal	2,710
Mach.Bull	55.05
Michelin	1,761
Moet Henn	1,284
Moulinex	5,490
Nickel	85
Paribas	215
PUK	147.10
Penarroya	65.50
Perrier	359.50
Peugeot	428
Rh Poulenc	164
Saclior	96.40
St.Gobain	187.30
Suez	334
Télémécanique	1,047
Thomson	264.90
Usinor	117.90

Zurich

Alusuisse	2,220
B. Boveri	1,065
Ciba-Geigy	1,570
Cr Suisse	3,468
Fischer	1,075
HoffRocheb	133,000
Nestlé	3,995
Sandoz	3,275
SN B.Suisse	3,740
Sulzer	3,190
U.B.Suisses	4,045

Mutual Funds

Closing prices on Nov. 9, 1973

NEW YORK (AP)—The following quotations, supplied by the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc., are the prices at which these securities could have been sold (net asset value) or bought (value plus sales charge) Friday.

Fund	Bid	Ask
AGE Fnd	5.05	5.15
Advisrs	4.37	4.78
Aetna F	8.53	9.32
Aetna Shr	13.55	14.81
Afuture F	10.09	N.L.
AllAm Fd	.57	.64
Allstate	13.07	14.05
Alpha	12.64	13.81
Amcap	5.11	5.58
Am Birth	9.79	10.76
Am Diver	9.16	10.01
Am Eqity	unavail	
Amer Express:		
Capit	7.41	8.10
Incme	8.43	9.21
Invest	7.93	8.67
Specl	7.82	8.55
Stock	7.52	8.22
Am Grth	5.78	6.32
Am Insin	5.19	5.67
Am Invs	5.43	N.L.
Am Mutl	8.25	9.02
AmN Gth	2.27	2.48
Anchor Group:		
Capit	4.61	5.05
Grwth	7.97	8.73
Incme	7.09	7.77
Fd Inv	7.62	8.35
Vent	8.90	9.75
Wash N	11.99	13.14
Astron	3.98	4.35
Audax Fd	7.95	8.69
Axe Houghton:		
Fnd A	4.76	5.17
Fd B	7.03	7.64
Stock	5.98	6.54
Scien	4.38	4.76
BLC Grth	11.61	12.68
Babson	11.54	N.L.
Bayrk Fd	7.02	7.67
Bayrk Gr	6.28	6.86
Beacn Hil	8.75	N.L.
Beacn In	10.64	N.L.
Berk Gth	3.96	4.33
Bondstk	4.72	5.16
Bost Fdn	9.74	10.64
Brwn Fd	3.33	3.64
Burnh Fd	10.43	N.L.
Calvin Bullock:		
Bullck	12.78	13.91
Candn	22.27	24.38
Divid	3.47	3.80
NatW S	9.71	10.64
NY Vnt	11.38	12.46
CG Fund	10.25	11.08
Cap Trin	11.67	12.75
Cantry Sh	unavail	
Channing Funds:		
Balan	10.48	11.45
Bond	9.20	10.05
Com St	1.33	1.45
Eq Grf	8.00	8.74
Eq Pro	3.11	3.40
Fd Am	7.94	8.68
Grwth	5.29	5.78
Incom	6.92	7.56
Specl	1.91	2.07
Vent	9.52	10.40
Chase Gr Bos:		
Fund	8.51	9.30
Frt Cap	5.51	6.02
Shrhld	7.48	8.17
Specl	6.61	7.22
Chemicl	10.72	11.72
Colonial:		
Cnvrt	9.73	10.63
Equty	3.30	3.61
Fund	10.55	11.53
Grwth	6.09	6.66
Incom	9.76	10.67
Vent	3.17	3.46
Colo Grth	12.63	N.L.
Cwlth AB	1.12	1.21
Cwlth C	1.45	1.57
Comp Gr	6.62	7.23
Comp Bd	8.43	9.36
Comp Fd	7.38	8.02
Concord	9.95	N.L.
Cons Inv	11.00	11.75
Constel G	5.65	6.17
Cont Mut	7.96	N.L.
Ctry Cap	12.73	13.76
Crn WDiv	5.58	6.10
Crn WDel	6.44	7.04
Dallas Fd	3.43	
Davge Fd	7.97	N.L.
deVegh	61.54	N.L.
Delaware Group:		
Decat	9.83	10.74
Delaw	9.52	10.40
Delta	5.02	5.49
Dir Cap	4.78	5.24
Dodg Cox	16.03	N.L.
Drexel	10.13	N.L.
Dreyfus Grp:		
Dreyf	11.64	12.10
Equit	3.99	4.27
Levge	15.30	16.77
Spl Inc	7.63	8.36
Third C	10.74	11.77
E&E Fd	3.27	N.L.
Eagle Gr	7.79	8.54
Eaton&Howard:		
Balan	9.76	10.67
Grwth	13.83	15.08
Incom	6.16	6.73
Specl	7.94	8.68
Stock	12.86	14.05
EDIE Spl	22.03	N.L.
Egret Gt	12.51	13.60
Elfun Tr	14.26	
Emer Sec	3.71	4.06
Energy	12.24	N.L.
Fairfld	8.92	9.75
Farm Bu	9.36	N.L.
Fed Reg	8.90	
Fidelity Group:		
Bond	8.97	9.80
Capit	11.44	12.50
Contfd	10.00	
Conv	7.41	
Dstny	7.02	
Essex	9.47	
Evrst	11.92	13.03
Fidel	15.73	17.16
Puritn	9.61	10.53
Salem	4.13	4.51
Trend	23.83	26.04
Financial Prog:		
Dyna	4.35	N.L.
Indust	4.25	N.L.
Incom	5.95	N.L.
Vent	4.13	N.L.
FstFd Va	11.66	12.74
Fst Investors:		
Disco	5.25	5.75
Grwth	7.57	8.32
Incom	8.28	9.07
Stock	7.83	8.55
Fst Mult	8.30	N.L.
Flem Brg	10.33	N.L.
Forum Group:		
Clmb F	8.76	N.L.
100 Fd	10.88	N.L.
101 Fd	8.54	N.L.
Twen F	6.35	N.L.
Fnd Gth	4.55	4.97
Founders Group:		
Grwth	5.32	5.81
Incom	11.35	12.40
Mutual	8.94	9.77
Specl	11.13	12.13
Foursq	9.19	N.L.
Frankin Group:		
DNTC	8.04	8.81
Grwth	7.62	8.35
Utils	4.73	5.18
Incom	1.88	2.06
US Gov	9.77	10.73
Capit	4.93	5.40
Equit	4.27	4.68
Frkin Lfe	11.47	12.54
FdF Dep	9.22	N.L.
Fund Inc Grp:		
Comm	8.98	9.81
Impac	8.14	8.90
Ind Trd	11.03	12.05
Pilot	7.98	8.72
Galewy	6.74	7.29
GE S & S	34.86	
Gen Sec	6.61	N.L.
Group Sec:		
Apex	5.37	5.87
Balan	7.52	8.22
Com St	10.97	11.99
GrthFd A	4.41	4.82
Grth Ind	23.85	N.L.
Guard M	23.38	N.L.
Hamilton:		
F HDA	4.15	4.54
Grwth	6.66	7.28
Incom	6.57	7.18
H&C Fd	10.35	N.L.
H&C Lev	9.03	N.L.
Hedb Gor	8.22	8.98
Hedge	6.37	
Heritge	1.71	1.87
Hor Man	18.38	19.87
ISI Group:		
Grwht	4.28	4.68
Incom	3.99	4.36
Trus sh	12.95	14.15
Trus un	3.50	
Indusrty	3.57	3.90
Imp Ght	7.55	8.25
Invr Gth	8.86	N.L.
In Invs t	11.60	12.71
IncF Am	12.87	14.07
Imp Cap	9.67	10.57
INTGN	8.90	9.42
ICA	13.39	14.63
Inv Guid	7.61	N.L.
Inv Indic	2.84	
Invs Bas	e10.94	11.96
Inv Counsl:		e
Capm	7.59	8.32
Capit G	2.87	3.15
Capit S	5.69	6.24
Invseors Group:		
IDS Gr	7.0[illegible]	
IDS ndi	6.20	6.73
Mult	9.63	10.47
Prog	4.32	4.70
Selk	19.90	21.63
Slce e	9.39	10.09
Var Py	8.73	9.49
Inv Rsh	5.10	5.57
Isell	22.3e1	23.00
Ivy	7.61	N.L.
JP GrhtF	9.34	10.15
Janus F	17.35	N.L.
J Hanck	7.85	9.00
J Hanc Sf	8.28	9.00
Johnstn	24.62	N.L.
Kyseon Funds:		
Apollo	4.79	5.25
Cus B1	18.97	19.87
Cus B2	19.67	21.55
Cus B4	8.45	9.26
Cus K1	7.12	7.81
Cus K2	6.01	6.53
Cus S1	21.92	24.03
Cus S2	11.02	12.08
Cus S3	8.03	8.80
Cus S4	4.38	4.80
Polar	3.79	4.14
Knickb	6.17	6.77
Knick Gt	7.64	8.37
Land Ght	7.06	7.71
Lnox Fd	5.53e	N.L.
Lxingoent Grp:		
Cp Ldr	16.06	17.56
Lx Gr	6.38	6.97
Lex Rh	13.78	15.06
Libry Fd	5.e12t	5.60
Lif Ins	e8.28	9.05
Linc Nlt	7.35	8.03
Loomis Says:		
Caplet	13.48	N.L.
Mu 1	14.85	N.L.
Lord Abb:		
Affidt	6.79	7.34
A Bus	2.98	3.23
Bnd Db	10.09	11.03
Luht Bro	10.63	11.42
Luht Inc	9.36	10.23
Manhtn	3.85	4.21
Massachust Co:		
Frd	8.20	8.99
Indp	8.45	9.26
Mass	10.58	12.69
Mass Financl:		
MIT	11.63	12.68
MHG	13.09	14.31
MHD	10.27	14.50
MFD	10.42	14.67
MCD	14.99	16.22
Mais	2.15	N.L.
Mathis	10.95	N.L.
Mid AM	5.42	5.92
MONY F	11.02	12.04
MSB Fd	14.51	N.L.
Mut Bn	9.73	10.63
MIF Fd	7.69	8.31
MIF Gth	4.37	4.72
M OmaG	4.95	5.28
M Omahl	8.91	9.68
Mut Shrs	15.98	N.L.
Mut Trst	1.90	N.L.
NEA Mut	9.44	9.63
Natl Ind	10.31	N.L.
Balan	8.63	9.43
Bond	4.79	5.23
Divld	3.58	3.91
Grwth	6.58	7.19
Pf Stk	6.37	6.95
Incom	4.73	5.14
Stock	6.81	7.44
NE LifFund:		
Equit	17.21	18.71
Groth	10.86	11.80
Sid	16.49	17.92
Nuw Ct	5.32	N.L.
Nuw Fd	9.76	N.L.
Nw Pr	14.43	15.77
New Wld	12.89	14.21
Nwton	14.22	15.54
Nich Strg	15.76	N.L.
Norast	15.24	N.L.
Omga	8.19	8.31
On WmS	16.96	19.96
ONill Fd	10.86	N.L.
Oppn	7.25	7.93
AIM	10.38	11.34
Tim	7.20	7.87
OTC Sc	10.51	11.42
Param M	7.00	7.65
Paul Rvr	7.27	7.89
Pgas Fd	5.04	5.53
Pnn Sq	7.20	N.L.
Pa Mut	2.62	
Phila	7.10	7.78
Pilgrim Grp:		
Pllgm	8.04	8.79
Mag C	3.60	3.98
Incom	8.93	9.76
Pln St	10.58	N.L.
Pln Tr	2.09	N.L.
Entrp	7.71	8.43
Fund	12.26	13.39
II	10.55	11.53
Plan Inv	9.65	10.55
Pligrth	12.52	13.68
Pric Funds:		
Grwth	13.35	N.L.
N Era	12.15	N.L.
N Hriz	9.87	N.L.
Pr Fund	8.76	N.L.
Prvid	4.14	4.52
Prv Gth	8.48	9.27
Pru SIP	10.45	11.44
Putnam Funds:		
Cnv	10.91	11.92
Equit	8.80	9.62
Grg	16.06	16.46
Grwth	11.17	12.21
Incm	8.05	8.83
Invst	9.44	10.32
Vista	10.38	11.36
Vyag	10.55	11.53
Rvr	6.41	7.04
Rinfrt	12.77	
Safc Eqt	8.43	9.21
Sagitors	2.32	N.L.
Schustr	8.16	8.92
Schust Sp	7.78	8.50
Scuddr Funds:		
Int Inv	15.98	N.L.
Specl	28.63	N.L.
Balan	16.04	N.L.
Cm St	10.62	N.L.
Sabord Funds:		
Ad Grt	4.30	4.71
Ad Inc	3.58	3.92
Ad Ins	7.93	8.69
Cmp C	4.65	5.09
Inc Bs	5.96	6.33
Lvr	4.67	5.12
Scurity Funds:		
Equty	3.59	3.93
Invsl	6.61	7.23
Ultra	7.22	7.91
SI Am	8.18	N.L.
SI Opp	10.14	N.L.
SI Spl	13.12	N.L.
Snf Gth	11.05	12.07
Sntry F	13.44	14.61
Cmstk	3.67	4.01
Entrp	6.00	6.56
Flt Fd	4.19	4.58
Harbr	7.77	8.49
Lgal	6.67	7.29
Pac	8.39	9.36
Sharsn Funds:		
Appr	19.21	20.99
Incm	17.42	19.34
Invst	9.76	10.67
Shrm D	10.86	N.L.
Sld Fd	7.08	7.76
Sigma Funds:		
Capit	7.55	8.25
Invst	10.40	11.46
Trust	7.71	8.43
Vnt	8.50	9.29
SB Eqty	10.66	N.L.
SB I&Gr	10.42	N.L.
SGn Int	12.77	13.37
Sw Invs	7.45	8.05
Swin Gt	6.22	6.72
Svr Inv	11.69	12.78
Spctra F	4.81	5.27
S&P IntD	7.07	N.L.
Stat BndGr:		
Cm F	4.92	5.36
Div Fd	5.22	5.81
Prg F	8.20	8.66
StFrm Gt	4.99	N.L.
S Frm In	9.35	N.L.
Stat St	[illegible]	[illegible]
Stadman Funds:		
Am Ind	[illegible]	N.L.
Ass F	1.19	N.L.
Invst	1.23	N.L.
Ocan	[illegible]	N.L.
Balan	[illegible]	N.L.
Cap O	10.65	N.L.
Stck	13.23	N.L.
Suprvisd Inv:		
Grwth	6.41	7.06
Incm	8.46	[illegible]
Sumit	9.33	[illegible]
Tch	6.37	[illegible]
Survy F	10.25	[illegible]
Sync Gth	6.79	7.42
TMR App	8.53	[illegible]
Tmp Gt	[illegible]	[illegible]
Twr Cap	unavail	
Trns Cap	8.39	[illegible]
Trav Eq	10.95	[illegible]
Tudr Hd	11.51	N.L.
TwnC Gt	3.02	[illegible]
TwnC Inc	4.30	[illegible]
USAA Gt	10.27	N.L.
US GvS	10.04	[illegible]
Unit Mut	8.70	[illegible]
Unifund	7.38	8.07
Unin Svc Grp:		
Brad	13.60	14.86
Nat Inv	8.43	9.16
U Cap	9.26	10.12
Whth	10.97	[illegible]
Unitd Funds:		
Accm	7.24	7.93
Bnd	7.76	8.50
Cn Gr	[illegible]	[illegible]
Cn Inc	[illegible]	10.64
Incm	13.25	[illegible]
Scin	6.97	7.64
Vang	6.64	7.28
Valu Lin Fd:		
Val Li	5.76	[illegible]
Incm	4.49	4.92
Lv Grt	6.89	[illegible]
Spl Sit	3.23	3.51
Vanc Sandrs:		
Invst	[illegible]	7.84
Cmm	7.47	7.84
Spcl	7.72	8.44
Vandrbl	unavail	
Vangd	1.34	1.46
Vanig TN	6.05	
Var In P	3.75	4.08
Viking	6.39	N.L.
Wall St G	7.55	[illegible]
Wash M	11.39	12.45
Wing Eq	11.44	N.L.
Wllngtn Grup:		
Explr	23.03	25.17
Ivst	9.47	10.35
Mrg	12.16	13.29
Tchv	7.87	
Trust	11.72	12.81
Wllsl	11.83	12.93
Wllm	10.66	11.65
Wst B	10.09	11.03
Windr	7.33	8.01
Wst Ind	3.11	[illegible]
Wstl Grt	8.45	[illegible]
Wisc Fd	5.35	6.29
Zigir	10.62	11.61

CHURCH SERVICES

FRANCE—PARIS.

ST. JOSEPH'S CATHOLIC CHURCH, 50 Ave. Hoche (8e) Saturday mass, 6:30 p.m. (Eng.). Sunday masses: 8:30 (Latin), 10:00 & 11:15 a.m. (English), 12:15 (L), 5:30 (E). Confessions: Monday to Friday, 11:30 to 12:30 & 6 p.m. to 7 p.m. Saturday, 11:30 to 12:30 & 4:30 p.m. to 6:30 p.m.

THE AMERICAN CHURCH
65 Quai d'Orsay, Paris-7e.
(Métro: Invalides or Alma-Marceau)
(Bus No. 63 stops at door)
Church School: 10 a.m.
Worship Service: 11 a.m.
Dr. Edwin B. Taller, Pastor
Edmund J. Pendleton, Choir Master.
(Interdenominational-International.)

AMERICAN CATHEDRAL
Holy Communion: 8:30 a.m.
Nursery & Sunday School: 10:30.
SUNDAY SERVICE & SERMON 10:45
The Very Rev. Sturgis L. Riddle, D.D., Dean. Canon Thomas Wile. Norman Proulx, Director of Music
Episcopal — All warmly welcomed.
23 Ave. George-V, Paris-8e.
Métro: George-V & Alma.

FRANCE—PARIS

ST. GEORGE'S ANGLICAN CHURCH, 7 R. Auguste-Vacquerie (16e). Tel.: 720-22-51. Sunday Masses 8:30 & 10:30 (sung).

EMMANUEL BAPTIST CHURCH, 56 Rue des Bons Raisins, Rueil-Malmaison. Sun., 11 a.m. From Pont Neuilly, bus 141 to "Les Godardes." Tel.: 966-37-78. Evening Service 6:30 at Hôtel Meridien. Métro: Porte Maillot. Visitors welcome.

METHODIST CHURCH. English-speaking. 4 Rue Roquepine, Paris-8e. Sunday, 10:30 a.m. and 8 p.m. Rev. F. Le Noury.

GERMANY—MUNICH

The English-Language Baptist Church of Munich on Holzstr 9 has S.S. at 11:45 and Worship 12:45. Inform.: Tel.: 638534. Pastor R. W. Terry.

GERMANY—FRANKFURT

St. Mary's R.C. Parish. Masses in Oberursel An der Heide 38. Sat.: 5:15; Sun.: 9 & 11. In Frankfurt: 12:30 at the Cathedral (Domplatz). C.C.D. grades 1-8 Sat. 3:30-5:00. Frankfurt Intern'l School, Oberursel. Priest Fr. E. Beck. Phone: 06171-52547

Art. Every week the Herald Tribune reports on the wonderful world of art in Europe: what's new, old and interesting everywhere.

Comment. James Reston, C.L. Sulzberger, Tom Wicker, Joseph Kraft, Russell Baker, Art Buchwald — read them in the Tribune.

هكذا من الأصل

American Stock Exchange Trading

—1973— High	Low	Stocks and Div	in $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	Last	Net Chge
12⅞	7	ColwMtg wt			2	8⅞	8¾	8½—	⅛
44	15	Comb Com		11	84	18¼	16¾	16⅞—	2⅛
28¾	14⅝	Cmbustn Eq		14	27	20¼	19⅛	19½—	⅜
39¼	25	Cominco f		17	6	37¾	37½	37¾	
21¼	8⅛	ComiAill	.30	8	6	11	10¾	10¾	
16⅝	11⅜	CmlMet	.60b	6	1	14	14	14 —	⅛
9	2¼	Commodor			4	2¾	2⅝	2⅝	
7⅞	2¾	Comhlth	Cp	8	4	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛+	⅛
14⅝	5¼	ComPsyc	Ct	11	5	8⅝	8¼	8¼—	⅛
38⅛	24⅞	ComSv	1.60b	8	14	27¾	27½	27¾—	⅛
6¼	3⅛	Compac	Cp	9	7	5¾	5⅝	5⅝—	⅛
12⅝	7⅛	Compln	.32	5	4	7⅜	7¼	7¼	
2⅜	1¼	ComputDyn		12	4	1¼	1¼	1¼	
37¼	17⅛	Computgrp		16	58	32⅝	30¾	30¾—	1½
8¾	3¼	Cmput	Inv	14	1	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝—	⅛
4⅞	2¾	Cmput	Mch		1	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝+	⅛
16⅛	9¾	Conche	.16e	6	3	11¾	11⅛	11⅛—	⅝
5¼	2⅝	Concrd	Fab	23	1	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝+	⅛
7¾	2½	Condec	Crp		10	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	
6⅝	3⅛	Connlly	Con	12	2	5½	5½	5½—	⅛
11½	5⅝	Conrov	Inc		4	3¾	3⅝	3⅝—	⅛
6¾	4	Con Oil	Gas	50	97	6¾	6⅝	6⅝	
17¼	8¼	ConsReg	.20	8	2	13⅝	13⅜	13⅜—	⅛
11⅝	7	Comme	Cp	15	20	9⅞	9¼	9¼—	⅜
2⅝	1¼	Cont	Meter	9	14	1⅝	1½	1⅝+	⅛
5½	2	ContTel	wt		16	2¾	2½	2½	
16¼	9	CookEl	.40	12	7	13⅜	13¼	13⅜	
31⅜	14⅛	Cookin	.40a	2	48	24¼	23¼	23⅜—	1⅛
19⅜	14¼	CookPt	V .7	6	2	14⅞	14⅜	14⅜	⅛
4⅝	2⅝	Copar	.20a		15	5	4⅝	4⅝+	⅛
14⅝	4¼	Cordon	Intl	13	25	9¼	9	9 —	⅛
21¼	13¼	Corp	Labs	15	4	16⅜	16¼	16⅜	
4⅜	2	Cott	Corp		12	2⅞	2¾	2⅞	
1½	½	CottCorp	wt		1	1⅛	⅝	⅝	
5⅝	3	Cousins	wt		1	3⅞	3⅝	3⅞+	⅛
31⅜	10⅝	CoxCbl	Com	21	13	18⅜	18⅛	18⅜	
6¼	2¼	Crain	Cp		5	10	3	3⅛	3 —	⅛
6⅜	5	CramrE	.25f	12	26	8	7½	8	+	⅜
9½	4	Creativ	Mgt		6	4	5⅜	5⅜	
22	15¼	CresIP	2.28a	9	15	21¾	21⅜	21⅜	
23¼	17¼	Cremston		7	6	4	17½	17½	
16⅜	9¾	CrossAT	.43	22	1	62⅜	62¼	62⅜—	⅜
12½	7⅜	CrowleyM	.40	3	1	9½	9⅛	9½	
25	12⅛	CwnCP	1.18f	9	13	21⅜	20⅝	21⅛—	⅛
13	7⅛	Crownl	.20e	4	xd	7½	7½	7½—	⅛
22⅜	6⅜	Crystal	Oil	16	418	16⅜	15⅝	16⅜—	⅛
17⅜	10⅜	CSECorp	.40	5	4	11⅜	11⅛	11⅜	
3⅜	1½	CubicCp	.20	12	2	6⅜	6⅜	6⅜+	⅛
4¼	2¼	Curtis	Math		22	3½	3⅜	3 +	⅛
18⅜	6½	CutlerA	.22p		102	11⅞	11⅞	11⅞—	½
14	6	CutlerB	.22p		5	11⅞	11⅞	11⅞+	½

D

8½	4	Damon	.20p	4	9	4	3⅝	4	
2⅜	1⅛	Data	Contrl		4	1⅝	1½	1⅝	
25⅝	16½	Data	Dcumt		9	8	24⅜	24⅜	
5¼	2¼	Data	Prod		9	47	4⅜	4⅜	⅛
16	6½	DayMin	.10e	16	30	7	7	7	
3	2	Dayflin	wt		1	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛—	⅛
3	1	DCL	Inc		6	⅞	⅞	⅞	
26	17⅞	Dearb	St .25	44	103	18¼	18¼	18¼+	⅛
5¼	3¼	DeJur	Amsc		21	4	4⅛	4⅛	
7⅜	1¼	DeltaCp	Am		25	1½	1⅜	1½	
20⅞	7¾	Dfm	Fd .50g	10	227	11	9	10⅜+	2⅛
57⅛	15¾	DtaIEs	.85e	15	26	23	22⅝	22⅞—	⅛
3½	1	Dero	Ind		11	⅞	⅞	⅞	
2	1	DeRose	Ind		12	2¼	2¼	2¼	
34	18¼	Deseret	.19h	26	34	29¾	28⅝	28⅞—	⅜
5	2	Designcr	Jw	6	10	6½	6¼	6½—	⅛
5½	2	Detecto	Scal		2	2¾	2¾	2¾	
41¼	13½	Dev	Cp Am		31	15⅜	14⅞	14⅞—	⅛
15⅜	5	DevooA	.05e	5	58	8⅜	8½	8⅜	
11½	5⅜	Conroy	Inc	4	4	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜—	⅛
6¾	3⅛	Dialmat	Drll	13	31	21¼	20½	20½—	⅝
8¾	3⅝	Diebold	VC		8	2	13⅝	13⅝	
11⅞	7	Comme	Cp	15	20	9⅞	9¼	9¼—	⅜
2⅝	1¼	Cont	Meter	9	14	1⅝	1½	1⅝+	⅛
5½	2	ContTel	wt		16	2¾	2½	2½	
16¼	9	CookEl	.40	12	7	13⅜	13¼	13⅜	
31⅜	14⅛	Cookin	.40a	2	48	24¼	23¼	23⅜—	1⅛
19⅜	14¼	CookPt	V .7	6	2	14⅞	14⅜	14⅜	⅛
4⅝	2⅝	Copar	.20a		15	5	4⅝	4⅝+	⅛
14⅝	4¼	Cordon	Intl	13	25	9¼	9	9 —	⅛
21¼	13¼	Corp	Labs	15	4	16⅜	16¼	16⅜	
4⅜	2	Cott	Corp		12	2⅞	2¾	2⅞	
1½	½	CottCorp	wt		1	1⅛	⅝	⅝	
5⅝	3	Cousins	wt		1	3⅞	3⅝	3⅞+	⅛
31⅜	10⅝	CoxCbl	Com	21	13	18⅜	18⅛	18⅜	
6¼	2¼	Crain	Cp		5	10	3	3⅛	3 —	⅛
6⅜	5	CramrE	.25f	12	26	8	7½	8	+	⅜
9½	4	Creativ	Mgt		6	4	5⅜	5⅜	
22	15¼	CresIP	2.28a	9	15	21¾	21⅜	21⅜	
23¼	17¼	Cremston		7	6	4	17½	17½	
16⅜	9¾	CrossAT	.43	22	1	62⅜	62¼	62⅜—	⅜
12½	7⅜	CrowleyM	.40	3	1	9½	9⅛	9½	
25	12⅛	CwnCP	1.18f	9	13	21⅜	20⅝	21⅛—	⅛
13	7⅛	Crownl	.20e	4	xd	7½	7½	7½—	⅛
22⅜	6⅜	Crystal	Oil	16	418	16⅜	15⅝	16⅜—	⅛
17⅜	10⅜	CSECorp	.40	5	4	11⅜	11⅛	11⅜	
3⅜	1½	CubicCp	.20	12	2	6⅜	6⅜	6⅜+	⅛
4¼	2¼	Curtis	Math		22	3½	3⅜	3 +	⅛
18⅜	6½	CutlerA	.22p		102	11⅞	11⅞	11⅞—	½
14	6	CutlerB	.22p		5	11⅞	11⅞	11⅞+	½

E

12	9	E Systm	.80	5	6	9¾	9½	9¾	
29⅜	9	ErlScheb	.36	10	14	12½	11⅞	11⅞—	⅛
9	4½	Earth R	.12		34	8¼	7¾	7¾—	⅛
28¼	11¾	EasonO	.10r	18	44	16⅜	16¼	16¼+	⅛
10⅝	3	EstnAir	.40f	6	18	5⅝	5½	5½—	⅜
11⅜	5⅝	Eastrn	Frgt	4	1	6¼	6¼	6¼	
3½	1¼	Eckmar	Cp	9	20	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜—	⅛
20	11½	Ecodyne		30	2	15⅝	15½	15½	
29⅜	8½	Edgingh	O	8	43	24⅜	23⅜	24⅛+	⅝
12¾	3¾	Edipso	Eq	4	4	4	4	4	
8⅜	3⅛	Edo	Corp	4	11	6⅝	5½	5½—	⅛
9⅞	4¼	Edwards	.40	26	1	6¾	6¾	6¾	
7⅜	4¼	Egan M	.10e		1	6⅜	4⅜	4⅜	
20⅜	7⅜	EhrnhPt	.20	8	18	12⅜	12¼	12¼—	⅛
6¾	3⅝	Elco	Corp		5	19	6	6¼	5½—	⅛
6¾	2¼	Elcor	Chm		35	7	6⅜	6⅜	6⅜	
8⅛	5¼	El Hose	.40a		6	7	5⅞	5⅞	
3⅜	1½	Elect	Assist		6	13	1⅜	1½	1⅜—	⅛
2¾	¾	Elect	Comp			9	⅜	⅜	1⅜—	⅛
15	5¾	Electrn	Eng		9	3	12	11⅝	11⅝—	⅛
34⅜	16⅝	ElectrnA	.80		12	1	24¼	24¼	24¼—	⅛
27½	13⅜	Electsp	.36f		9	8	3⅞	3⅝	3⅞+	⅛
22	13¾	Elk Horn	.88		18	11	20¼	20¼	20¼—	⅜
16	6¾	El Tronics			7	13	11	10¼	10½—	⅛
7⅜	2¼	Empress	Int		3	1	2¾	2¾	2¾	
4⅜	2⅜	EquityNat			29	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜+	⅛
4⅜	2⅜	ErnstA	.10e		4	1	4¼	4¼	4¼+	⅛
5⅜	3¼	Eco Ind.				2	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	
4⅜	2¾	Espey	Mfg		25	5	3	3	3	
12⅛	3½	Esq Rad	El		4	4	7⅞	7⅜	7⅜	
4¼	2¾	Essex	Chem		6	21	4¼	4¼	4¼	
17⅛	7½	EvanAr	.10p		9	7	7¾	7¾	7¾—	⅛
35¾	11	Excelinv	Co		11	58	11½	10⅞	10⅞—	⅜
28½	9¾	Executn	.24		15	7	12⅛	12	12⅛+	⅜

F

7⅜	3	Fab	Ind		6	15	3½	3⅝	3⅝—	⅛
14⅝	6¼	FabriCtr	.04		7	3	9⅞	9¾	9¾	
4	¼	Fabrics	Nat			1	1	1	
16⅛	8	FairNbl	.15r		4	26	8⅜	8⅜	8⅜—	⅛
14⅞	5¼	Falcon	Sbd		17	274	11¼	9½	9⅝—	4⅝
7⅜	4	Fam Dol	Str		16	34	10⅜	10⅛	10⅛—	⅞
14⅛	5¾	Fanny	Frm			1	6¾	6¾	6¾—	⅛
15⅛	3½	Fash Fa	.32f		8	6	7¼	6⅞	6⅞—	⅛
3	1	Fed	Resrces			371	4	3⅞	3⅞—	⅛
21⅝	19⅜	FedMort	.48a		5	16	16¼	16¼	16¼—	⅛
8½	2⅝	Felmont	Oil		16	50	14½	14½	14½	
12½	5½	Feisway	.32		4	8	5¼	5¼	5¼—	⅛
9¼	3⅜	Fibrabrd	wt			14	7⅛	6⅞	6⅞—	⅛
44⅜	25	FidelG	3.3le		8	20	29¾	29½	29½—	⅛
19¼	4½	FidelGr	wt			1	8¼	8¼	8¼—	
1⅛	⅝	Fie'ds	Plast			1	2¼	2¼	2¼+	⅛
13⅜	8½	Flim Cp	.06		6	17	10⅜	10⅛	10⅜—	⅛
5½	2⅛	Flimways			9	27	4¼	4¼	4⅜+	⅛
25¼	9⅜	Flowlnd	.01e		10	27	13¼	13	13 —	⅛
3½	1⅜	FlnSnBk	.20		4	16	1¾	1¾	1¾+	⅛
18¼	9⅜	Fin Gen	.36r		6	2	11	11	11 —	⅛
13¼	9½	FlnGnlA	.30			2	11	11	11 —	⅛
17	12⅜	Fst Conn	Ia		9	5	13½	13	13	+½
25	19½	Fst Dn	2.25e		9	22	22¼	21¾	22¼+	⅝
4⅞	1¾	Fst Denv	wt			18	3	2⅝	2⅝	⅛
4⅜	3⅜	Fst Rity	Inv		5	34	5⅜	5¼	5¼—	⅛
25	10½	FstSL	Sh	.48	5	18	15	14½	14⅝—	⅜
14⅜	10⅛	Fst-Va-	1.99e		7	17	17	17	17	
20⅜	10¼	Fstmrk	.21e		7	4	14½	14¼	14¼—	⅜
24	9½	FtschP	1.71f		9	3	12⅜	12⅛	12⅜—	⅛
7⅜	3⅛	Fishgran	.28			xl	3¾	3⅝	3¾+	⅛
7	4½	Flagstaff			7	9	5	5	5 —	⅛
12½	7½	Flavrind	.30		3	12	8	8	8	
15¼	10⅜	Flight	Safty		12	5	12⅜	12½	12⅜—	⅛
8½	3⅜	Flock	Ind			8	8	8	8	
4⅜	1⅝	Fla	Capital		6	81	2¼	2	2 —	⅛
10⅝	7⅜	FlaRck	.10a		3	12	7⅝	7⅜	7⅜+	⅛
29¼	14½	Fluke M	.85f		11	14	20⅜	19½	19½—	1⅜
25¼	8¼	FlyTiger	wt			141	15½	15⅛	13⅜—	1⅝
4⅞	2⅛	Foodmsn	Sp			3	3⅜	3½	3½	
38⅛	19½	Ford Can	3a	.5		2250	22¼	21½	21½—	1½
12	7½	Forest C	.17		10	2	8	8	8 —	⅛
10	3	Foresit	.09i			2	3½	3½	3½—	⅛
22⅝	9¾	FoxStaP	.28		10	xd4	14¼	13½	14 +	⅛
10¾	7⅜	FPA Cp	.02e		5	1	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞—	⅛
9⅛	3¼	Frank Rt	.28		8	14	5½	5¾	5¾—	⅛
12½	8¾	FranUSA	.64		5	4	9⅞	9¾	9¾	
21⅜	14⅜	Fresnillo	.40		8	5	19½	19	19 —	⅛
17¼	4⅞	Frier Ind			3	6	5¼	5	5 —	⅛
25½	12	Frigitronic			32	86	17⅜	16	16⅜—	⅞
19½	16¾	Frischs	.30a		7	6	13¾	13¼	13¼+	⅛
8½	3	Frontier	Air		5	26	5¼	5	5 —	⅛
5½	2¾	FrontAir	wt			15	2⅜	2¾	2¾	

G

13⅜	6¾	Gabriel	.40	6	1	8¾	8¾	8¾—	⅛
7¼	4¼	Galaxy	Cpf	5	8	5½	5⅜	5½—	⅛
16	8¼	Garan	.36e	5	12	9½	9⅛	9⅛—	⅝
24⅝	6⅞	Garcia	Corp	7	7	8⅜	7¾	7¾+	⅛
4¾	2¾	GaylrNtl	.20	3	1	3¼	3¼	3¼	
18⅝	3¼	Gaynor	Strd		1	5	3½	3½+	⅛
24⅛	6⅞	Gearhart	.24	21	42	11¼	10⅝	11⅛+	⅛
2⅝	1⅜	Gen Bullding		27	12	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	
10⅝	2	Gen Cinma	.60	15	25	11	11	11	
7	3	GenEduc	Sv	4	2	3¼	3	3¼+	⅛
4⅜	1¾	G Empl	.08a	3	3	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜+	⅛
9¾	4½	Gen Inferior			6	5¼	5¼	5¼+	⅛
4⅜	3¼	Gen Recrat		5	4	3¾	3⅝	3⅝	
11⅞	5	Gen Resrch		5	36	5⅝	5½	5⅝—	⅛
10¾	4⅝	Genge	Inc	6	91	5¼	5⅛	5¼	
23	6½	Geon	Ind	14	39	13⅜	12¾	12¾	
7⅜	3¼	Gerber	Scl	22	58	7	6½	6⅝—	⅜
22⅝	13⅜	Giant F	.50a	7	4	14¾	14½	14½—	⅜
11⅜	7	Giant Y	.40a	11	40	9 11-16	9 3-16	9¾+	⅛
2⅜	¾	Gilbert	Cos		1	¾	¾	¾—	
8½	3½	Gladns	.13t	6	11	4	3⅝	4 +	⅛
7⅛	3½	Glasrock	Pr		13	4	3¾	3¾—	⅛
8½	5⅜	GlenGy	.20a	4	6	6	6	6	+⅛
19¾	8¼	GlenDis	.39f	12	1	8	8¼	8¼	⅛
7½	5¼	Globelnd	.40	6	12	6⅝	6	6¼	⅛
14⅝	7	GlobeSec	Sv	5	7	6⅞	6	6¼	⅛
29⅜	10¼	Gloucstr	En	7	281	15⅛	14	14¼	— 1
8⅝	5¼	Globlalt	.36	5	2	6¼	6⅛	6⅛	
27	14⅜	Golden	Cycl	11	12	18¼	17⅜	17⅜—	⅜
10⅝	3½	Gold W	Mob	8	7	3½	3⅛	3¼	
16	3¾	GoodLS	.15e	5	7	4½	4¼	4½+	⅛
6⅛	4½	Goodrich	wt		40	4¾	4⅝	4⅝	
6½	3½	Gorin	Strs	4	5	3⅜	3½	3½—	⅛
9½	3	Gouldinc	wt		219	7½	7½	7½	
10	8	Gould T	.84e	10	4	8½	8½	8½—	⅛
27	17	Grainger	.27	34	13	43⅛	43¼	43¼+	⅛
12	¾	Grand	Auto	7	5	5	5	5⅛	⅛
6⅜	2¼	Granite	Mgt		6	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛—	⅛
8⅜	5½	GrasVa	.18e	14	36	13⅜	13⅛	13⅛—	⅛
13¼	9⅝	GrayMf	.84f	8	1	11	11	11 —	⅛
17	12⅜	GreatAm	In	14	16	15-16	⅞	⅞	1-16
25	19½	Grl Bsn	Pat	6	144	4	3⅝	4 +	⅛
4⅞	1¾	GrlLkCh	.11e	14	202	14⅛	13¾	13¾—	⅛
10½	6⅜	GtScotS	.39f	8	7	9½	9¼	9¼+	⅛
25½	4⅛	Greenm	.27f	6	16	7½	7	7 —	⅛
18⅜	9¾	GREIT	1.20	10	5	10⅝	10⅛	10⅜	
6¼	2	GryhdC	.28e	6	19	4⅜	4¼	4¼	
22⅞	17⅜	GRI Cp	.06	20	9	20¼	20	20 —	⅛
15⅜	12⅜	Griesd	1.15e		1	13	13	13 —	⅛
18⅜	12⅝	GrossTic	.90	8	4	13½	13¼	13½+	½
11	6¼	Grow C	.32b	11	23	6¼	5⅞	5⅞—	⅛
4⅜	2½	Gruen	Ind		15	3¼	3	3 +	⅛
1⅞		GSC En	.05e		1	¾	¾	¾	
4¼	2⅜	GTI	Corp	15	13	3½	3⅜	3½	
12⅜	7⅜	GuardCh	.40	8	2	7⅝	7⅜	7⅜	
11⅜	5⅜	Gulfind	Mits	5	10	6½	5⅞	5⅞	
27½	13½	GlfMtg	1.92e	9	24	18¾	17¾	17¾—	⅛
2⅝	1	GulfMRlt	wt		12	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	
44⅞	31⅜	GH Can	.60a	18	4	35½	35¼	35¼—	⅛
15½	5⅝	GulfRep	Fin	3	10	6¼	6¼	6¼	
30⅛	16⅛	GlfSAA	2.25e	7	9	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛—	⅛

—1973— High	Low	Stocks and Div	in $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	Last	Net Chge
21¼	11¼	Gulf SoAt	wt		3	13½	13⅛	13⅛	
35	17½	GNstrm	LD	7	46	18⅜	17⅜	18¼+	½

H

7	2¾	Hallctt	Hom		9	3	2⅞	2⅞—	⅛
10½	7⅜	HallsMot	.40	5	13	8½	8⅜	8⅜—	⅛
18⅜	6⅛	HamlC	.30e	6	22	6½	6¼	6¼—	⅛
6¼	3¾	Hamp D	.22i	3	13	5⅜	5⅛	5⅛—	⅛
10	4½	Hamptin	.32	6	2 1	5	5	5	
12⅛	4	Hanvr	Plan	33	528	13⅜	11¼	13⅜+	1⅞
35	22⅜	Harland	.15	27	36	27	26½	26½	
15⅝	7½	HartAit	.20p	10	2	15⅜	15⅜	15⅜+	⅛
11⅞	2½	Hartfld	Zdy	3	41	2⅞	2⅝	2⅝—	⅛
36½	19½	HartzMar	Cp	35	108	31	29¾	29⅞—	1⅛
12⅛	5	Hasbro	Ind	7	6	6¼	6	6 —	⅛
9⅛	6	Hasting	.20a	6	2	6½	6¼	6¼	
4¾	1⅞	Haydns	.05a		20	2⅜	2½	2½—	⅛
11⅛	4½	Health	Chm	6	17	5¼	5	5⅛	
5⅜	3⅛	HealthMA	.30	5	1	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝+	⅛
4⅛	1⅞	Heinick	Inst	9	8	2	1⅞	1⅞—	⅛
15⅛	11½	Helim	1.43e	7	23	13½	13¼	13¼+	⅜
15⅜	9⅛	Her Mal	.48	5	2	9¾	9⅝	9⅝—	⅛
11⅞	5	HIG	Inc	16	2	7¾	7⅝	7⅝—	⅛
11⅜	6½	HiShear	Cp	25	3	10⅜	10½	10½	
5¾	1¾	Highind	Cap		2	2	2	2 +	⅛
6¾	3	Hillhvn	.23f	7	8	4	3⅞	3⅞	
7⅜	2⅜	Histronics		8	1	4	4	4	
2⅞	2⅛	Hoskin	.40a	2	48	24½	23½	23⅝—	1⅛
49½	42	Hollins	1.80	34	5	50	48½	50 +	1⅝
2¼	1	Holly	Corp	15	18	2¼	2	2	
57½	35½	HomeOA	.50	31	3	54⅜	54½	54½—	⅛
23	15¾	HormelG	.81	12	11	16⅜	16⅛	16⅛+	⅛
10	5½	Horn	Hardrt		3	6⅝	6½	6½—	⅛
20⅛	9¾	Hoskins	I	5	16	10⅝	10	10 —	⅛
22⅜	17⅜	HospM	2.18e	7	3	17½	17⅜	17⅜—	⅛
3	1	HospMtg	wt		11	1⅝	1⅜	1⅜	
35⅜	11	Hosp Mtr	In	7	26	11¼	10⅜	10⅜—	⅜
25½	15⅜	Hotel I	2.11e	7	10	17⅜	17¼	17⅜+	⅜
11½	5⅜	House Vl	.32	10	23	7	6¾	7 +	⅛
58⅝	28½	Houst Oil	M	86	1014	59⅝	53⅜	58¼+	1⅝
7¾	5⅜	Howell	Ind		1	6¼	6¼	6¼—	⅛
53	33½	Hubell	1.20	15	1	45¼	45¼	45¼—	⅜
53½	23⅜	HubellB	1.20	16	3	45½	45½	45¼	
57⅜	40	HudBOG	.70	25	3	46½	46¼	46¼+	⅜
6	2⅜	Hudson	Gen	33	1	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜	
19½	6½	Huffmn	.40e	9	23	9⅜	8¾	8⅝—	⅛

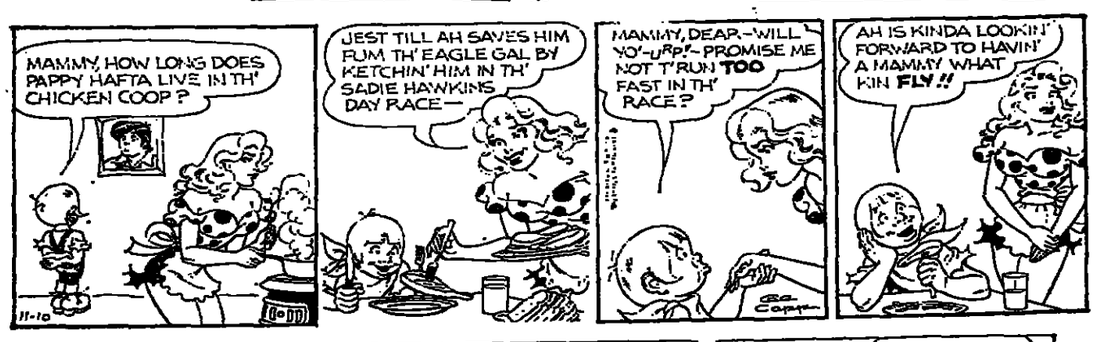
PEANUTS



B.C.



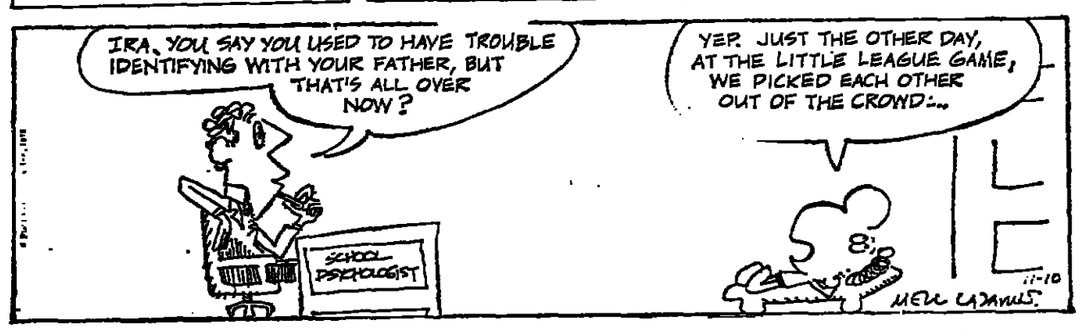
LI'L ABNER



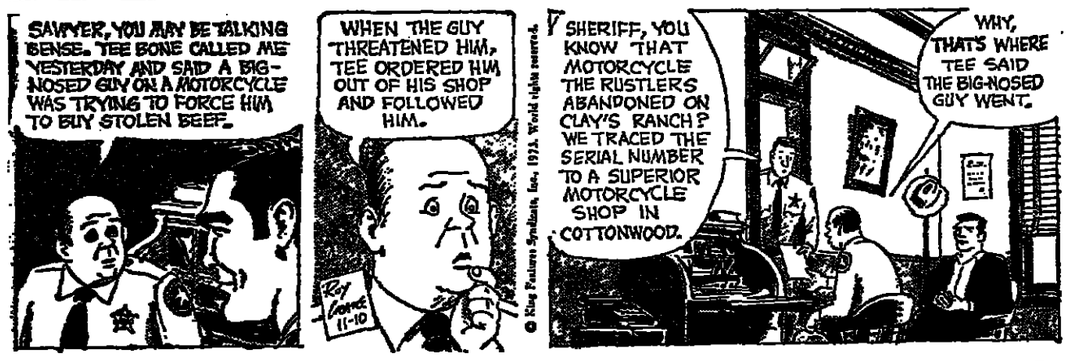
BEETLE BAILEY



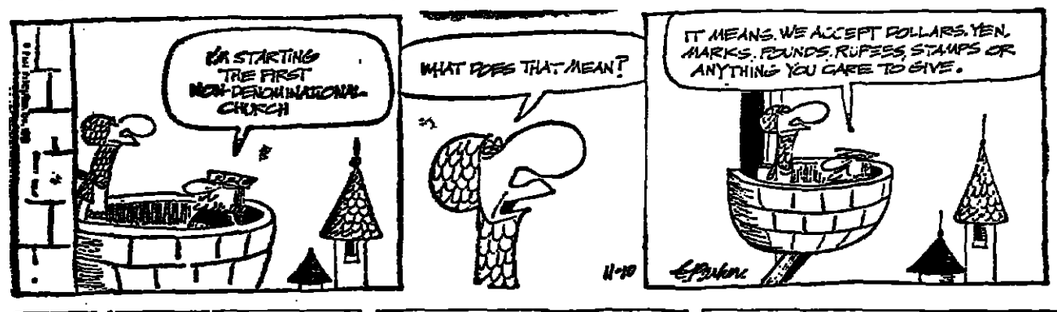
MISS PEACH



BUZ SAWYER



WIZARD of ID



REX MORGAN M.D.



POGO



RIP KIRBY



BLONDIE



DENNIS THE MENACE



JUMBLE® — that scrambled word game

BY HENRI ARNOLD and BOB LEE

Unscramble these four Jumbles, one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words.

NOOLC

RIPEV

GIFNIX

TUMPIE



Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as suggested by the above cartoon.

Print the SURPRISE ANSWER here: AN ○○○○○○○

(Answers Monday)

Yesterday's Jumbles: TYING SCARY DURESS PESTAL

Answer: *Remains—to provide support*—STAYS

BOOKS

BURR

By Gore Vidal. Random House. 430 pp. $8.95.

Reviewed by George Dangerfield

AARON BURR had a career of great variety, excitement and interest. He commanded a regiment in the Revolutionary War; he was a successful New York lawyer: he went high enough in New York politics, then as now distinctly arcane, to become Jefferson's first Vice-President. He was still Vice-President when he killed his greatest political enemy, Alexander Hamilton, in a duel at Weehawken. This feat was not well regarded, and Burr was indicted for murder in New Jersey and New York. He continued, however, to preside over the Senate in Washington. Later, after a peculiarly futile expedition down the Mississippi, he was tried for treason on the grounds (probably correct) that he had attempted to detach the West from the Union. It was also possible that he hoped to revolutionise Mexico. He was acquitted on both counts but found it convenient to go abroad for a while. In France, being very hard up, he tried to sell the French government a scheme for advancing its interests at the expense of the United States. He returned to America, resumed the practice of law, made a lot of money, spent more, and died in 1836.

He was extremely attractive, especially to women, and his amorous adventures were numerous and successful. Since he was an 18th-century gentleman, these did not make him enemies, to any great extent; his enmities, and they were numerous and bitter, were made because people found it impossible to pin him down. In the political world, a gifted politician without a purpose becomes odious after a time; and Burr was a man without a purpose.

In writing this novel about Aaron Burr, Gore Vidal is under a severe handicap. It ought to be an accepted rule, although somehow it never is, that a historical novel succeeds only to the extent that recorded history is kept out of it. The ideal in this respect might be Thackeray's "Vanity Fair," where the setting is in the past, but the characters are all imaginary. Vidal's protagonist is very much in history. You can make a fantastic figure out of him, which Vidal often does with success, but you cannot make an imaginary one. History will always come breaking in, and Vidal compounds his difficulties by encouraging it to do so. "Obviously"—I am quoting from his Afterword—"I have made up conversation, but whenever possible I have used actual phrases of the speaker."

When a historical novelist talks about "actual phrases" and things like that, he is summoning the wrong kind of imagination. He is calling on the historian's imagination, a very powerful faculty but one that has to do with the ordering of evidence, the discovery of new relations between ascertained facts. The imagination of a novelist is, obviously, of very different and probably a more essential nature. It is useless for the two to change hats. If the novelist tries on the historian's imagination, he is merely boring; if the historian tries on the novelist's, he is simply bogus.

Vidal is the author of such inventive books as "Myra Breckinridge" and "Two Sisters," and, to do him justice, one must admit that he has discovered an ingenious if not exactly successful way of getting around this difficulty. He invents a young man (really his most plausible character) who is a clerk in Aaron Burr's law office in Aaron Burr's old age. This young man proposes to write a memoir of Burr that will improve upon the jejune one that Matthew L. Davis was known to be writing and actually did write, and Burr comes to his help with long passages of autobiography.

The author of these pseudo-memoirs—we might call him Vidal-Burr—has one advantage. Much of the past has vanished beyond recall, so that the Aaron Burr who lived in this vanished past has a knowledge not available to us, and Vidal-Burr can indulge his fancy as he pleases. On the other hand, about the past that *has* survived we know a good deal more than Aaron Burr. When Vidal-Burr brings this past in, as he does all too frequently, he is apt to be tedious.

One of the curious things about Vidal-Burr is that he has, by some miracle, been granted a preview of a book written some 130 years after his death. This (as we learn from the Afterword) is Leonard W. Levy's "Jefferson and Civil Liberties: The Darker Side," a brilliant but ex parte examination of the instances (Burr's treason trial was one of them) when Jefferson's concern for civil liberties was anything but acute. This is a dangerous book for those who have not studied Jefferson, and Vidal-Burr has frequent recourse to it, like a dram-drinker, with toxic results. In Levy's last chapter, he admits that Jefferson's imperfections do not "one whit diminish the achievements by which he is best remembered and should be." This carefully qualified chapter Vidal-Burr has skipped.

The first person singular is naturally self-serving. When Aaron Burr appears as a hedonist, as a man who believes that life is worth living but not particularly worth living well, as a gifted will-of-the-wisp who is (in his own eyes) his own best friend, he is a diverting creature. But Vidal-Burr, the personage who is writing an implausible *apologia pro vita sua*, and who pulls everybody down to somewhere below his own level, is not only mischievous, but often morose and usually redundant. There two live side by side, so that one is tempted to suggest that the novel is intended as the study of a split personality. As the last chapter convincingly demonstrates, however, it is far, far better when it is simply being a fantasy—a demonstration that comes too late to save the novel's reputation.

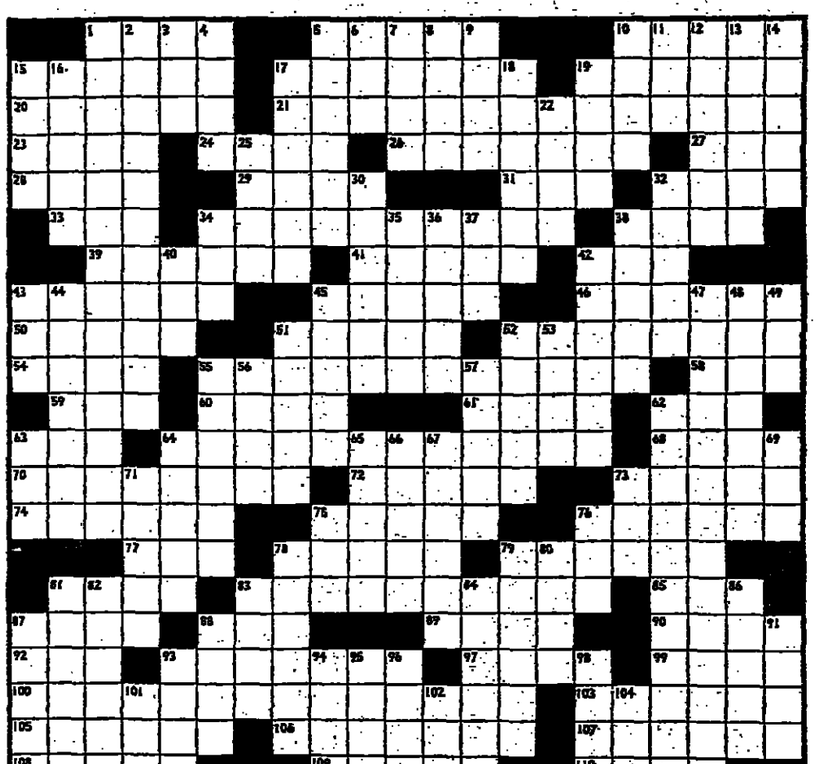
George Dangerfield, recipient of a Pulitzer Prize in history, is also the author of the biography "Robert R. Livingstone of New York, 1746-1813."

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CROSSWORD PUZZLE

Edited by WILL WENG

SOME OF THE PEOPLE—By Betty Leary



ACROSS

1 Barge owner, for short
5 Lazy one
10 Doe et al.
15 More livid
17 Forage grass
19 Road accident
20 Pretexts
21 Goodness!
23 Contrary one
24 Music halls
26 Women's Lib goal in Paris
27 I stand: Lat.
28 Threshold
29 Iniquities
31 Insect
32 Hitler's Kampf
33 Word with "rive le"
34 Eye-pupil dilater
35 Gossips
39 Rec-room fixtures
41 Unexpressed
42 Board man: Abbr.
43 Highway spots
45 Stunted ones
46 Secular, in Paris
50 Brundage
51 Town in Portugal
52 Camera shots
54 Balzac's Goriot
55 Victorian quality
56 Aurora
59 Carplike fish: Var.
60 Norwegian king
61 —— signum
62 Valets
63 Beast
64 Milksops
66 Poker word
70 In the cards
72 French storm
73 Libyan measures
74 Besting
75 Embodiment
76 Kind of ring
77 Paris of qts.
78 Form of Alice
79 Tot's weapon
81 Honest ones
83 Police special
85 Shoe width
87 Rex or Walter
88 Haw's partner
89 E. Indian plant
90 Invitation initials
92 Go amiss
93 Spanish ladies
97 Turtle genus
99 Seine areas
100 Fireworks piece
103 Suddenly
105 Child of Zeus
106 "—— over spilt..."
107 Sets up
108 Lively
109 Nonsense
110 Flower

DOWN

1 Desert
2 Cowardly
3 Electric term
4 Approximately
5 Miss nothing
6 Miss Hagen
7 Preserve
8 Desert regions
9 Famous ship
10 Agree
11 Brew
12 Tennis crowd, so to speak
13 Florida city
14 Observe furtively
15 Missiles: Abbr.
16 Flight part
17 Realey entries
18 Obliquely
19 Paper size
22 Miss Louise
25 Weighty action
30 Roman god of agriculture
32 Ike's spouse
34 Egyptian god
35 Italian poet
36 Of the number eight
37 Sicilian city
38 Amiable, for one
40 Roguish
42 Ends
43 Action-setting sounds
44 Enraptured
94 Old cars
95 Plant bristles
96 Deficiency: Abbr.
98 Early Irish tenant
101 Pronoun
102 Outside: Prefix
104 Sign of a crowd

DOWN
43 Plan
44 Unwelcome beans for editors
45 Abounding in rocks
47 Common field plant
48 "I fall —— thorns of life"
49 Curve
51 Cooking word
57 Series of changes
58 Contemptible ones
62 Not anybody's
64 Cicero's that
67 Mountain climber's haven
68 N. Y. time
71 King of TV show
72 Unearth
75 Pier mates: Abbr.
76 Drinking place
77 Droll
80 "Either do it alone —— for help"
87 Vasso ——
88 N. Y. time
91 Kind of TV show
92 Unearth
95 Pier mates: Abbr.
97 Drinking place
98 Droll
99 "Either do it alone —— for help"
100 Vasso ——
101 N. Y. time
102 King of TV show
103 Unearth
104 Pier mates: Abbr.
105 Drinking place
106 Droll
107 "Either do it alone —— for help"
108 Vasso ——
109 N. Y. time
110 King of TV show

Solution to Last Week's Puzzle

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هكذا من الاصل

هكذا من الأصل

Nine in Field for $150,000 Race

...entam Pick in International

...REL, Md., Nov. 9 (IHT).—...n, a 4-year-old colt owned ...of Canada's leading indus... ...s but representing the ...States, shapes up as an ...vorite for tomorrow's 22n... ...g of the Washington, D.C., ...ational.

...am's trainer, MacKenzie ... has been rooting for good ...r for the $150,000 race. ... has a field of nine.

... horse likes to hear his ...ttle when he runs, so the ... the track comes up, the ...it will be for us," Miller ...esterday.

... weather here has been cold ...ainly dry for the past few ...nd the going is expected to ...d.

...am's owner is industrialist ...aylor, Canada's leading turf ...ality.

... his chief competition in ...vitation race is expected to ...lia, a 3-year-old filly that ...esenting France, despite the ...at she was bred in Ken... ...and is owned by Texas ... Nelson Bunker Hunt. ...s, under trainer Maurice Zilber, has done her racing in France, Ireland and England.

4 Countries Represented

Only four countries—France, Ireland, England and the United States—will be represented in the 1 1/2-mile contest, which is the closest thing there is to a true test of the relative merits of American and European thoroughbreds.

The organizers have not been as successful as they would have liked in attracting the best horses from the two continents.

The most notable absentee is the American horse Secretariat, who won the U.S. Triple Crown for 3-year-olds this year. The presence of Secretariat, who has been retired to stud, would probably have doubled the size of the crowd, which is expected to be about 30,000.

Others Decline

Owners of some of Europe's top horses also passed up the opportunity to challenge for the $100,000 winner's purse because of the lateness in the season and the problems and risks attached to the journey to compete here.

But Dahlia, winner of Britain's richest race, the King George VI and Queen Elizabeth Stakes as well as the Irish Oaks, is considered to have a good chance if she is fully fit.

Dahlia was considered perhaps the best horse in Europe until an injury upset her form and she finished far back in Europe's premier race, the Prix de l'Arc de Triomphe in Paris five weeks ago.

Tentam won the United Nations Handicap in Atlantic City and was a game second to Secretariat in the Man O'War Stakes at Belmont in his last two starts.

The other U.S. entrants are Elmendorf's Big Spruce, and the Chance Hill Farm's London Company. Besides Dahlia, France will be represented by Acacio d'Aguilar, owned by M. Jimmy Goldsmith and Jacques de Souza-Lage, and Card King, a Kentucky-bred owned by Raphaël Hakim.

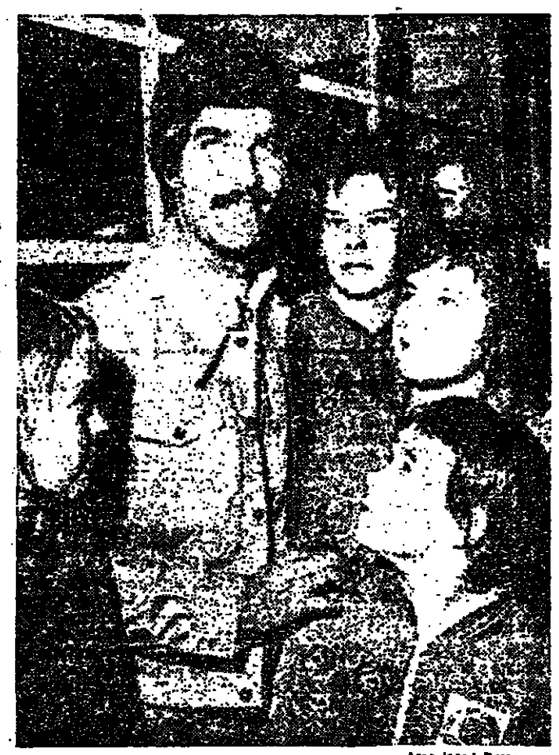
Ireland's representatives are Mrs. Rita Moore's Conor Pass and Dr. Malcolm Thorpe's Hurry Harriet, while England's colors will be carried by Scottish Rifle, owned by A.J. Struthers.

Hurry Harriet finished the home season in a blaze of glory by defeating top-class French filly Allez France in the Champion Stakes at Newmarket.

Scottish Rifle won the Eclipse Stakes and four other races in England this year and Card King finished fourth in the Prix de l'Arc de Triomphe, having earlier won the Grand Prix de Deauville.

The International field is assembled by invitation, with John Schapiro, president of Laurel, asking the foreign horses on his own evaluation, and cooperating with Laurel racing secretary Frank Gabriel in offering bids to the American contestants.

U.S. entries hold an 11-10 edge over foreign challengers in previous runnings.



Associated Press.

Mark Spitz with young admirers at a pool in London.

Spitz Wants to Sail at Games

LONDON, Nov. 9 (UPI).—Mark Spitz, the American swimmer who won seven Olympic gold medals at Munich last year, would like to compete in the Olympic Games again—as a yachtsman.

But Spitz said today that the Olympic rules on professionalism would first have to be altered. As he now earns his living from sportswear and swimming gear, in particular, this rules him out.

"If I had a chance of going into Olympic sailing I would choose the new tornado class, a type of catamaran. Racing in catamarans is really exciting. But I know my chances of being allowed to compete would be slim, almost negligible," Spitz said.

"We are a little behind the times in evaluating what is wrong in professionalism. The Olympic officials would discriminate against me because I made my money out of swimming. Yet a competitor earning his living in another type of work would be allowed to compete."

...rckx Says He Will Fight ...ss of Race on Dope Test

...SSELS, Nov. 9 (Reuters). ...an cyclist Eddy Merckx, ...d of his victory in the Tour of Lombardy when ...ed positive in a post-race ...heck, said today he would ...he decision.

...Merckx, four times the ... of the Tour de France ...nerally recognised as the ... greatest cyclist, toned ... earlier remarks that he ... retire because of the dis... ...cation.

...viewed on Belgian radio Merckx said he had made ...ision on retirement and ...say nothing more on the ... for the moment.

When the news of his disqualification and conditional suspension from cycling broke here last night, Merckx declared, "The decision on the Tour of Lombardy makes it impossible to continue as a professional cyclist."

Gimondi Winner

The Italian professional cycling union yesterday disqualified Merckx from the Oct. 13 race, which he won by 4 minutes 15 seconds, and named Italian world champion Felice Gimondi, who was second, as the winner. Merckx was also fined 150,000 lire.

Merckx said that the only medicine he took, a few days before the Tour of Lombardy, was a cough mixture prescribed by his cycling team's doctor.

The doctor has since been quoted as saying he first believed the cough medicine to be free of illegal drugs, but has since discovered that it contained norefedrine, a derivative of a banned drug called ephedrine.

Merckx said today he had asked for a special medical committee of leading European doctors to examine the case. "We are going to fight. The whole truth must be known about this affair," his lawyer said.

The only other doping charge against Merckx was also in Italy, when he was forced to withdraw from the 1969 Giro d'Italia. He was later cleared of the charge by the Belgian cycling union.

In Rome, a spokesman for the Italian professional cycling union said after their decision was made public that it had been accepted that Merckx had taken the drug accidentally in medicine and for this reason he had been given the minimum penalty.

Gimondi said he was convinced that Merckx had taken the drug unsuspectingly.

...ies Worth ...700 Each ...Oakland A's

... YORK, Nov. 9 (AP).— ...g the 1973 World Series ...orth more than $24,000 to ...ember of the Oakland A's, ...s an increase of more than ... a man over what the same ...ament was worth to the ...team a year ago.

...res released by Commis... Bowie Kuhn showed that ...layer's full winning share ...record $24,760. The losing ... York Mets get $14,950 ...year's big payoff was creat... ...record league champion... ...and World Series atten... ...4. The total player purse ...1,992,451, compared to the ...ark of 1,862,178. Combined ...ance at the seven-game ... Series between the A's and ...nd at the five-game Ameri... ...ague and National League ... series totaled 643,641.

Outlook and Odds for NFL Games

By William N. Wallace

NEW YORK, Nov. 9 (NYT).—Here is a preview of Sunday's professional football games, with won-lost-tied records in parentheses.

AMERICAN CONFERENCE

New England (2-6-0) at Jets (2-6-0)—This should be a John Riggins game, as Patriots do not stop the inside runners, or the outside ones. Jets don't need Joe Namath. Betting choice: Jets by 7.

Pittsburgh (7-1-0) at Oakland (5-2-1)—Terry Hanratty starts as Steeler quarterback with corset around injured ribs. He's all right. Raiders excited about avenging playoff loss to Steelers. Bob Brown, who has been hurt, says, "I'll play if I have to carry a cane." Betting choice: Oakland by 7.

Baltimore (2-6-0) at Miami (7-1-0)—Don Shula's only problem is to pacify guys like Jim Kiick, Howard Twilley and Jim Mandich, who complain they're not playing enough. Because the Colts' defense cannot handle rushing plays, Bob Griese need hardly throw a pass. Betting choice: Miami by 19.

Cincinnati (4-4-0) at Buffalo (5-3-0)—Since the conference wildcard playoff berth to the best second-place team is up for grabs, this one is a pivotal game for both sides. Bengals have more class. Betting choice: Cincinnati by 4.

Cleveland (4-3-1) at Houston (1-7-0)—Lynn Dickey, who passed for 340 yards in Oilers' first victory, starts at quarterback. Their offense has been getting better while Cleveland's has not. Browns won earlier game, 42-13. Betting choice: Cleveland by 9.

San Diego (1-6-1) at Denver (3-3-2)—Broncos hope that the Chargers are no longer interested. Denver has a long shot at playoffs and needs easy game because Charley Johnson, the quarterback, limps on bad knee. Betting choice: Denver by 11.

NATIONAL CONFERENCE

Atlanta (5-3-0) at Philadelphia (3-4-1)—It's Eagle offense against Falcon defense. Eagles have scored 102 points in winning three of last four games. Falcons have given up 22 points in winning four in row. Betting choice: Atlanta by 5.

Detroit (3-4-1) at Minnesota (8-0-0)—If Vikings win again and Bears and Packers lose or tie, Minnesota clinches division title. Lions have lost 11 in row to Vikes. Bill Munson starts at quarterback. Betting choice: Minnesota by 9.

Dallas (5-3-0) at Giants (1-6-1)—Calvin Hill, the Cowboy running back, returns to Yale Bowl where as a Yalie he accomplished awesome feats. There is further concern over the Giant defense, now without injured John Mendenhall. Randy Johnson continues at quarterback. Betting choice: Dallas by 11.

New Orleans (4-4-0) at Los Angeles (6-2-0)—Hard to believe Saints have won four of last five games. Reasons include better defense and a good running back in Jess Phillips. But Rams are stronger by far. Betting choice: Los Angeles by 14.

San Francisco (3-5-0) at Washington (5-3-0)—Joe Reed, who has waited two years for the chance, will be 49ers quarterback. He played well in exhibitions. George Allen hates to make changes, so Redskins stand pat. Betting choice: Washington by 7.

St. Louis (3-4-1) at Green Bay (2-4-2)—Roger Wehrli, who holds secondary together, is out, which hurts weak Cardinal defense. It's Bart Starr day, with his uniform number to be retired. Packers wish he was still their quarterback because the incumbents cannot get the job done. Betting choice: Green Bay by 2.

INTERCONFERENCE

Monday Night

Chicago (3-5-0) at Kansas City (4-3-1)—Mike Livingston continues as Chiefs quarterback with Len Dawson hurt. Livingston, who has had plenty of chances, played well in last victory over Chargers. Bears' Bobby Douglass will have hard time running over K.C.'s defense. Betting choice: Kansas City by 5.

Other Shoe Falls on Giants As Defense Leader Is Lost

NEW YORK, Nov. 9 (NYT).—The other shoe dropped on the New York Giants yesterday: X-rays showed that their best defensive player, John Mendenhall, has been suffering from a torn cartilage in the left knee and he will be lost for the rest of the season.

The "rest of the season" starts Sunday in the Yale Bowl against the Dallas Cowboys, who have scored 130 points in their last four games.

The tear was described as minor in itself, but major enough to dictate an operation next week to save the career of a 24-year-old tackle who, in his second season, had become a candidate for all-pro honors.

Gordon to Packers

GREEN BAY, Wis., Nov. 9 (AP).—Veteran wide receiver Dick Gordon, who led the National Football League in 1970 with 71 catches and 13 touchdowns, has been acquired by the Green Bay Packers for the $100 waiver price.

Gordon, hampered by injuries the last two seasons, was put on waivers by the Los Angeles Rams because of an argument battle with an assistant coach Sunday.

The former Michigan State standout, 29, was sidelined with leg-muscle pulls and broken ribs much of last season.

Gordon has caught 241 passes for 3,579 yards and 36 touchdowns during nine years in the NFL, and he has returned 62 kickoffs for an average of 24.2 yards.

Sion Drops Olympic Bid

SION, Switzerland, Nov. 9 (AP).—The town council of Sion has decided to withdraw its official bid for the 1980 Winter Olympics, it was announced today. The decision came after the Swiss government advised Sion it was unable to grant financial assistance because of a squeezed federal budget.

Oklahoma, Missouri Clash In Key Big Eight Contest

NEW YORK, Nov. 9 (UPI).—The leadership in the Big Eight Conference and the championship of the Mid-American Conference are at stake on tomorrow's college football schedule, but it will be a couple of weeks before any dramatic changes will be made among the top-ranked teams.

Among the top 10 clubs, only third-ranked Oklahoma and 10th-ranked Missouri, who square off tomorrow at Columbia, Mo., in a key Big Eight game, figure to have a difficult time of things this weekend.

Top-ranked Ohio State, fourth-ranked Michigan, fifth-ranked Notre Dame, sixth-ranked Penn State, eighth-ranked UCLA and ninth-ranked Southern California all are heavy favorites. Second-ranked Alabama and seventh-ranked LSU are idle tomorrow.

Ohio Picked by 29

Ohio State is a 29-point pick over Michigan State, Michigan is 25 over Illinois, Notre Dame is 22 over Pittsburgh, Penn State is 18 over North Carolina State, UCLA is 19 over Oregon and Southern California is 25 over Stanford.

The real crunch won't come until Thanksgiving week, when six of the top 10 will meet each other. On Thanksgiving Day, Nov. 22, Alabama will meet LSU and on Saturday, Nov. 24, Ohio State faces Michigan and UCLA faces Southern California. Also, on Nov. 23 of that week, Oklahoma will meet 11th-ranked Nebraska.

This week, the two big games are Oklahoma at Missouri and Miami of Ohio at Kent State. The Oklahoma-Missouri contest will determine the leadership in the Big Eight, and the Miami-Kent State game at Kent, Ohio, will decide the MAC race and the conference's representative in the Tangerine Bowl.

Oklahoma (6-0-1) currently leads Missouri (7-1) by a half game in the Big Eight, and if the Sooners win tomorrow they'll need just two victories in three remaining games to claim an uncontested crown. Oklahoma enters the game with the nation's third-best total offense (494.4 yards per game) and rushing offense (399.3).

Miami of Ohio is one of seven major college teams with a perfect record, and a victory would give the Redskins their first conference championship in seven years and first bowl invitation in 11 years.

Kent State has lost only once in eight games and has averaged 26 points a game while holding opponents to 11. Miami, however, boasts the nation's second best total defense (183.3 yards per game) and the fourth best defense against scoring (7.4).

Chile, Russia Adamant on Soccer Site

Stadium in Santiago Issue in Controversy

BONN, Nov. 9 (UPI).—The Soviet Union might agree to play Chile outside of Santiago but will definitely not accept the National Stadium there, a high-ranking soccer official said today.

Vladimir Angerski, secretary of the foreign affairs section in the Soviet soccer federation, told the West German newspaper Bild Zeitung:

"We will never set our feet in the National Stadium after what happened there." His reference was to reports of torture and executions carried out by the new military regime in Chile.

Discussing rumors of a possible East European boycott of the 1974 World Cup finals in West Germany if Russia is banned, Angerski said: "We have given no thoughts to this matter."

Asked if the Soviet Union might accept an offer to play in another Chilean city, Vina del Mar, Arica, Rancagua or Concepcion, Angerski said: "This is a matter we might be prepared to discuss."

In Santiago, however, football officials said today Chile will refuse to play at any other place than National Stadium.

Pedro Fornazzari, general manager of the Chilean football association, threw cold water on the idea of another site in Chile.

He said a change in site was unacceptable because "everything is ready to hold the match in the National Stadium." He added: "We are offering [the Russians] all sorts of guarantees and the best sports stadium in the nation, which has already been the site of a World Cup final [in 1962]."

FIFA, the international soccer federation, has ruled that Chile will qualify for the finals if the Soviet Union fails to appear. A Soviet appeal for a site in another country was rejected by FIFA.

FIFA said yesterday the Soviet Union must give a final answer by tomorrow on whether it will play the match on Nov. 21 in Santiago.

Angerski said it was an insult to Russian soccer to suggest that the Soviet team is boycotting the return game because they achieved only a goalless draw in Moscow.

"This is a moral issue," he said. "Football is a game for human beings and the National Stadium is an inhuman place after what happened there. The whole world knows this, yet FIFA is being so stubborn."

NHL Standings

EAST	W	L	T	Pts.	GF	GA
Boston	9	4	1	19	64	43
Montreal	8	3	2	18	41	27
Buffalo	7	4	1	15	39	37
Toronto	6	4	3	15	45	30
Vancouver	5	4	1	11	30	28
N.Y. Rangers	4	6	2	10	37	32
N.Y. Islanders	2	4	6	10	26	34
Detroit	2	9	1	5	34	57
WEST						
Philadelphia	9	5	0	18	42	19
Atlanta	7	3	2	16	33	25
Los Angeles	5	6	2	12	34	41
St. Louis	4	4	3	11	28	28
Chicago	3	4	5	11	29	33
Pittsburgh	4	6	2	10	28	50
Minnesota	2	5	6	10	24	43
California	3	9	1	7	38	63

Thursday's Results

Boston 2, Montreal 1 (Bucyk, Forbes; Lefley).

Los Angeles 3, Philadelphia 2 (Corrigan, Goring, Wilding; Bladon, Flett).

(Only games scheduled.)

NBA Standings

EASTERN CONFERENCE	W	L	Pct.	GB
Atlantic Division				
Boston	8	3	.727	—
New York	7	6	.538	2
Buffalo	6	8	.428	3 1/2
Philadelphia	3	8	.273	5
Central Division				
Atlanta	8	6	.571	—
Capital	6	6	.545	1/2
Houston	4	10	.286	4
Cleveland	3	10	.231	4 1/2
WESTERN CONFERENCE				
Midwest Division				
Milwaukee	12	1	.923	—
Chicago	11	2	.846	1
Detroit	9	5	.643	3 1/2
KC-Omaha	4	8	.333	7 1/2
Pacific Division				
Portland	8	4	.600	—
Los Angeles	8	6	.571	—
Golden State	6	5	.545	1/2
Seattle	5	10	.333	3 1/2
Phoenix	2	11	.154	5 1/2

Thursday's Results

Boston 94, New York 84 (Havlicek 20, White 19; Frazier 18, Jackson 12).

Chicago 112, Golden State 111 (Love 31, Vanlier 25, Walker 25; Barry 20, Mullins 26).

Detroit 129, Atlanta 115 (Adams 28, Lanier 21; Maravich 28, Hudson 23).

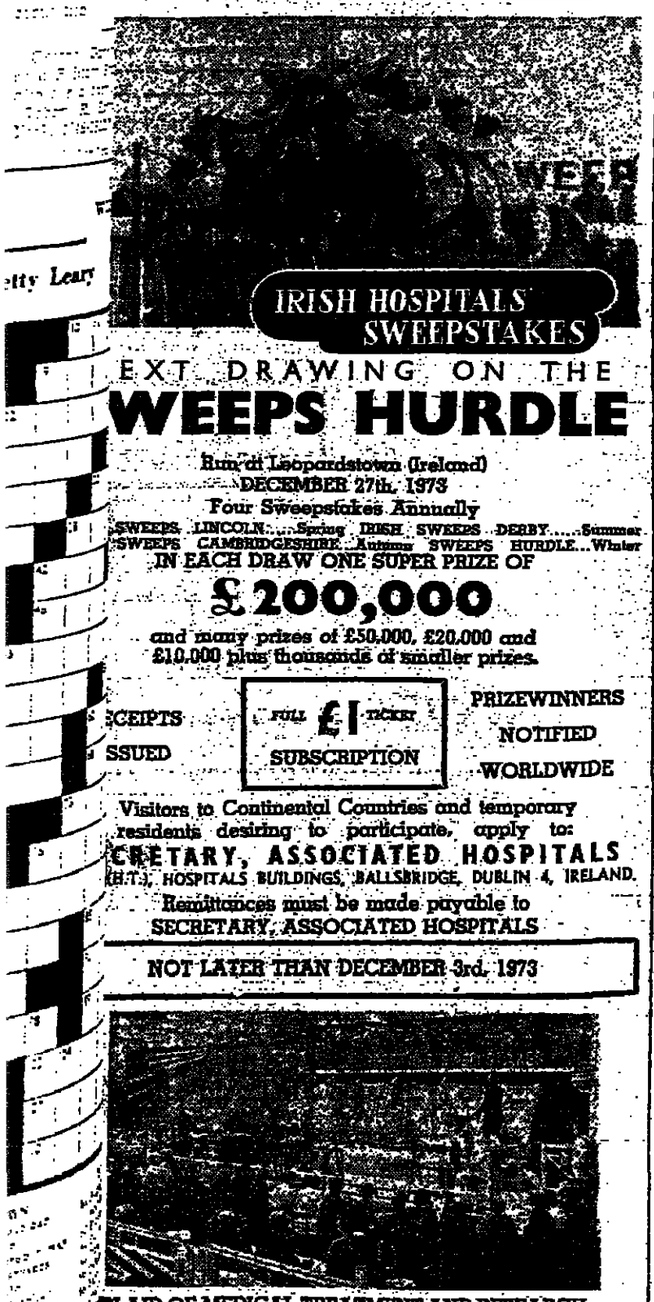
(Only games scheduled.)

ABA Standings

	W	L	Pct.	GB
Kentucky	11	1	.917	—
Carolina	10	5	.667	2 1/2
Memphis	5	8	.385	6 1/2
Virginia	4	8	.333	7
New York	4	9	.308	7 1/2
WEST				
Indiana	7	5	.583	—
Utah	7	6	.538	1/2
Denver	6	6	.500	1
San Antonio	8	9	.471	1 1/2
San Diego	4	9	.308	3 1/2

Thursday's Result

Utah 124, New York 109 (Boone 21, Jackson 18; Paultz 26, Williamson 19).



In Front by Five

Gilbert Fires 62 to Lead World Golf's 1st Round

PINEHURST, N.C., Nov. 9 (AP).—Gibby Gilbert, who almost quit the pro golf tour in disgust earlier this season, matched the best score of the year with a nine-under-par 62 yesterday for the first-round lead in the $500,000 World Open.

Gilbert, 32, who scored his only professional victory in the 1970 Houston Open, established a five-stroke lead, the biggest first-round margin on the tour this season.

But this new tournament, the richest in the world, has seven more rounds to go. It is scheduled for 144 holes, eight rounds, and won't wind up until Nov. 17.

Gilbert's round—which included eight birdies and an eagle and only 24 putts—was his career best and tied the 62s shot earlier this season by Jack Nicklaus and J.C. Snead. It broke Ben Hogan's record on the 7,007-yard, par-71 No. 2 course at the Pinehurst Country Club by three strokes.

'Unbelievable'

"His round is almost unbelievable," said Gary Player of South Africa, 11 strokes back with a 73.

Second in the chase for a $100,000 first prize was Allen Miller, who played the par-71 No. 4 course in 67.

The No. 2 and 4 courses are being used for the first 72 holes of this tournament, which has a bulky field of 240 players representing more than 20 countries.

After the first week's play, the field will be cut to the low 70s for the last four rounds, all over the famed No. 2 course, generally ranked among the best in this country.

Miller Barber was alone in third place with a 68. At 69 were Ron Cerrudo, Tom Kite and Mike McCullough.

Arnold Palmer had to play the back nine in 33 to salvage a 73 and tie Player. Bruce Crampton of Australia, a four-time winner this year, had a 74. So did Lanny Wadkins, winner of two titles and almost $200,000 this year.

Ben Crenshaw, the rookie sensation who won the San Antonio-Texas Open last week, was at 75 and Billy Casper had 76. Sam Snead, the 61-year-old marvel, had a 73 and Tommy Aaron, the Masters winner, carded a 71. Nicklaus, Tom Weiskopf, Lee Trevino and Johnny Miller, the U.S. Open champion, are not competing.

Smith Loses in Swedish Tennis; Borg, 17, Tops Yugoslav Pilic

STOCKHOLM, Nov. 9 (AP).—Defending champion Stan Smith of Sea Pines, S.C., was defeated in the quarterfinals of the $75,000 Stockholm Open tennis tournament here tonight.

Tom Gorman of Seattle topped Smith in a series of face-to-face net battles, 7-6, 6-7, 6-4, and will meet Tom Okker of the Netherlands in the semifinals tomorrow. Okker, the No. 3 seed, ousted sixth-seeded Arthur Ashe of Richmond, Va., 6-4, 2-6, 6-3.

The other semifinal match will pit unseeded Bjorn Borg, Sweden's 17-year-old ace, against Jimmy Connors of Belleville, Ill.

Borg upset seventh-seeded Nikki Pilic of Yugoslavia, 5-7, 6-4, 6-4, in a match that hinged on close calls by linesmen. Connors downed Spaniard Manuel Orantes, 6-2, 6-1.

Red Wings Fire Garvin as Coach

DETROIT, Nov. 9 (UPI).—The Detroit Red Wings fired Ted Garvin Wednesday, 12 games into his rookie head coaching season in the National Hockey League, and replaced him with 22-year veteran player Alex Delvecchio.

"This is a business," general manager Ned Harkness said. "We must make moves.

"The yardstick of success is wins," he said. "When you're not spinning your wheels, you've got to do something." At 2-9-1, the Red Wings had been off to their worst start in history.

WHA Standings

EAST	W	L	T	Pts.	GF	GA
New England	9	4	1	19	56	38
Quebec	8	7	1	17	61	53
Chicago	7	4	1	15	48	39
Cleveland	6	3	2	14	42	36
Toronto	5	7	3	13	62	58
New York	4	10	2	10	34	68
WEST						
Edmonton	10	1	0	20	54	29
Winnipeg	6	6	2	14	49	48
Minnesota	6	5	1	13	45	35
Houston	5	4	1	11	39	29
Los Angeles	4	11	0	8	38	59
Vancouver	3	11	0	6	37	65

Thursday's Game

Edmonton 4, Quebec 3 (Joyal, Patenaude, Fonteyne, Climie; Parizeau, Gulie 2).

Borg upset seventh-seeded Nikki Pilic of Yugoslavia, 5-7, 6-4, 6-4, in a match that hinged on close calls by linesmen. Connors downed Spaniard Manuel Orantes, 6-2, 6-1.

Aussie Team Named

SYDNEY, Nov. 9.—Four men whose average age is 35 were named today to play for Australia against Czechoslovakia in the Davis Cup semifinal.

They are Mal Anderson, 38, Rod Laver, 35, John Newcombe, 29, and Ken Rosewall, 39.

The match with Czechoslovakia, represented by reigning Wimbledon champion Jan Kodes, along with Jiri Hrebec, Vladimir Zednik and Frantisek Pala, will be played Nov. 16-18 in Melbourne.

To Meet U.S.

The winning team will meet the United States in Cleveland Nov. 30-Dec. 2.

The advent of "open" tennis in the last two years, which permits professionals and amateurs to play each other, and the ending of contractual obligations on players, made the Australian tennis greats available.

Not only available, but clamoring to represent their country though they could make much more than the 1,000 Australian dollars they are reportedly being paid, if they stuck with the competition circuit and exhibition matches.

Laver, the four-time Wimbledon champion, who has been suffering from a back ailment, admits he has been losing some of his competitive interest.

"But the Davis Cup is something I really wanted to do," he said here recently. "It helps me personally and maybe I can be of benefit to Australian tennis."

U.S. titleholder Newcombe said: "We want to put Australia back where she belongs in tennis—at the top."

It has been five years since Australia appeared in the final of the Davis Cup.

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CHANTILLY: Au-pair, 2 boys aged 7 & 5. Box 27,126, Herald, Paris.

Art Buchwald

Questions and Answers

WASHINGTON.—The mail has been very heavy from readers in the past few weeks and I feel obligated to answer some of the questions that keep popping up in my letters.

Q. Do you think President Nixon was wrong in turning over only seven of the nine tapes he promised to Judge Sirica?

A. No, I don't. Nobody's perfect and while the media have been very critical of the President's failure to produce the two missing tapes, no one has given him credit for the seven he turned over. I think we should emphasize the good things the President has been doing and *not the bad* things.



Buchwald

Q. Why did the President fire special prosecutor Archibald Cox?

A. Because Cox wouldn't stop wearing bow ties. The President hates bow ties and on several occasions he asked Cox to wear a regular tie like everyone else in the administration. Cox refused and Nixon had no choice but to get rid of him. It's impossible for a President to run a country when his own special prosecutor refuses to obey a direct order concerning his neckwear.

* * *

Q. Why does the President go to Camp David every night?

A. Because he can't get any sleep at the White House. People *stand in front of 1600 Pennsylvania* Avenue with signs saying, "Honk If You Think Nixon Should Be Impeached," and the noise is deafening. The best solution would be if they held up signs saying, "Honk If You Believe Him." Then Washington would become the quietest city in the country.

Q. Who are the 27 percent of the American people in the Gallup poll who still think Nixon is doing a good job as President?

A. Julie and David Eisenhower, Tricia Cox, Bebe Rebozo, Robert Abplanalp, Gen. Alexander Haig, Ron Ziegler and the entire board of directors of ITT.

***Q. Why are the press and* TV so mean to Nixon?**

A. They've been mad at him ever since 1962 when he told *them they* would not have Nixon to kick around anymore. The press never forgets, and everything you've been reading about Watergate is nothing but the media's way of proving they can kick around Nixon any time they want to.

Q. Who was Spiro Agnew?

A. He was a former vice-president of the United States who served during the Nixon administration until he got into some difficulty over his income taxes. While he has been completely forgotten, a few old-timers remember him as being rather tall and a neat dresser.

* * *

Q. The Constitution provides that a president can be impeached for high crimes and misdemeanors. What are they?

A. A high crime would be accepting a large political contribution from the milk producers in exchange for raising the milk support prices. A misdemeanor could be impounding funds so schoolchildren could not get any of this milk free.

Q. Has Nixon's personal enemy list gotten any longer since his recent troubles?

A. Would you believe the Washington, Maryland and Virginia telephone books?

Q. If the President resigns, how much of the $10 million he *spent on improving his homes in* San Clemente and Key Biscayne will be returned to the government?

A. According to his accountants about $34.75.

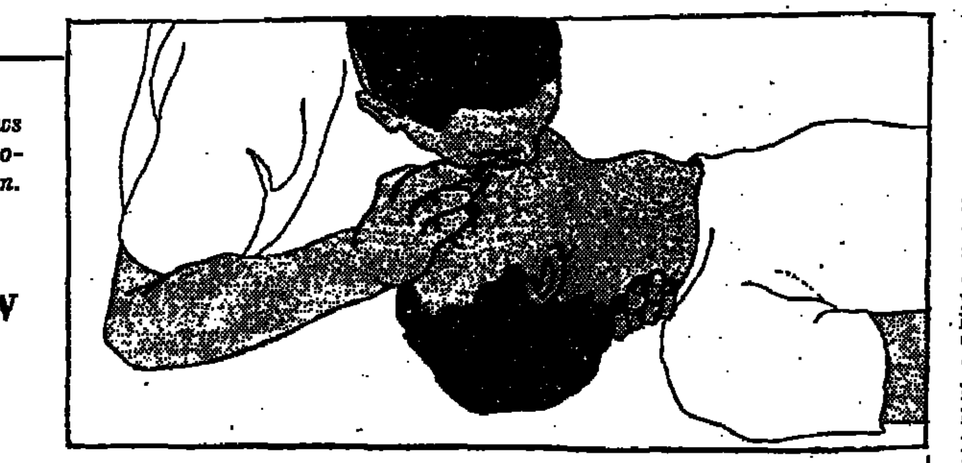
Q. No president has been under so much criticism and pressure in history. Is Nixon hurting because of it?

A. Only when he laughs.

232-Carat Diamond

MOSCOW, Nov. 9 (UPI).—Siberian miners have found a 232-carat diamond, equalling the largest diamond ever found in the Soviet Union, the newspaper Trud said this week. The new diamond, named the Star of Yakutia, was *found in the diamond* fields at Mirnyy in the Yakutskaya region.

New first-aid manual shows how to administer mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.



Taking a New View Of First Aid

By Jane E. Brody

NEW YORK, (NYT).—Each year more than a quarter *of the American population* suffers an injury or sudden illness that requires first aid—on-the-scene-emergency care administered by a layman. Yet, some doctors estimate, fewer than 5 percent of these millions of victims receive the prompt and proper care that might save *their lives or alleviate* the seriousness of their condition.

Spurred by depressing statistics like this, the American Red Cross *has published* two updated first-aid textbooks—"Standard First Aid and Personal Safety" and "Advanced First Aid and Emergency Care"—which the organization hopes will reach every family to help reduce the toll of accidents, the nation's leading environmental health hazard.

Aside from personal suffering, the cost to the nation—including lost wages, medical expenses, insurance costs and property damage—is well over $37 billion a year, according to the National Safety Council.

Price

Yet as Dr. David Boyd of the Cook County Trauma Society in Chicago recently pointed out, in discussing the nation's 57,000 annual highway deaths, "many occur needlessly because everyone panics and no one does the right thing."

First aid, the Red Cross says, involves simple measures such as running cold water over a burn or immobilizing a fractured limb—measures that "any person with ordinary intelligence can learn."

First aid has come a long way *since publication of the* Red Cross's initial manual in 1910, and there have been important changes in emphasis since the manual was last revised in 1957. Drug abuse is covered for the first time, for example, in an 18-page chapter.

Sections on accident prevention—a total of about 40 pages scattered throughout the standard first-aid manual—have been greatly expanded in hopes of reducing the 56 million injuries reported by Americans each year.

In the early days of first-aid manuals, when railroads were *the main sources of accidental* injury and death and automobile injuries received only half a page of text, the Red Cross recommended such emergency measures as sealing wounds with plaster and collodion, warming a victim with hot bricks and stones, burning out animal bites with red hot wires, reducing fever with ice baths, putting grease on burns, using tourniquets to stop arterial bleeding and rubbing frostbite with snow.

In the years since, some of these methods—such as the tourniquet, greases on burns and rubbing snow on frostbite—have been *found to do more harm* than good. Others have been replaced by more antiseptic, aesthetic and effectual approaches. *For example*, in the case of first and second-degree burns, cold running water is considered the most effective first-aid measure.

The new edition also features for the first time mouth-to-mouth resuscitation in preference to the old armlift method of artificial respiration. The mouth-to-mouth method was described in an appendix to the 1957 edition, which was printed simultaneously with the an*nouncement by the National* Academy of Sciences that this was a better approach to emergency ventilation.

The new edition was prepared by the Red Cross in consultation with the Division of Medical Sciences of the National Academy of Sciences-National *Research Council*, which defined the currently accepted first-aid techniques.

Despite the improvements in the new text, several experts in emergency medicine have criticized the Red Cross's apparent reluctance to include detailed instructions for car*diopulmonary resuscitation*—a first-aid technique that might be applicable to a million Americans a year who suffer heart stoppage or a dangerously irregular heartbeat.

While these experts readily acknowledge that the technique—a combination of mouth-to-mouth resuscitation and external cardiac massage—might break ribs if improperly applied, one doctor pointed out that the hazard of a stopped heart is *greater than that of broken* ribs.

Other Factors

According to experts in emergency medicine, first aid depends as much on knowing what not to do as on knowing *what to do for the ill or injured* person. It also involves knowing how to prevent accidents from occurring in the first place.

First-aid measures can be administered or directed by the victim as well as by a companion or passerby. Thus, the Red Cross points out, knowledge of first aid is "valuable and cheap insurance" for everyone.

"If a person's heart stops beating and no one resusci*tates him, he'll probably die be*fore the ambulance comes," said one physician. "If a person with a simple fracture is handled improperly, he could end up with a compound fracture.

"If you put the wrong things on a burn—cloth, bandages, grease—you can add to the danger of infection. *If* someone chokes on a piece of food and no one knows what to do, he could die in minutes. The same goes for poisoning—a lot of time is often wasted before the effects of the poison are slowed or reversed.

"In the case of wounds, most people *don't know how to stop* severe bleeding, and often they use a tourniquet."

New Method

The tourniquet, the doctor said, can lead to gangrene if the circulation is cut off for too long. Instead pressure directly on the wound is recommended.

The doctor, like the Red Cross, believes that someone in every family should be trained in first *aid. And Dr. Boyd of the Cook* County Trauma Society says:

"It would be even better if everybody knew what to do. First-aid training should be required in school. You never know when you will need this kind of information."

(Copies of "Standard First Aid and Personnel Safety" and "Advanced First Aid and Emergency Care" can be obtained by writing to the Director of Operations, American National Red Cross, European Area Headquarters, 7 Stuttgart 50, Loemerkastell 73, West Germany.

(The British, French and Belgian Red Cross Societies have updated their first-aid manuals and information can be obtained by writing to national offices.)

PEOPLE: *Photographer Accuses Casals In-Laws*

A judge in San Juan has ordered the arrest of the late cellist **Pablo Casals's** two brothers-in-law *after they failed to* appear for a preliminary hearing on charges of assault and battery and malicious damage brought *against* them by a Puerto Rican photographer. **Jose and Raphael Montanez** were accused by **Rafael Trias**, who works for the English language San Juan Star, of having attacked him and broken his camera when he tried to photograph the Casals body as it was being transferred from the hospital, where the cellist died Oct. 22, to a funeral home.

* * *

SETTLING DOWN: Actress **Sue Lyon**, 27, in Canon City, Colo., where her husband of a week, **Cary (Cotton) Adamson**, 33, is in jail serving a 20-to-40-year sentence. *She plans to live* a "quiet and serene" life and work for prison reform, including conjugal visiting rights for inmates. BACK ON STAGE: **Pearl Bailey**, 55, at the Tropicana Hotel in Las Vegas. She collapsed in her dressing room Monday night after her first show and *was hospitalized*. The diagnosis: exhaustion. MARRIED: Actor **Peter Finch**, 57, and his companion of seven years, **Eletha Barrett**, 30, in Rome.

* * *

The Wedding (Cont'd.): The British Army put Princess Anne's 145-pound, five-tier wedding cake *on display Friday*—it's a gift from the Royal Army Catering Corps and was designed by Warrant Office **David Dodd**. It took eight weeks to make. A sampling of the ingredients: 84 eggs, half a gill of acetic acid, 2 bottles of brandy, and about 50 pounds of preserved fruit.

* * *

Novelist **Françoise Sagan** has been hospitalized in a private clinic in Lyons. Doctors refused all comment on her condition.

* * *

CLEAN: **David Foreman**, 18, who stepped out of his shower at Niagara University in Niagara Falls, N.Y., *last week after seven* days, seven hours and seven minutes. He says he broke the record for continuous showering held by **David Hoffman** of Gary, Ind.

* * *

A 70-year-old dwarf who retired from vaudeville 15 years ago now pedals his blue tricycle around Tampa, Fla., trying to convert his neighbors to the Jehovah's Witnesses. "I have no time to miss the theater," sa[ys] **Andrew Ratovcheff**, who is [3] feet 7 inches tall. "I loved th[e] theater, but when I started to g[et] old and slow it became a que[s]tion of making a living. No[w] I am more aglow with my work." He goes door-to-door, stands [at] shopping centers, walks up a[nd] down streets preaching, offeri[ng] Bible lessons and literature [to] anyone who will listen. Born to [a] peasant family in Siberia, he w[as] adopted when he was 12 by t[wo] Russian actors. "By the time [my] stepfather adopted me, he w[as] forced to quit the theater due [to] an asthmatic condition. So [he] gathered a troop of little peo[ple] like me and we became kno[wn] *as Nicholas Ratovcheff's 'Fam[ous]* Little Midgets.'" The troupe l[eft] Russia during the 1917 revolut[ion] and traveled extensively, wind[ing] up with the Ziegfeld Follies [in] New York in 1924. After vau[de]ville died, the act survived a[nd] Ratovcheff turned to tr[avel] shows, fairs and bit movie pa[rts] before retiring.

* * *

Howard Kohn, who, while [a] Detroit Free Press reporter [in]vestigating *the drug traffic*, fi[led] a false report to the police say[ing] he had been abducted at g[un]point, has been placed on [...] months' probation and ordered [to] pay $500 court costs. Kohn, w[ho] made the false report last M[ay], was discharged by the Free Pr[ess] in June after he admitted that his zeal to produce big *headli[nes]* about Detroit's drug scene he[ ] cluded false information in [...] newspaper reports. He plea[ded] no contest to the charge of fi[ling] a false crime report.

* * *

The book "Marilyn," by Norm[an] **Mailer**, about the late Mari[lyn] *Monroe*, "vilified and lied abo[ut] her, **Dr. Ralph H. Greeson**, [who] was her psychiatrist at the t[ime] she died 11 years ago, told [the] Medical Tribune. "I could [not] keep silent to what I know [are] false and demeaning inaccu[ra]cies," said Dr. Greeson in Bev[erly] Hills, Calif.

The Mailer book, he went [on], "distorts and makes innuend[os] about her sexual life," and intimations amount to "a bu[nch] of lies." Dr. Greeson said he p[ar]ticularly objected to Mr. Mail[er's] "100 percent wrong" hints t[hat] Miss Monroe was romantic[ally] involved with President Kenn[edy] or his late brother, Sen. Robert F. Kennedy.

—SAMUEL JUSTIC[E]

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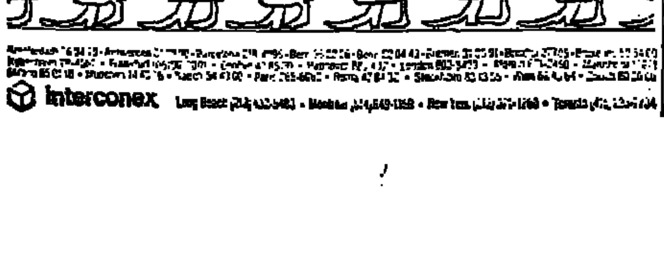
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